

ALEA: a library for reasoning on randomized algorithms in CoQ

Version 7

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1 Misc.v: Preliminaries

```

Require Export Arith.
Require Import Coq.Classes.SetoidTactics.
Require Import Coq.Classes.SetoidClass.
Require Import Coq.Classes.Morphisms.

Open Local Scope signature_scope.

Lemma beq_nat_neq:  $\forall x y : \text{nat}, x \neq y \rightarrow \text{false} = \text{beq\_nat } x \ y$ .
Lemma if_beq_nat_nat_eq_dec :  $\forall A (x y:\text{nat}) (a b:A),$ 
   $(\text{if beq\_nat } x \ y \text{ then } a \text{ else } b) = \text{if eq\_nat\_dec } x \ y \text{ then } a \text{ else } b$ .
Definition ifte A (test:bool) (thn els:A) := if test then thn else els.
Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (@ifte A)
  with signature (eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq) as ifte_morphism1.
Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) x : (@ifte A x)
  with signature (eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq) as ifte_morphism2.
Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) x y : (@ifte A x y)
  with signature (eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq) as ifte_morphism3.

```

1.1 Definition of iterator *compn*

compn f u n x is defined as $(f(u(n-1)) \dots (f(u(0))x))$

```
Fixpoint compn (A:Type)(f:A → A → A) (x:A) (u:nat → A) (n:nat) {struct n}: A :=
  match n with O ⇒ x | (S p) ⇒ f(u p) (compn f x u p) end.
```

Lemma *comp0* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A) (x:A) (u:\text{nat} \rightarrow A), \text{compn } f x u 0 = x.$

Lemma *compS* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A) (x:A) (u:\text{nat} \rightarrow A) (n:\text{nat}),$
 $\text{compn } f x u (S n) = f(u n) (\text{compn } f x u n).$

1.2 Reducing if constructs

```
Lemma if_then :  $\forall (P:\text{Prop}) (b:\{ P \} + \{ \neg P \})(A:\text{Type})(p q:A),$   

 $P \rightarrow (\text{if } b \text{ then } p \text{ else } q) = p.$ 
```

```
Lemma if_else :  $\forall (P:\text{Prop}) (b:\{ P \} + \{ \neg P \})(A:\text{Type})(p q:A),$   

 $\neg P \rightarrow (\text{if } b \text{ then } p \text{ else } q) = q.$ 
```

```
Lemma if_then_not :  $\forall (P Q:\text{Prop}) (b:\{ P \} + \{ \neg P \})(A:\text{Type})(p q:A),$   

 $\neg Q \rightarrow (\text{if } b \text{ then } p \text{ else } q) = p.$ 
```

```
Lemma if_else_not :  $\forall (P Q:\text{Prop}) (b:\{ P \} + \{ \neg P \})(A:\text{Type})(p q:A),$   

 $\neg P \rightarrow (\text{if } b \text{ then } p \text{ else } q) = q.$ 
```

1.3 Classical reasoning

```
Definition class (A:Prop) :=  $\neg \neg A \rightarrow A.$ 
```

```
Lemma class_neg :  $\forall A:\text{Prop}, \text{class } (\neg A).$ 
```

```
Lemma class_false :  $\text{class False}.$ 
```

```
Hint Resolve class_neg class_false.
```

```
Definition orc (A B:Prop) :=  $\forall C:\text{Prop}, \text{class } C \rightarrow (A \rightarrow C) \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C) \rightarrow C.$ 
```

```
Lemma orc_left :  $\forall A B:\text{Prop}, A \rightarrow \text{orc } A B.$ 
```

```
Lemma orc_right :  $\forall A B:\text{Prop}, B \rightarrow \text{orc } A B.$ 
```

```
Hint Resolve orc_left orc_right.
```

```
Lemma class_orc :  $\forall A B, \text{class } (\text{orc } A B).$ 
```

```
Implicit Arguments class_orc [].
```

```
Lemma orc_intro :  $\forall A B, (\neg A \rightarrow \neg B \rightarrow \text{False}) \rightarrow \text{orc } A B.$ 
```

```
Lemma class_and :  $\forall A B, \text{class } A \rightarrow \text{class } B \rightarrow \text{class } (A \wedge B).$ 
```

```
Lemma excluded_middle :  $\forall A, \text{orc } A (\neg A).$ 
```

```
Definition exc (A :Type)(P:A → Prop) :=  

 $\forall C:\text{Prop}, \text{class } C \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow C) \rightarrow C.$ 
```

```
Lemma exc_intro :  $\forall (A :\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (x:A), P x \rightarrow \text{exc } P.$ 
```

```
Lemma class_exc :  $\forall (A :\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}), \text{class } (\text{exc } P).$ 
```

```
Lemma exc_intro_class :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}), ((\forall x, \neg P x) \rightarrow \text{False}) \rightarrow \text{exc } P.$ 
```

```
Lemma not_and_elim_left :  $\forall A B, \neg(A \wedge B) \rightarrow A \rightarrow \neg B.$ 
```

```
Lemma not_and_elim_right :  $\forall A B, \neg(A \wedge B) \rightarrow B \rightarrow \neg A.$ 
```

```
Hint Resolve class_orc class_and class_exc excluded_middle.
```

```
Lemma class_double_neg :  $\forall P Q: \text{Prop}, \text{class } Q \rightarrow (P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow \neg \neg P \rightarrow Q.$ 
```

1.4 Extensional equality

```

Definition feq A B (f g : A → B) := ∀ x, f x = g x.
Lemma feq_refl : ∀ A B (f:A→B), feq f f.
Lemma feq_sym : ∀ A B (f g : A → B), feq f g → feq g f.
Lemma feq_trans : ∀ A B (f g h: A → B), feq f g → feq g h → feq f h.
Hint Resolve feq_refl.
Hint Immediate feq_sym.
Hint Unfold feq.

Add Parametric Relation (A B : Type) : (A → B) (feq (A:=A) (B:=B))
  reflexivity proved by (feq_refl (A:=A) (B:=B))
  symmetry proved by (feq_sym (A:=A) (B:=B))
  transitivity proved by (feq_trans (A:=A) (B:=B))
as feq_rel.
```

Computational version of elimination on CompSpec

```

Lemma CompSpec_rect : ∀ (A : Type) (eq lt : A → A → Prop) (x y : A)
  (P : comparison → Type),
  (eq x y → P Eq) →
  (lt x y → P Lt) →
  (lt y x → P Gt)
  → ∀ c : comparison, CompSpec eq lt x y c → P c.
```

Decidability Require Omega.

```

Lemma dec_sig_lt : ∀ P : nat → Prop, (∀ x, {P x}+{¬ P x})
  → ∀ n, {i | i < n ∧ P i}+{∀ i, i < n → ¬ P i}.
```

```

Lemma dec_exists_lt : ∀ P : nat → Prop, (∀ x, {P x}+{¬ P x})
  → ∀ n, {∃ i, i < n ∧ P i}+{¬ ∃ i, i < n ∧ P i}.
```

```
Definition eq_nat2_dec : ∀ p q : nat×nat, { p=q }+{¬ p=q }.
```

Defined.

2 Ccpo.v: Specification and properties of a cpo

```

Require Export Arith.
Require Export Omega.
Require Export Coq.Classes.SetoidTactics.
Require Export Coq.Classes.SetoidClass.
Require Export Coq.Classes.Morphisms.
Open Local Scope signature_scope.
```

2.1 Ordered type

```
Definition eq_rel {A} (E1 E2:relation A) := ∀ x y, E1 x y ↔ E2 x y.
```

```

Class Order {A} (E:relation A) (R:relation A) :=
  {reflexive :> Reflexive R;
   order_eq : ∀ x y, R x y ∧ R y x ↔ E x y;
   transitive :> Transitive R }.
```

```
Instance OrderEqRefl `{Order A E R} : Reflexive E.
```

Save.

```
Instance OrderEqSym `{Order A E R} : Symmetric E.
```

Save.

Instance *OrderEqTrans* ‘{*Order A E R*} : *Transitive E*.

Save.

Instance *OrderEquiv* ‘{*Order A E R*} : *Equivalence E*.

Opaque *OrderEquiv*.

Class *ord A* :=

{ *Oeq* : relation *A*;
 Ole : relation *A*;
 order_rel :> *Order Oeq Ole* }.

Lemma *OrdSetoid* ‘(*o:ord A*) : *Setoid A*.

Add Parametric Relation {*A*} {*o:ord A*} : *A* (@*Oeq - o*)

reflexivity proved by *OrderEqRefl*

symmetry proved by *OrderEqSym*

transitivity proved by *OrderEqTrans*

as *Oeq_setoid*.

Infix “ \leq ” := *Ole*.

Infix “ $=$ ” := *Oeq* : type_scope.

Definition *Oge* {*O*} {*o:ord O*} := fun (x y:*O*) \Rightarrow $y \leq x$.

Infix “ \geq ” := *Oge*.

Lemma *Ole_refl_eq* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y:O), x \equiv y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hint Immediate @*Ole_refl_eq*.

Lemma *Ole_refl_eq_inv* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y:O), x \equiv y \rightarrow y \leq x$.

Hint Immediate @*Ole_refl_eq_inv*.

Lemma *Ole_trans* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y z:O), x \leq y \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z$.

Lemma *Ole_refl* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x:O), x \leq x$.

Hint Resolve @*Ole_refl*.

Add Parametric Relation {*A*} {*o:ord A*} : *A* (@*Ole - o*)

reflexivity proved by *Ole_refl*

transitivity proved by *Ole_trans*

as *Ole_setoid*.

Lemma *Ole_antisym* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y:O), x \leq y \rightarrow y \leq x \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Hint Immediate @*Ole_antisym*.

Lemma *Oeq_refl* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x:O), x \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve @*Oeq_refl*.

Lemma *Oeq_refl_eq* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y:O), x = y \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Hint Resolve @*Oeq_refl_eq*.

Lemma *Oeq_sym* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y:O), x \equiv y \rightarrow y \equiv x$.

Lemma *Oeq_le* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y:O), x \equiv y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma *Oeq_le_sym* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y:O), x \equiv y \rightarrow y \leq x$.

Hint Resolve @*Oeq_le*.

Hint Immediate @*Oeq_sym* @*Oeq_le_sym*.

Lemma *Oeq_trans*

: $\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} (x y z:O), x \equiv y \rightarrow y \equiv z \rightarrow x \equiv z$.

Hint Resolve @*Oeq_trans*.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘(*o:ord A*): (*Ole* (*ord:=o*))

with signature (*Oeq (A:=A)* \Rightarrow *Oeq (A:=A)* \Rightarrow iff) as *Ole_eq_compat_iff*.

Save.

Equivalence of orders

Definition $\text{eq_ord } \{O\} (o1\ o2:\text{ord } O) := \text{eq_rel } (\text{Ole } (\text{ord}:=o1)) (\text{Ole } (\text{ord}:=o2)).$

Lemma $\text{eq_ord_equiv} : \forall \{O\} (o1\ o2:\text{ord } O), \text{eq_ord } o1\ o2 \rightarrow \text{eq_rel } (\text{Oeq } (\text{ord}:=o1)) (\text{Oeq } (\text{ord}:=o2)).$

Lemma $\text{Ole_eq_compat} :$

$$\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (x1\ x2 : O), \\ x1 \equiv x2 \rightarrow \forall x3\ x4 : O, x3 \equiv x4 \rightarrow x1 \leq x3 \rightarrow x2 \leq x4.$$

Lemma $\text{Ole_eq_right} : \forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (x\ y\ z: O), \\ x \leq y \rightarrow y \equiv z \rightarrow x \leq z.$

Lemma $\text{Ole_eq_left} : \forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (x\ y\ z: O), \\ x \equiv y \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z.$

Add Parametric Morphism ' $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Oeq } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Oeq} \Rightarrow \text{Oeq} \Rightarrow \text{iff}$ as $\text{Oeq_iff_morphism}.$

Qed.

Add Parametric Morphism ' $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Ole } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Oeq} \Rightarrow \text{Oeq} \Rightarrow \text{iff}$ as $\text{Ole_iff_morphism}.$

Qed.

Add Parametric Morphism ' $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Ole } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Ole} \rightarrow \text{Ole} \Rightarrow \text{Basics.impl}$ as $\text{Ole_impl_morphism}.$

Qed.

2.2 Definition and properties of $x < y$

Definition $\text{Olt } \{o:\text{ord } A\} (r1\ r2:A) : \text{Prop} := (r1 \leq r2) \wedge \neg (r1 \equiv r2).$

Infix " $<$ " := $\text{Olt}.$

Lemma $\text{Olt_eq_compat} \{o:\text{ord } A\} :$

$$\forall x1\ x2 : A, x1 \equiv x2 \rightarrow \forall x3\ x4 : A, x3 \equiv x4 \rightarrow x1 < x3 \rightarrow x2 < x4.$$

Add Parametric Morphism ' $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Olt } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Oeq} \Rightarrow \text{Oeq} \Rightarrow \text{iff}$ as $\text{Olt_iff_morphism}.$

Save.

Lemma $\text{Olt_neq} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y:A, x < y \rightarrow \neg x \equiv y.$

Lemma $\text{Olt_neq_rev} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y:A, x < y \rightarrow \neg y \equiv x.$

Lemma $\text{Olt_le} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y, x < y \rightarrow x \leq y.$

Lemma $\text{Olt_notle} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y, x < y \rightarrow \neg y \leq x.$

Lemma $\text{Olt_trans} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y\ z:A, x < y \rightarrow y < z \rightarrow x < z.$

Lemma $\text{Ole_diff_lt} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y : A, x \leq y \rightarrow \neg x \equiv y \rightarrow x < y.$

Hint Immediate @ Olt_neq @ Olt_neq_rev @ Olt_le @ $\text{Olt_notle}.$

Hint Resolve @ $\text{Ole_diff_lt}.$

Lemma $\text{Olt_antirefl} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x:A, \neg x < x.$

Lemma $\text{Ole_lt_trans} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y\ z:A, x \leq y \rightarrow y < z \rightarrow x < z.$

Lemma $\text{Olt_le_trans} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y\ z:A, x < y \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x < z.$

Hint Resolve @ $\text{Olt_antirefl}.$

Lemma $\text{Ole_not_lt} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y:A, x \leq y \rightarrow \neg y < x.$

Hint Resolve @ $\text{Ole_not_lt}.$

Add Parametric Morphism ' $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Olt } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Ole} \rightarrow \text{Ole} \Rightarrow \text{Basics.impl}$ as $\text{Olt_le_compat}.$

Qed.

2.2.1 Dual order

- $Iord\ x\ y = y \leq x$

Definition $Iord : \forall O \{o:ord\ O\}, ord\ O.$

Defined.

Implicit Arguments $Iord [[o]].$

2.2.2 Order on functions

Definition $fun_ext\ A\ B\ (R:relation\ B) : relation\ (A \rightarrow B) :=$
 $\quad \text{fun } f\ g \Rightarrow \forall x, R (f\ x) (g\ x).$

Implicit Arguments $fun_ext [B].$

- $ford\ f\ g := \forall x, f\ x \leq g\ x$

Instance $ford\ A\ O \{o:ord\ O\} : ord\ (A \rightarrow O) :=$
 $\{Oeq:=fun_ext\ A\ (Oeq\ (A:=O)); Ole:=fun_ext\ A\ (Ole\ (A:=O))\}.$

Defined.

Lemma $ford_le_elim : \forall A\ O\ (o:ord\ O)\ (f\ g:A \rightarrow O), f \leq g \rightarrow \forall n, f\ n \leq g\ n.$

Hint Immediate $ford_le_elim.$

Lemma $ford_le_intro : \forall A\ O\ (o:ord\ O)\ (f\ g:A \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f\ n \leq g\ n) \rightarrow f \leq g.$

Hint Resolve $ford_le_intro.$

Lemma $ford_eq_elim : \forall A\ O\ (o:ord\ O)\ (f\ g:A \rightarrow O), f \equiv g \rightarrow \forall n, f\ n \equiv g\ n.$

Hint Immediate $ford_eq_elim.$

Lemma $ford_eq_intro : \forall A\ O\ (o:ord\ O)\ (f\ g:A \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f\ n \equiv g\ n) \rightarrow f \equiv g.$

Hint Resolve $ford_eq_intro.$

2.3 Monotonicity

2.3.1 Definition and properties

Class $monotonic\ ‘{o1:ord\ Oa}\ ‘{o2:ord\ Ob}\ (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob) :=$
 $\quad monotonic_def : \forall x\ y, x \leq y \rightarrow f\ x \leq f\ y.$

Lemma $monotonic_intro : \forall ‘{o1:ord\ Oa}\ ‘{o2:ord\ Ob}\ (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob),$
 $(\forall x\ y, x \leq y \rightarrow f\ x \leq f\ y) \rightarrow monotonic\ f.$

Hint Resolve $@monotonic_intro.$

Add Parametric Morphism $‘{o1:ord\ Oa}\ ‘{o2:ord\ Ob}\ (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob) \{m:monotonic\ f\} : f$
with signature $(Ole\ (A:=Oa) \implies Ole\ (A:=Ob))$
as $monotonic_morphism.$

Save.

Class $stable\ ‘{o1:ord\ Oa}\ ‘{o2:ord\ Ob}\ (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob) :=$
 $\quad stable_def : \forall x\ y, x \equiv y \rightarrow f\ x \equiv f\ y.$

Hint Unfold $stable.$

Lemma $stable_intro : \forall ‘{o1:ord\ Oa}\ ‘{o2:ord\ Ob}\ (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob),$
 $(\forall x\ y, x \equiv y \rightarrow f\ x \equiv f\ y) \rightarrow stable\ f.$

Hint Resolve $@stable_intro.$

Add Parametric Morphism $‘{o1:ord\ Oa}\ ‘{o2:ord\ Ob}\ (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob) \{s:stable\ f\} : f$
with signature $(Oeq\ (A:=Oa) \implies Oeq\ (A:=Ob))$
as $stable_morphism.$

Save.

Typeclasses Opaque monotonic stable.

Instance monotonic_stable ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f : Oa → Ob) {m:monotonic f}
: stable f.

Save.

2.3.2 Type of monotonic functions

Record fmon ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob}:= mon
{fmont :> Oa → Ob;
fmonotonic: monotonic fmont}.

Implicit Arguments mon [[Oa] [o1] [Ob] [o2] [fmonotonic]].

Implicit Arguments fmon [[o1] [o2]].

Hint Resolve @fmonotonic.

Notation "Oa -m> Ob" := (fmon Oa Ob)
(right associativity, at level 30) : O_scope.

Notation "Oa -m> Ob" := (fmon Oa (o1:=Iord Oa) Ob)
(right associativity, at level 30) : O_scope.

Notation "Oa -m-> Ob" := (fmon Oa (o1:=Iord Oa) Ob (o2:=Iord Ob))
(right associativity, at level 30) : O_scope.

Notation "Oa -m-> Ob" := (fmon Oa Ob (o2:=Iord Ob))
(right associativity, at level 30) : O_scope.

Open Scope O_scope.

Lemma mon_simpl : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob){mf: monotonic f} x,
mon f x = f x.

Hint Resolve @mon_simpl.

Instance fstable ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> Ob) : stable f.

Save.

Hint Resolve @fstable.

Lemma fmon_le : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> Ob) x y,
x ≤ y → f x ≤ f y.

Hint Resolve @fmon_le.

Lemma fmon_eq : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> Ob) x y,
x ≡ y → f x ≡ f y.

Hint Resolve @fmon_eq.

Instance fmono Oa Ob {o1:ord Oa} {o2:ord Ob} : ord (Oa -m> Ob)
:= {Oeq := fun (f g : Oa-m> Ob)=> ∀ x, f x ≡ g x;
Ole := fun (f g : Oa-m> Ob)=> ∀ x, f x ≤ g x}.

Defined.

Lemma mon_le_compat : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f g:Oa → Ob)
{mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g}, f ≤ g → mon f ≤ mon g.

Hint Resolve @ mon_le_compat.

Lemma mon_eq_compat : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f g:Oa → Ob)
{mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g}, f ≡ g → mon f ≡ mon g.

Hint Resolve @ mon_eq_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob}
: (fmont (Oa:=Oa) (Ob:=Ob))
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as fmont_eq_morphism.

Qed.

2.3.3 Monotonicity and dual order

Lemma *Imonotonic* ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) {m:monotonic f}
: monotonic (o1:=Iord Oa) (o2:=Iord Ob) f.

Hint Extern 2 (@monotonic _ (Iord _) _ (Iord _) _) ⇒ apply @*Imonotonic*
: typeclass_instances.

Definition *imon* ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) {m:monotonic f}
: Oa -m→ Ob := mon (o1:=Iord Oa) (o2:=Iord Ob) f.

Lemma *imon_simpl* : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) {m:monotonic f} (x:Oa),
 $\text{imon } f \ x = f \ x$.

- *Iord* ($A \rightarrow U$) corresponds to $A \rightarrow \text{Iord } U$

Lemma *Iord_app* {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} (x: A) : ((A → Oa) -m→ Oa).

- *Imon f* uses f as monotonic function over the dual order.

Definition *Imon* : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob}, (Oa -m> Ob) → (Oa -m→ Ob).

Defined.

Lemma *imon_simpl* : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> Ob)(x:Oa),
 $\text{imon } f \ x = f \ x$.

2.3.4 Monotonicity and equality

Lemma *mon_fun_eq_monotonic*
: ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) (g:Oa -m> Ob),
 $f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{monotonic } f$.

Definition *mon_fun_subst* ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) (g:Oa -m> Ob) (H:f ≡ g)
: Oa -m> Ob := mon f (fmonotonic:= mon_fun_eq_monotonic _ _ H).

Lemma *mon_fun_eq*
: ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) (g:Oa -m> Ob)
(H:f ≡ g), g ≡ mon_fun_subst f g H.

2.3.5 Monotonic functions with 2 arguments

Class *monotonic2* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc) :=
monotonic2_intro : ∀ (x y:Oa) (z t:Ob), $x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow f \ x \ z \leq f \ y \ t$.

Instance *mon2_intro* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{m1:monotonic f} {m2: ∀ x, monotonic (f x)} : *monotonic2* f | 10.

Save.

Lemma *mon2_elim1* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{m:monotonic2 f} : *monotonic* f.

Lemma *mon2_elim2* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{m:monotonic2 f} : ∀ x, *monotonic* (f x).

Hint Immediate @*mon2_elim1* @*mon2_elim2*: typeclass_instances.

Definition *mon_comp* {A} ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob}
(f:A → Oa → Ob) {mf:∀ x, *monotonic* (f x)} : A → Oa -m> Ob
:= fun x ⇒ mon (f x).

Instance *mon_fun_mon* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{m:monotonic2 f} : *monotonic* (fun x ⇒ mon (f x)).

Save.

```

Class stable2 '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc) :=
  stable2_intro : ∀ (x y:Oa) (z:t:Ob), x≡y → z ≡ t → f x z ≡ f y t.

Instance monotonic2_stable2 '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc}
  (f:Oa → Ob → Oc) {m:monotonic2 f} : stable2 f.

Save.

Typeclasses Opaque monotonic2 stable2.

Definition mon2 '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
  {mf:monotonic2 f} : Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc := mon (fun x => mon (f x)).

Lemma mon2_simpl : ∀ '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
  {mf:monotonic2 f} x y, mon2 f x y = f x y.

Hint Resolve @mon2_simpl.

Lemma mon2_le_compat : ∀ '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc}
  (f g:Oa → Ob → Oc) {mf: monotonic2 f} {mg:monotonic2 g},
  f ≤ g → mon2 f ≤ mon2 g.

Definition fun2 '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob -m> Oc)
  : Oa → Ob → Oc := fun x => f x.

Instance fmon2_mon '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob -m> Oc) :
  ∀ x:Oa, monotonic (fun2 f x).

Save.

Instance fun2_monotonic '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc}
  (f:Oa → Ob -m> Oc) {mf:monotonic f} : monotonic (fun2 f).

Save.

Hint Resolve @fun2_monotonic.

Instance fmonotonic2 '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc)
  : monotonic2 (fun2 f).

Save.

Hint Resolve @fmonotonic2.

Definition mfun2 '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc)
  : Oa-m> (Ob → Oc) := mon (fun2 f).

Lemma mfun2_simpl : ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) x y,
  mfun2 f x y = f x y.

Instance mfun2_mon '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc}
  (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) x : monotonic (mfun2 f x).

Save.

Lemma mon2_fun2 : ∀ '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc}
  (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc), mon2 (fun2 f) ≡ f.

Lemma fun2_mon2 : ∀ '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc}
  (f:Oa → Ob → Oc) {mf:monotonic2 f} , fun2 (mon2 f) ≡ f.

Hint Resolve @mon2_fun2 @fun2_mon2.

Instance fstable2 '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc)
  : stable2 (fun2 f).

Save.

Hint Resolve @fstable2.

Definition Imon2 : ∀ '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc},
  (Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) → (Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc).

Defined.

Lemma Imon2_simpl : ∀ '{o1: ord Oa} '{o2: ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc}
  (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) (x:Oa) (y: Ob),
  Imon2 f x y = f x y.

```

Lemma *Imonotonic2* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
 $(f:Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc)\{mf : monotonic2 f\}$
 $: monotonic2 (o1:=Iord Oa) (o2:=Iord Ob) (o3:=Iord Oc) f.$

Hint Extern 2 (@monotonic2 _ (Iord _) _ (Iord _) _ (Iord _) _) \Rightarrow apply @Imonotonic2
 $: typeclass_instances.$

Definition *imon2* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
 $(f:Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc)\{mf : monotonic2 f\} : Oa -m> Ob -m\rightarrow Oc :=$
 $mon2 (o1:=Iord Oa) (o2:=Iord Ob) (o3:=Iord Oc) f.$

Lemma *imon2_simpl* : \forall ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
 $(f:Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc)\{mf : monotonic2 f\} (x:Oa) (y:Ob),$
 $imon2 f x y = f x y.$

2.3.6 Strict monotonicity

Lemma *inj.strict_mon* : \forall ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} $(f:Oa \rightarrow Ob)$ {mf:monotonic f},
 $(\forall x y, f x \equiv f y \rightarrow x \equiv y) \rightarrow \forall x y, x < y \rightarrow f x < f y.$

2.4 Sequences

2.4.1 Usual order on natural numbers

Instance *natO* : ord nat :=
 $\{ Oeq := \text{fun } n m : \text{nat} \Rightarrow n = m;$
 $Ole := \text{fun } n m : \text{nat} \Rightarrow (n \leq m)\%nat\}.$

Defined.

Lemma *le_Ole* : $\forall n m, ((n \leq m)\%nat) \rightarrow n \leq m.$
Hint Resolve *le_Ole*.

Lemma *nat_monotonic* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\}$
 $(f:\text{nat} \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f n \leq f (S n)) \rightarrow \text{monotonic } f.$

Hint Resolve @*nat_monotonic*.

Definition *fnatO_intro* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f n \leq f (S n)) \rightarrow \text{nat} -m> O.$
Defined.

Lemma *fnatO_elim* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} -m> O) (n:\text{nat}), f n \leq f (S n).$
Hint Resolve @*fnatO_elim*.

- (mseq_lift_left f n) k = f (n+k)

Definition *seq_lift_left* {O} (f:nat \rightarrow O) n := **fun** k \Rightarrow f (n+k)%nat.

Instance *mon_seq_lift_left*
 $: \forall n \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow O) \{m:\text{monotonic } f\}, \text{monotonic } (\text{seq_lift_left } f n).$
Save.

Definition *mseq_lift_left* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} -m> O) (n:\text{nat}), \text{nat} -m> O.$
Defined.

Lemma *mseq_lift_left_simpl* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} -m> O) (n k:\text{nat}),$
 $mseq_lift_left f n k = f (n+k)\%nat.$

Lemma *mseq_lift_left_le_compat* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f g:\text{nat} -m> O) (n:\text{nat}),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \text{mseq_lift_left } f n \leq \text{mseq_lift_left } g n.$

Hint Resolve @*mseq_lift_left_le_compat*.

Add *Parametric Morphism* {O} {o:ord O} : (@*mseq_lift_left* _ o)
with signature *Oeq* \Rightarrow *eq* \Rightarrow *Oeq*
as *mseq_lift_left_eq_compat*.

```

Save.
Hint Resolve @mseq_lift_left_eq_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O}: (@seq_lift_left O)
  with signature Oeq ==> eq ==> Oeq
  as seq_lift_left_eq_compat.

Save.
Hint Resolve @seq_lift_left_eq_compat.

• (mseq_lift_right f n) k = f (k+n)

Definition seq_lift_right {O} (f:nat → O) n := fun k ⇒ f (k+n)%nat.

Instance mon_seq_lift_right
  : ∀ n {O} {o:ord O} (f:nat → O) {m:monotonic f}, monotonic (seq_lift_right f n).

Save.

Definition mseq_lift_right : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (f:nat -m> O) (n:nat), nat -m> O.
Defined.

Lemma mseq_lift_right_simpl : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (f:nat -m> O) (n k:nat),
  mseq_lift_right f n k = f (k+n)%nat.

Lemma mseq_lift_right_le_compat : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (f g:nat -m> O) (n:nat),
  f ≤ g → mseq_lift_right f n ≤ mseq_lift_right g n.

Hint Resolve @mseq_lift_right_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} : (mseq_lift_right (o:=o))
  with signature Oeq ==> eq ==> Oeq
  as mseq_lift_right_eq_compat.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O}: (@seq_lift_right O)
  with signature Oeq ==> eq ==> Oeq
  as seq_lift_right_eq_compat.

Save.

Hint Resolve @seq_lift_right_eq_compat.

Lemma mseq_lift_right_left : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (f:nat -m> O) n,
  mseq_lift_left f n ≡ mseq_lift_right f n.

```

2.4.2 Monotonicity and functions

```

• (shift f x) n = f n x

Instance shift_mon_fun {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> (A → Ob)) :
  ∀ x:A, monotonic (fun (y:Oa) ⇒ f y x).

Save.

Definition shift {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> (A → Ob)) : A → Oa -m> Ob
  := fun x ⇒ (mon (fun y ⇒ f y x)).

Infix "<o>" := shift (at level 30, no associativity) : O_scope.

Lemma shift_simpl : ∀ {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> (A → Ob)) x y,
  (f <o> x) y = f y x.

Lemma shift_le_compat : ∀ {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f g:Oa -m> (A → Ob)),
  f ≤ g → shift f ≤ shift g.

Hint Resolve @shift_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob}
  : (shift (A:=A) (Oa:=Oa) (Ob:=Ob)) with signature Oeq ==> eq ==> Oeq
  as shift_eq_compat.

```

Save.

Instance $\text{ishift_mon } \{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:A \rightarrow (Oa \multimap Ob)) :$
 $\text{monotonic } (\text{fun } (y:Oa) (x:A) \Rightarrow f x y).$

Save.

Definition $\text{ishift } \{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:A \rightarrow (Oa \multimap Ob)) : Oa \multimap (A \rightarrow Ob)$
 $:= \text{mon } (\text{fun } (y:Oa) (x:A) \Rightarrow f x y) (\text{fmonotonic} := \text{ishift_mon } f).$

Lemma $\text{ishift_simpl} : \forall \{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:A \rightarrow (Oa \multimap Ob)) x y,$
 $\text{ishift } f x y = f y x.$

Lemma $\text{ishift_le_compat} : \forall \{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f g:A \rightarrow (Oa \multimap Ob)),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \text{ishift } f \leq \text{ishift } g.$

Hint Resolve @ ishift_le_compat .

Add Parametric Morphism $\{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\}$
 $: (\text{ishift } (A:=A) (Oa:=Oa) (Ob:=Ob)) \text{ with signature } Oeq \Rightarrow eq \Rightarrow Oeq$
as ishift_eq_compat .

Save.

Instance $\text{shift_fun_mon } \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Oa \multimap (Ob \rightarrow Oc))$
 $\{m:\forall x, \text{monotonic } (f x)\} : \text{monotonic } (\text{shift } f).$

Save.

Instance $\text{shift_mon2 } \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc)$
 $: \text{monotonic2 } (\text{fun } x y \Rightarrow f y x).$

Save.

Hint Resolve @ shift_mon_fun @ shift_fun_mon @ shift_mon2 .

Definition $\text{mshift } \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc)$
 $: Ob \multimap Oa \multimap Oc := \text{mon2 } (\text{fun } x y \Rightarrow f y x).$

- $\text{id } c = c$

Definition $\text{id } O \{o:\text{ord } O\} : O \rightarrow O := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow x.$

Instance $\text{mon_id} : \forall \{O:\text{Type}\} \{o:\text{ord } O\}, \text{monotonic } (\text{id } O).$

Save.

- $(\text{cte } c) n = c$

Definition $\text{cte } A \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} (c:Oa) : A \rightarrow Oa := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow c.$

Instance $\text{mon_cte} : \forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (c:Ob), \text{monotonic } (\text{cte } Oa c).$

Save.

Definition $\text{mseq_cte } \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (c:O) : nat \multimap O := \text{mon } (\text{cte } nat c).$

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} : (@\text{cte } Oa Ob -)$
 $\text{with signature } Ole \Rightarrow Ole \text{ as } \text{cte_le_compat}.$

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} : (@\text{cte } Oa Ob -)$
 $\text{with signature } Oeq \Rightarrow Oeq \text{ as } \text{cte_eq_compat}.$

Save.

Instance $\text{mon_diag } \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:Oa \multimap (Oa \multimap Ob))$
 $: \text{monotonic } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x x).$

Save.

Hint Resolve @ mon_diag .

Definition $\text{diag } \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:Oa \multimap (Oa \multimap Ob)) : Oa \multimap Ob$
 $:= \text{mon } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x x).$

Lemma *fmon_diag_simpl* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:Oa \multimap (Oa \multimap Ob)) (x:Oa),$
 $\text{diag } f = f$

Lemma *diag_le_compat* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f g:Oa \multimap (Oa \multimap Ob)),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \text{diag } f \leq \text{diag } g.$

Hint Resolve @*diag_le_compat*.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} : (\text{diag } (Oa:=Oa) (Ob:=Ob))$
with signature *Oeq* $\Rightarrow\!\! \Rightarrow$ *Oeq* as *diag_eq_compat*.

Save.

Lemma *diag_shift* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f: Oa \multimap Oa \multimap Ob),$
 $\text{diag } f \equiv \text{diag } (\text{mshift } f).$

Hint Resolve @*diag_shift*.

Lemma *mshift_simpl* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\}$
 $(h:Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc) (x: Ob) (y:Oa), \text{mshift } h x y = h y x.$

Lemma *mshift_le_compat* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\}$
 $(f g:Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc), f \leq g \rightarrow \text{mshift } f \leq \text{mshift } g.$

Hint Resolve @*mshift_le_compat*.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} : (@\text{mshift } Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc)$
with signature *Oeq* $\Rightarrow\!\! \Rightarrow$ *Oeq* as *mshift_eq_compat*.

Save.

Lemma *mshift2_eq* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (h: Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc),$
 $\text{mshift } (\text{mshift } h) \equiv h.$

- $(f@g) x = f(g x)$

Instance *monotonic_comp* $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\}$
 $(f:Ob \rightarrow Oc)\{mf: \text{monotonic } f\} (g:Oa \rightarrow Ob)\{mg: \text{monotonic } g\} : \text{monotonic } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f(g x)).$

Save.

Hint Resolve @*monotonic_comp*.

Instance *monotonic_comp_mon* $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\}$
 $(f:Ob \multimap Oc)(g:Oa \multimap Ob) : \text{monotonic } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f(g x)).$

Save.

Hint Resolve @*monotonic_comp_mon*.

Definition *comp* $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Ob \multimap Oc) (g:Oa \multimap Ob)$
 $: Oa \multimap Oc := \text{mon } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f(g x)).$

Infix "@" := *comp* (at level 35) : *O_scope*.

Lemma *comp_simpl* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\}$
 $(f:Ob \multimap Oc) (g:Oa \multimap Ob) (x:Oa), (f@g) x = f(g x).$

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} : (@\text{comp } Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc)$
with signature *Ole* $\multimap\multimap$ *Ole* $\multimap\multimap$ *Ole*
as *comp_le_compat*.

Save.

Hint Immediate @*comp_le_compat*.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} : (@\text{comp } Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc)$
with signature *Oeq* $\Rightarrow\!\! \Rightarrow$ *Oeq* $\Rightarrow\!\! \Rightarrow$ *Oeq*
as *comp_eq_compat*.

Save.

Hint Immediate @*comp_eq_compat*.

- $(f@2 g) h x = f(g x) (h x)$

```

Instance mon_app2 '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}
  (f:Ob → Oc → Od) (g:Oa → Ob) (h:Oa → Oc)
  {mf:monotonic2 f}{mg:monotonic g} {mh:monotonic h}
  : monotonic (fun x ⇒ f (g x) (h x)).

```

Save.

```

Instance mon_app2_mon '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}
  (f:Ob -m> Oc -m> Od) (g:Oa -m> Ob) (h:Oa -m> Oc)
  : monotonic (fun x ⇒ f (g x) (h x)).

```

Save.

```

Definition app2 '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}
  (f:Ob -m> Oc -m> Od) (g:Oa -m> Ob) (h:Oa -m> Oc) : Oa -m> Od
  := mon (fun x ⇒ f (g x) (h x)).

```

Infix "@2" := app2 (at level 70) : O_scope.

```

Add Parametric Morphism '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}:
  (@app2 Oa _ Ob _ Oc _ Od _)
  with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole
  as app2_le_compat.

```

Save.

Hint Immediate @app2_le_compat.

```

Add Parametric Morphism '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}:
  (@app2 Oa _ Ob _ Oc _ Od _)
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
  as app2_eq_compat.

```

Save.

Hint Immediate @app2_eq_compat.

Lemma app2_simpl :

$$\forall \{o1:ord Oa\} \{o2:ord Ob\} \{o3:ord Oc\} \{o4:ord Od\} \\ (f:Ob -m> Oc -m> Od) (g:Oa -m> Ob) (h:Oa -m> Oc) (x:Oa), \\ (f@2 g) h x = f (g x) (h x).$$

Lemma comp_monotonic_right :

$$\forall \{o1:ord Oa\} \{o2:ord Ob\} \{o3:ord Oc\} (f: Ob -m> Oc) (g1 g2:Oa -m> Ob), \\ g1 \leq g2 \rightarrow f @ g1 \leq f @ g2.$$

Hint Resolve @comp_monotonic_right.

Lemma comp_monotonic_left :

$$\forall \{o1:ord Oa\} \{o2:ord Ob\} \{o3:ord Oc\} (f1 f2: Ob -m> Oc) (g:Oa -m> Ob), \\ f1 \leq f2 \rightarrow f1 @ g \leq f2 @ g.$$

Hint Resolve @comp_monotonic_left.

```

Instance comp_monotonic2 : \forall \{o1:ord Oa\} \{o2:ord Ob\} \{o3:ord Oc\},
  monotonic2 (@comp Oa _ Ob _ Oc _).

```

Save.

Hint Resolve @comp_monotonic2.

```

Definition fcomp '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} :
  (Ob -m> Oc) -m> (Oa -m> Ob) -m> (Oa -m> Oc) := mon2 (@comp Oa _ Ob _ Oc _).

```

Implicit Arguments fcomp [[o1] [o2] [o3]].

```

Lemma fcomp_simpl : \forall \{o1:ord Oa\} \{o2:ord Ob\} \{o3:ord Oc\}
  (f:Ob -m> Oc) (g:Oa -m> Ob), fcomp _ _ _ f g = f@g.

```

```

Definition fcomp2 '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od} :
  (Oc -m> Od) -m> (Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) -m> (Oa -m> Ob -m> Od) :== \\
  (fcomp Oa (Ob -m> Oc) (Ob -m> Od)) @ (fcomp Ob Oc Od).

```

Implicit Arguments fcomp2 [[o1] [o2] [o3] [o4]].

```

Lemma fcomp2_simpl : ∀ {o1:ord Oa} {o2:ord Ob} {o3:ord Oc} {o4:ord Od}
  (f:Oc -m> Od) (g:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) (x:Oa)(y:Ob), fcomp2 _ _ _ _ f g x y = f (g x y).

Lemma fmon_le_compat2 : ∀ {o1:ord Oa} {o2:ord Ob} {o3:ord Oc}
  (f: Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) (x y:Oa) (z t:Ob), x ≤ y → z ≤ t → f x z ≤ f y t.

Hint Resolve fmon_le_compat2.

Lemma fmon_cte_comp : ∀ {o1:ord Oa} {o2:ord Ob} {o3:ord Oc}
  (c:Oc)(f:Oa -m> Ob), (mon (cte Ob c)) @ f ≡ mon (cte Oa c).

```

2.5 Abstract relational notion of lubs

```

Record islub O (o:ord O) I (f:I → O) (x:O) : Prop := mk_islub
  { le_islub : ∀ i, f i ≤ x;
    islub_le : ∀ y, (∀ i, f i ≤ y) → x ≤ y}.

```

Implicit Arguments islub [O o I].

Implicit Arguments le_islub [O o I f x].

Implicit Arguments islub_le [O o I f x].

```

Definition isglb O (o:ord O) I (f:I → O) (x:O) : Prop
  := islub (o:=Iord O) f x.

```

Implicit Arguments isglb [O o I].

```

Lemma le_isglb O (o:ord O) I (f:I → O) (x:O) :
  isglb f x → ∀ i, x ≤ f i.

```

```

Lemma isglb_le O (o:ord O) I (f:I → O) (x:O) :
  isglb f x → ∀ y, (∀ i, y ≤ f i) → y ≤ x.

```

Implicit Arguments le_isglb [O o I f x].

Implicit Arguments isglb_le [O o I f x].

```

Lemma mk_isglb O (o:ord O) I (f:I → O) (x:O) :
  (∀ i, x ≤ f i) → (∀ y, (∀ i, y ≤ f i) → y ≤ x)
  → isglb f x.

```

```

Lemma islub_eq_compat O (o:ord O) I (f g:I → O) (x y:O):
  f ≡ g → x ≡ y → islub f x → islub g y.

```

```

Lemma isglb_eq_compat O (o:ord O) I (f g:I → O) (x y:O):
  f ≡ g → x ≡ y → isglb f x → isglb g y.

```

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} I : (@islub _ o I)
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> iff

as islub_morphism.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} I : (@isglb _ o I)
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> iff
as isglb_morphism.

Save.

2.6 Basic operators of omega-cpos

- Constant : 0
- lub : limit of monotonic sequences

2.6.1 Definition of cpos

```

Class cpo '{o:ord D} : Type := mk_cpo
  {D0 : D; lub: ∀ (f:nat -m> D), D;

```

```

Dbot : ∀ x:D, D0 ≤ x;
le_lub : ∀ (f : nat -m> D) (n:nat), f n ≤ lub f;
lub_le : ∀ (f : nat -m> D) (x:D), (forall n, f n ≤ x) → lub f ≤ x}.

```

Implicit Arguments cpo [[o]].

Notation "0" := D0 : O_scope.

Hint Resolve @Dbot @le_lub @lub_le.

```

Definition mon_ord_equiv : ∀ {o:ord D1} {o1:ord D2} {o2:ord D2},
eq_ord o1 o2 → fmon D1 D2 (o2:=o2) → fmon D1 D2 (o2:=o1).

```

Defined.

```

Lemma mon_ord_equiv_simpl : ∀ {o:ord D1} {o1:ord D2} {o2:ord D2}
(H: eq_ord o1 o2) (f:fmon D1 D2 (o2:=o2)) (x:D1),
mon_ord_equiv H f x = f x.

```

```

Definition cpo_ord_equiv '{o1:ord D} {o2:ord D}
: eq_ord o1 o2 → cpo (o:=o1) D → cpo (o:=o2) D.

```

Defined.

2.6.2 Least upper bounds

```

Add Parametric Morphism '{c:cpo D} : (lub (cpo:=c))
with signature Ole ++> Ole as lub_le_compat.

```

Save.

Hint Resolve @lub_le_compat.

```

Add Parametric Morphism '{c:cpo D}: (lub (cpo:=c))
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq as lub_eq_compat.

```

Save.

Hint Resolve @lub_eq_compat.

Notation "'mlub' f" := (lub (mon f)) (at level 60) : O_scope .

```

Lemma mlub_le_compat : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g:nat → D) {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g},
f ≤ g → mlub f ≤ mlub g.

```

Hint Resolve @mlub_le_compat.

```

Lemma mlub_eq_compat : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g:nat → D) {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g},
f ≡ g → mlub f ≡ mlub g.

```

Hint Resolve @mlub_eq_compat.

Lemma le_mlub : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat → D) {m:monotonic f} (n:nat), f n ≤ mlub f.

```

Lemma mlub_le : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat → D) {m:monotonic f} (x:D), (forall n, f n ≤ x) → mlub f ≤ x.

```

Hint Resolve @le_mlub @mlub_le.

Instance lub_mon '{c:cpo D} : monotonic lub.

Save.

Definition Lub '{c:cpo D} : (nat -m> D) -m> D := mon lub.

```

Instance monotonic_lub_comp {O} {o:ord O} '{c:cpo D} (f:O → nat → D) {mf:monotonic2 f}:
monotonic (fun x => mlub (f x)).

```

Save.

Lemma lub_cte : ∀ {c:cpo D} (d:D), mlub (cte nat d) ≡ d.

Hint Resolve @lub_cte.

```

Lemma mlub_lift_right : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) n,
lub f ≡ mlub (seq_lift_right f n).

```

Hint Resolve @mlub_lift_right.

Lemma mlub_lift_left : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) n,

```

lub f ≡ mlub (seq_lift_left f n).
Hint Resolve @mlub_lift_left.

Lemma lub_lift_right : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) n,
  lub f ≡ lub (mseq_lift_right f n).

Hint Resolve @lub_lift_right.

Lemma lub_lift_left : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) n,
  lub f ≡ lub (mseq_lift_left f n).

Hint Resolve @lub_lift_left.

Lemma lub_le_lift : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g:nat -m> D)
  (n:nat), (∀ k, n ≤ k → f k ≤ g k) → lub f ≤ lub g.

Lemma lub_eq_lift : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g:nat -m> D) {m:monotonic f} {m':monotonic g}
  (n:nat), (∀ k, n ≤ k → f k ≡ g k) → lub f ≡ lub g.

Lemma lub_seq_eq : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat → D) (g: nat-m> D) (H:f ≡ g),
  lub g ≡ lub (mon_fun_subst f g H).

Lemma lub_Olt : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) (k:D),
  k < lub f → ¬ (∀ n, f n ≤ k).

```

- (lub_fun h) x = lub_n (h n x)

```

Definition lub_fun {A} {c:cpo D} (h : nat -m> (A → D)) : A → D
  := fun x ⇒ mlub (h <o> x).

```

```

Instance lub_shift_mon {O} {o:ord O} {c:cpo D} (h : nat -m> (O -m> D))
  : monotonic (fun (x:O) ⇒ lub (mshift h x)).

```

Save.

```
Hint Resolve @lub_shift_mon.
```

2.6.3 Functional cpos

```

Instance fcpo {A: Type} {c:cpo D} : cpo (A → D) :=
{D0 := fun x:A ⇒ (0:D);
 lub := fun f ⇒ lub_fun f}.

```

Defined.

```

Lemma fcpo_lub_simpl : ∀ {A} {c:cpo D} (h:nat -m> (A → D))(x:A),
  (lub h) x = lub (h <o> x).

```

```

Lemma lub_ishift : ∀ {A} {c:cpo D} (h:A → (nat -m> D)),
  lub (ishift h) ≡ fun x ⇒ lub (h x).

```

2.7 Cpo of monotonic functions

```

Instance fmon_cpo {O} {o:ord O} {c:cpo D} : cpo (O -m> D) :=
{ D0 := mon (cte O (0:D));
 lub := fun h:nat -m> (O -m> D) ⇒ mon (fun (x:O) ⇒ lub (cpo:=c) (mshift h x))}.

```

Defined.

```

Lemma fmon_lub_simpl : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} {c:cpo D}
  (h:nat -m> (O -m> D))(x:O), (lub h) x = lub (mshift h x).

```

```
Hint Resolve @fmon_lub_simpl.
```

```

Instance mon_fun_lub : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} {c:cpo D}
  (h:nat -m> (O → D)) {mh:∀ n, monotonic (h n)}, monotonic (lub h).

```

Save.

Link between lubs on ordinary functions and monotonic functions

Lemma *lub_mon_fcpo* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (h:\text{nat } \text{-m}> (O \text{-m}> D)),$
 $\text{lub } h \equiv \text{mon } (\text{lub } (\text{mfun2 } h)).$

Lemma *lub_fcpo_mon* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (h:\text{nat } \text{-m}> (O \rightarrow D))$
 $\{mh:\forall x, \text{monotonic } (h x)\}, \text{lub } h \equiv \text{lub } (\text{mon2 } h).$

Lemma *double_lub_diag* : $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (h : \text{nat } \text{-m}> \text{nat } \text{-m}> D),$
 $\text{lub } (\text{lub } h) \equiv \text{lub } (\text{diag } h).$

Hint Resolve @*double_lub_diag*.

Lemma *double_lub_shift* : $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (h : \text{nat } \text{-m}> \text{nat } \text{-m}> D),$
 $\text{lub } (\text{lub } h) \equiv \text{lub } (\text{lub } (\text{mshift } h)).$

Hint Resolve @*double_lub_shift*.

2.8 Continuity

Lemma *lub_comp_le* :
 $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{f:D1 \text{-m}> D2\} (h : \text{nat } \text{-m}> D1),$
 $\text{lub } (f @ h) \leq f (\text{lub } h).$

Hint Resolve @*lub_comp_le*.

Lemma *lub_app2_le* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F:D1 \text{-m}> D2 \text{-m}> D3) (f : \text{nat } \text{-m}> D1) (g : \text{nat } \text{-m}> D2),$
 $\text{lub } ((F @^2 f) g) \leq F (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g).$

Hint Resolve @*lub_app2_le*.

Class *continuous* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} (*f:D1 -m> D2*) :=
cont_intro : $\forall (h : \text{nat } \text{-m}> D1), f (\text{lub } h) \leq \text{lub } (f @ h).$

Typeclasses *Opaque continuous*.

Lemma *continuous_eq_compat* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f g:D1 \text{-m}> D2),$
 $f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{continuous } f \rightarrow \text{continuous } g.$

Add *Parametric Morphism* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} : (@*continuous D1 _ _ D2 _ _*)
with signature *Oeq* ==> iff

as *continuous_eq_compat_iff*.

Save.

Lemma *lub_comp_eq* :
 $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f:D1 \text{-m}> D2) (h : \text{nat } \text{-m}> D1),$
 $\text{continuous } f \rightarrow f (\text{lub } h) \equiv \text{lub } (f @ h).$

Hint Resolve @*lub_comp_eq*.

- *mon0 x == 0*

Instance *cont0* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} : *continuous* (*mon (cte D1 (0:D2))*).

Save.

Implicit Arguments *cont0* [].

- *double_app f g n m = f m (g n)*

Definition *double_app* ‘{*o1:ord Oa*} ‘{*o2:ord Ob*} ‘{*o3:ord Oc*} ‘{*o4: ord Od*}
(*f:Oa -m> Oc -m> Od*) (*g:Ob -m> Oc*)
: *Ob -m> (Oa -m> Od)* := *mon ((mshift f) @ g)*.

2.8.1 Continuity

Class *continuous2* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} ‘{*c3:cpo D3*} (*F:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3*) :=
continuous2_intro : $\forall (f : \text{nat } \text{-m}> D1) (g : \text{nat } \text{-m}> D2),$

$$F (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g) \leq \text{lub } ((F @^2 f) g).$$

Lemma *continuous2_app* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) \{cF:\text{continuous2 } F\} (k:D1), \text{continuous } (F k).$

Type classes *Opaque continuous2*.

Lemma *continuous2_eq_compat* :

$$\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} (f g : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3),$$
 $f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{continuous2 } f \rightarrow \text{continuous2 } g.$

Lemma *continuous2_continuous* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3), \text{continuous2 } F \rightarrow \text{continuous } F.$

Hint Immediate @*continuous2_continuous*.

Lemma *continuous2_left* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (h:\text{nat} \rightarrow D1) (x:D2),$
 $\text{continuous } F \rightarrow F (\text{lub } h) x \leq \text{lub } (\text{mshift } (F @ h) x).$

Lemma *continuous2_right* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (x:D1) (h:\text{nat} \rightarrow D2),$
 $\text{continuous2 } F \rightarrow F x (\text{lub } h) \leq \text{lub } (F x @ h).$

Lemma *continuous_continuous2* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (cFr:\forall k:D1, \text{continuous } (F k)) (cF:\text{continuous } F),$
 $\text{continuous2 } F.$

Hint Resolve @*continuous2_app* @*continuous2_continuous* @*continuous_continuous2*.

Lemma *lub_app2_eq* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) \{cFr:\forall k:D1, \text{continuous } (F k)\} \{cF:\text{continuous } F\},$
 $\forall (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow D1) (g:\text{nat} \rightarrow D2),$
 $F (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g) \equiv \text{lub } ((F @^2 f) g).$

Lemma *lub_cont2_app2_eq* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) \{cF:\text{continuous2 } F\},$
 $\forall (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow D1) (g:\text{nat} \rightarrow D2),$
 $F (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g) \equiv \text{lub } ((F @^2 f) g).$

Lemma *mshift_continuous2* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3), \text{continuous2 } F \rightarrow \text{continuous2 } (\text{mshift } F).$

Hint Resolve @*mshift_continuous2*.

Lemma *monotonic_sym* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } D1\} \{o2:\text{ord } D2\} (F : D1 \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $(\forall x y, F x y \equiv F y x) \rightarrow (\forall k:D1, \text{monotonic } (F k)) \rightarrow \text{monotonic } F.$

Hint Immediate @*monotonic_sym*.

Lemma *monotonic2_sym* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } D1\} \{o2:\text{ord } D2\} (F : D1 \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $(\forall x y, F x y \equiv F y x) \rightarrow (\forall k:D1, \text{monotonic } (F k)) \rightarrow \text{monotonic2 } F.$

Hint Immediate @*monotonic2_sym*.

Lemma *continuous_sym* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (F : D1 \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $(\forall x y, F x y \equiv F y x) \rightarrow (\forall k:D1, \text{continuous } (F k)) \rightarrow \text{continuous } F.$

Lemma *continuous2_sym* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (F : D1 \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $(\forall x y, F x y \equiv F y x) \rightarrow (\forall k, \text{continuous } (F k)) \rightarrow \text{continuous2 } F.$

Hint Resolve @*continuous2_sym*.

- continuity is preserved by composition

Lemma *continuous_comp* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(f:D2 \rightarrow D3)(g:D1 \rightarrow D2), \text{continuous } f \rightarrow \text{continuous } g \rightarrow \text{continuous } (\text{mon } (f @ g)).$

Hint Resolve @*continuous_comp*.

Lemma *continuous2_comp* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} \{c4:\text{cpo } D4\}$

```

(f:D1 -m> D2)(g:D2 -m> D3 -m> D4),
continuous f → continuous2 g → continuous2 (g @ f).
Hint Resolve @continuous2_comp.

Lemma continuous2_comp2 : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} {c2:cpo D2} {c3:cpo D3} {c4:cpo D4}
  (f:D3 -m> D4)(g:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3),
  continuous f → continuous2 g → continuous2 (fcomp2 D1 D2 D3 D4 f g).

Hint Resolve @continuous2_comp2.

Lemma continuous2_app2 : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} {c2:cpo D2} {c3:cpo D3} {c4:cpo D4}
  (F : D1 -m> D2 -m> D3) (f:D4 -m> D1)(g:D4 -m> D2), continuous2 F →
  continuous f → continuous g → continuous ((F @2 f) g).

Hint Resolve @continuous2_app2.

```

2.9 Cpo of continuous functions

```

Instance lub_continuous '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2}
  (f:nat -m> (D1 -m> D2)) {cf:∀ n, continuous (f n)}
  : continuous (lub f).

```

Save.

```

Record fcont '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2}: Type
  := cont {fcontm :> D1 -m> D2; fcontinuous : continuous fcontm}.

```

Hint Resolve @fcontinuous.

Implicit Arguments fcont [[o][c1] [o0][c2]].

Implicit Arguments cont [[D1][o][c1] [D2][o0][c2] [fcontinuous]].

Infix "-c>" := fcont (at level 30, right associativity) : O_scope.

Definition fcont_fun '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} (f:D1 -c> D2) : D1 → D2 := fun x ⇒ f x.

```

Instance fcont_ord '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} : ord (D1 -c> D2)
  := {Oeq := fun f g ⇒ ∀ x, f x ≡ g x; Ole := fun f g ⇒ ∀ x, f x ≤ g x}.

```

Defined.

```

Lemma fcont_le_intro : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} (f g : D1 -c> D2),
  (∀ x, f x ≤ g x) → f ≤ g.

```

```

Lemma fcont_le_elim : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} (f g : D1 -c> D2),
  f ≤ g → ∀ x, f x ≤ g x.

```

```

Lemma fcont_eq_intro : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} (f g : D1 -c> D2),
  (∀ x, f x ≡ g x) → f ≡ g.

```

```

Lemma fcont_eq_elim : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} (f g : D1 -c> D2),
  f ≡ g → ∀ x, f x ≡ g x.

```

```

Lemma fcont_le : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} (f : D1 -c> D2) (x y : D1),
  x ≤ y → f x ≤ f y.

```

Hint Resolve @fcont_le.

```

Lemma fcont_eq : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} (f : D1 -c> D2) (x y : D1),
  x ≡ y → f x ≡ f y.

```

Hint Resolve @fcont_eq.

Definition fcont0 D1 '{c1:cpo D1} D2 '{c2:cpo D2} : D1 -c> D2 := cont (mon (cte D1 (0:D2))).

```

Instance fcontm_monotonic : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2},
  monotonic (fcontm (D1:=D1) (D2:=D2)).

```

Save.

```

Definition Fcontm D1 '{c1:cpo D1} D2 '{c2:cpo D2} : (D1 -c> D2) -m> (D1 -m> D2) :=
  mon (fcontm (D1:=D1) (D2:=D2)).

```

Instance fcont_lub_continuous :

$\forall \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (f:nat -m> (D1 -c> D2)),$
 $continuous (lub (D:=D1 -m> D2) (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f)).$

Save.

Definition $fcont_lub \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} : (nat -m> (D1 -c> D2)) \rightarrow D1 -c> D2 :=$
 $fun f \Rightarrow cont (lub (D:=D1 -m> D2) (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f)).$

Instance $fcont_cpo \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} : cpo (D1 -c> D2) :=$
 $\{D0:=fcont0 D1 D2; lub:=fcont_lub (D1:=D1) (D2:=D2)\}.$

Defined.

Definition $fcont_app \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (f: O -m> D1 -c> D2) (x:D1) : O -m> D2$
 $:= mshift (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f) x.$

Infix " $<->$ " := $fcont_app$ (at level 70) : O_scope .

Lemma $fcont_app_simpl : \forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (f: O -m> D1 -c> D2) (x:D1) (y:O),$
 $(f <-> x) y = f y x.$

Instance $ishift_continuous :$

$\forall \{A:\text{Type}\} \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (f: A \rightarrow (D1 -c> D2)),$
 $continuous (ishift f).$

Qed.

Definition $fcont_ishift \{A:\text{Type}\} \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (f: A \rightarrow (D1 -c> D2))$
 $: D1 -c> (A \rightarrow D2) := cont_ (fcontinuous:=ishift_continuous f).$

Instance $mshift_continuous : \forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (f: O -m> (D1 -c> D2)),$
 $continuous (mshift (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f)).$

Save.

Definition $fcont_mshift \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (f: O -m> (D1 -c> D2))$
 $: D1 -c> O -m> D2 := cont (mshift (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f)).$

Lemma $fcont_app_continuous :$

$\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (f: O -m> D1 -c> D2) (h:nat -m> D1),$
 $f <-> (lub h) \leq lub (D:=O -m> D2) ((fcont_mshift f) @ h).$

Lemma $fcont_lub_simpl : \forall \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} (h:nat -m> D1 -c> D2) (x:D1),$
 $lub h x = lub (h <-> x).$

Instance $cont_app_monotonic : \forall \{o1:ord D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} \{c3:cpo D3\} (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3)$
 $(p:\forall k, continuous (f k)),$
 $monotonic (Ob:=D2 -c> D3) (\text{fun } (k:D1) \Rightarrow cont_ (fcontinuous:=p k)).$

Qed.

Definition $cont_app \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} \{c3:cpo D3\} (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3)$
 $(p:\forall k, continuous (f k)) : D1 -m> (D2 -c> D3)$
 $:= mon (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow cont (f k) (fcontinuous:=p k)).$

Lemma $cont_app_simpl :$

$\forall \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} \{c3:cpo D3\} (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3) (p:\forall k, continuous (f k))$
 $(k:D1), cont_app f p k = cont (f k).$

Instance $cont2_continuous \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} \{c3:cpo D3\} (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3)$
 $(p:continuous2 f) : continuous (cont_app f (continuous2_app f)).$

Qed.

Definition $cont2 \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} \{c3:cpo D3\} (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3)$
 $(p:continuous2 f) : D1 -c> (D2 -c> D3)$
 $:= cont (cont_app f (continuous2_app f)).$

Instance $Fcontm_continuous \{c1:cpo D1\} \{c2:cpo D2\} : continuous (Fcontm D1 D2).$

Save.

Hint Resolve @ $Fcontm_continuous$.

Instance *fcont_comp_continuous* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(f:D2 \rightarrow D3) (g:D1 \rightarrow D2)$, *continuous* (*f* @ *g*).

Save.

Definition *fcont_comp* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} ‘{*c3:cpo D3*} (*f:D2 -c> D3*) (*g:D1 -c> D2*)
 $D1 \rightarrow D3 := \text{cont} (f @ g)$.

Infix “@_” := *fcont_comp* (at level 35) : *O_scope*.

Lemma *fcont_comp_simpl* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(f:D2 \rightarrow D3) (g:D1 \rightarrow D2) (x:D1), (f @_ g) x = f (g x)$.

Lemma *fcontm_fcont_comp_simpl* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(f:D2 \rightarrow D3) (g:D1 \rightarrow D2), \text{fcontm} (f @_ g) = f @_ g$.

Lemma *fcont_comp_le_compat* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(f g : D2 \rightarrow D3) (k l : D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow k \leq l \rightarrow f @_ k \leq g @_ l$.

Hint Resolve @*fcont_comp_le_compat*.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} ‘{*c3:cpo D3*}
 $: (@\text{fcont_comp} _ _ c1 _ _ c2 _ _ c3)$
with signature *Ole* ++> *Ole* ++> *Ole* as *fcont_comp_le_morph*.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} ‘{*c3:cpo D3*}
 $: (@\text{fcont_comp} _ _ c1 _ _ c2 _ _ c3)$
with signature *Oeq* ==> *Oeq* ==> *Oeq* as *fcont_comp_eq_compat*.

Save.

Definition *fcont_Comp D1* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} *D2* ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} *D3* ‘{*c3:cpo D3*}
 $: (D2 \rightarrow D3) \rightarrow (D1 \rightarrow D2) \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D3$
 $:= \text{mon2} _ (\text{mf} := \text{fcont_comp_le_compat} (D1 := D1) (D2 := D2) (D3 := D3))$.

Lemma *fcont_Comp_simpl* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(f:D2 \rightarrow D3) (g:D1 \rightarrow D2), \text{fcont_Comp } D1 \ D2 \ D3 \ f \ g = f @_ g$.

Instance *fcont_Comp_continuous2*

: $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$, *continuous2* (*fcont_Comp D1 D2 D3*).

Save.

Definition *fcont_COMP D1* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} *D2* ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} *D3* ‘{*c3:cpo D3*}
 $: (D2 \rightarrow D3) \rightarrow (D1 \rightarrow D2) \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D3$
 $:= \text{cont2} (\text{fcont_Comp } D1 \ D2 \ D3)$.

Lemma *fcont_COMP_simpl* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(f: D2 \rightarrow D3) (g:D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $\text{fcont_COMP } D1 \ D2 \ D3 \ f \ g = f @_ g$.

Definition *fcont2_COMP D1* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} *D2* ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} *D3* ‘{*c3:cpo D3*} *D4* ‘{*c4:cpo D4*}
 $: (D3 \rightarrow D4) \rightarrow (D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D4 :=$
 $(\text{fcont_COMP } D1 (D2 \rightarrow D3) (D2 \rightarrow D4)) @_ (\text{fcont_COMP } D2 D3 D4)$.

Definition *fcont2_comp* ‘{*c1:cpo D1*} ‘{*c2:cpo D2*} ‘{*c3:cpo D3*} ‘{*c4:cpo D4*}
 $(f:D3 \rightarrow D4) (F:D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) := \text{fcont2_COMP } D1 \ D2 \ D3 \ D4 \ f \ F$.

Infix “@ @_” := *fcont2_comp* (at level 35) : *O_scope*.

Lemma *fcont2_comp_simpl* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} \{c4:\text{cpo } D4\}$
 $(f:D3 \rightarrow D4) (F:D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (x:D1) (y:D2), (f @_ F) x y = f (F x y)$.

Lemma *fcont_le_compat2* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} (f : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3)$
 $(x y : D1) (z t : D2), x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow f x z \leq f y t$.

Hint Resolve @*fcont_le_compat2*.

Lemma *fcont_eq_compat2* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} (f : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3)$
 $(x y : D1) (z t : D2), x \equiv y \rightarrow z \equiv t \rightarrow f x z \equiv f y t$.

```

Hint Resolve @fcont_eq_compat2.

Lemma fcont_continuous : ∀ ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} (f:D1 -c> D2)(h:nat -m> D1),
  f (lub h) ≤ lub (f @ h).
Hint Resolve @fcont_continuous.

Instance fcont_continuous2 : ∀ ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3), continuous2 (Fcontm D2 D3 @ f).

Save.

Hint Resolve @fcont_continuous2.

Instance cshift_continuous2 : ∀ ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3), continuous2 (mshift (Fcontm D2 D3 @ f)).

Save.

Hint Resolve @cshift_continuous2.

Definition cshift ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3} (f:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3)
  : D2 -c> D1 -c> D3 := cont2 (mshift (Fcontm D2 D3 @ f)).

Lemma cshift_simpl : ∀ ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3) (x:D2) (y:D1), cshift f x y = f y x.

Definition fcont_SEQ D1 ‘{c1:cpo D1} D2 ‘{c2:cpo D2} D3 ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  : (D1 -c> D2) -c> (D2 -c> D3) -c> D1 -c> D3 := cshift (fcont_COMP D1 D2 D3).

Lemma fcont_SEQ_simpl : ∀ ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  (f: D1 -c> D2) (g:D2 -c> D3), fcont_SEQ D1 D2 D3 f g = g @_ f.

Instance Id_mon : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa}, monotonic (fun x:Oa => x).

Save.

Definition Id Oa {o1:ord Oa} : Oa -m> Oa := mon (fun x => x).

Lemma Id_simpl : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} (x:Oa), Id Oa x = x.

```

2.10 Fixpoints

```

Fixpoint iter_ {D} {o} ‘{c: @cpo D o} (f : D -m> D) n {struct n} : D
  := match n with O ⇒ 0 | S m ⇒ f (iter_ f m) end.

Lemma iter_incr : ∀ ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) n, iter_ f n ≤ f (iter_ f n).

Hint Resolve @iter_incr.

Instance iter_mon : ∀ ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D), monotonic (iter_ f).

Save.

Definition iter ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) : nat -m> D := mon (iter_ f).

Definition fixp ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) : D := mlub (iter_ f).

Lemma fixp_le : ∀ ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D), fixp f ≤ f (fixp f).

Hint Resolve @fixp_le.

Lemma fixp_eq : ∀ ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) {mf:continuous f},
  fixp f ≡ f (fixp f).

Lemma fixp_inv : ∀ ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) g, f g ≤ g → fixp f ≤ g.

Definition fixp_cte : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (d:D), fixp (mon (cte D d)) ≡ d.

Save.

Hint Resolve @fixp_cte.

Lemma fixp_le_compat : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f g : D -m> D),
  f ≤ g → fixp f ≤ fixp g.

Hint Resolve @fixp_le_compat.

Instance fixp_monotonic ‘{c:cpo D} : monotonic fixp.

```

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ‘{c:cpo D} : (fixp (c:=c))
with signature Oeq \Rightarrow Oeq as fixp_eq_compat.

Save.

Hint Resolve @fixp_eq_compat.

Definition Fixp D ‘{c:cpo D} : (D -m> D) -m> D := mon fixp.

Lemma Fixp_simpl : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f:D-m>D), \text{Fixp } D f = \text{fixp } f$.

Instance iter_monotonic ‘{c:cpo D} : monotonic iter.

Save.

Definition Iter D ‘{c:cpo D} : (D -m> D) -m> (nat -m> D) := mon iter.

Lemma IterS_simpl : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} f n, \text{Iter } D f (S n) = f (\text{Iter } D f n)$.

Lemma iterO_simpl : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f: D-m>D), \text{iter } f O = (0:D)$.

Lemma iterS_simpl : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} f n, \text{iter } f (S n) = f (\text{iter } f n)$.

Lemma iter_continuous : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (h : nat -m> (D -m> D)),$
 $(\forall n, \text{continuous } (h n)) \rightarrow \text{iter } (\text{lub } h) \leq \text{lub } (\text{mon iter } @ h)$.

Hint Resolve @iter_continuous.

Lemma iter_continuous_eq : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (h : nat -m> (D -m> D)),$
 $(\forall n, \text{continuous } (h n)) \rightarrow \text{iter } (\text{lub } h) \equiv \text{lub } (\text{mon iter } @ h)$.

Lemma fixp_continuous : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (h : nat -m> (D -m> D)),$
 $(\forall n, \text{continuous } (h n)) \rightarrow \text{fixp } (\text{lub } h) \leq \text{lub } (\text{mon fixp } @ h)$.

Hint Resolve @fixp_continuous.

Lemma fixp_continuous_eq : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (h : nat -m> (D -m> D)),$
 $(\forall n, \text{continuous } (h n)) \rightarrow \text{fixp } (\text{lub } h) \equiv \text{lub } (\text{mon fixp } @ h)$.

Definition Fixp_cont D ‘{c:cpo D} : (D -c> D) -m> D := Fixp D @ (Fcontm D D).

Lemma Fixp_cont_simpl : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f:D-c>D), \text{Fixp_cont } D f = \text{fixp } (\text{fcontm } f)$.

Instance Fixp_cont_continuous : $\forall D \{c:cpo D\}, \text{continuous } (\text{Fixp_cont } D)$.

Save.

Definition FIXP D ‘{c:cpo D} : (D -c> D) -c> D := cont (\text{Fixp_cont } D).

Lemma FIXP_simpl : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f:D-c>D), \text{FIXP } D f = \text{Fixp } D (\text{fcontm } f)$.

Lemma FIXP_le_compat : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f g : D -c> D),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \text{FIXP } D f \leq \text{FIXP } D g$.

Hint Resolve @FIXP_le_compat.

Lemma FIXP_eq_compat : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f g : D -c> D),$
 $f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{FIXP } D f \equiv \text{FIXP } D g$.

Hint Resolve @FIXP_eq_compat.

Lemma FIXP_eq : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f:D-c>D), \text{FIXP } D f \equiv f (\text{FIXP } D f)$.

Hint Resolve @FIXP_eq.

Lemma FIXP_inv : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f:D-c>D) (g : D), f g \leq g \rightarrow \text{FIXP } D f \leq g$.

2.10.1 Iteration of functional

Lemma FIXP_comp_com : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f g:D-c>D),$
 $g @_- f \leq f @_- g \rightarrow \text{FIXP } D g \leq f (\text{FIXP } D g)$.

Lemma FIXP_comp : $\forall \{c:cpo D\} (f g:D-c>D),$
 $g @_- f \leq f @_- g \rightarrow f (\text{FIXP } D g) \leq \text{FIXP } D g \rightarrow \text{FIXP } D (f @_- g) \equiv \text{FIXP } D g$.

Fixpoint fcont_compn {D} {o} ‘{c:@cpo D o}(f:D-c>D) (n:nat) {struct n} : D -c> D :=
match n with O \Rightarrow f | S p \Rightarrow fcont_compn f p @_- f end.

Lemma *fcont_compn_Sn_simpl* :
 $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\}(f:D \multimap D) (n:\text{nat}), \text{fcont_compn } f (S n) = \text{fcont_compn } f n @_- f.$
Lemma *fcont_compn_com* : $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\}(f:D \multimap D) (n:\text{nat}), f @_- (\text{fcont_compn } f n) \leq \text{fcont_compn } f n @_- f.$
Lemma *FIXP_compn* :
 $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (f:D \multimap D) (n:\text{nat}), \text{FIXP } D (\text{fcont_compn } f n) \equiv \text{FIXP } D f.$
Lemma *fixp_double* : $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (f:D \multimap D), \text{FIXP } D (f @_- f) \equiv \text{FIXP } D f.$

2.10.2 Induction principle

Definition *admissible* ‘{c:cpo D}(P:D→Type) :=
 $\forall f : \text{nat} \multimap D, (\forall n, P(f n)) \rightarrow P(\text{lub } f).$
Lemma *fixp_ind* : $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\}(F:D \multimap D)(P:D \multimap \text{Type}),$
 $\text{admissible } P \rightarrow P 0 \rightarrow (\forall x, P x \rightarrow P(F x)) \rightarrow P(\text{fixp } F).$
Definition *admissible2* ‘{c1:cpo D1}‘{c2:cpo D2}(R:D1 → D2 → Type) :=
 $\forall (f : \text{nat} \multimap D1) (g : \text{nat} \multimap D2), (\forall n, R(f n) (g n)) \rightarrow R(\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g).$
Lemma *fixp_ind_rel* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\}(F:D1 \multimap D1) (G:D2 \multimap D2)$
 $(R:D1 \multimap D2 \multimap \text{Type}),$
 $\text{admissible2 } R \rightarrow R 0 0 \rightarrow (\forall x y, R x y \rightarrow R(F x) (G y)) \rightarrow R(\text{fixp } F) (\text{fixp } G).$
Lemma *lub_le_fixp* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f:D1 \multimap D2) (F:D1 \multimap D1)$
 $(s:\text{nat} \multimap D2),$
 $s O \leq f 0 \rightarrow (\forall x n, s n \leq f x \rightarrow s(S n) \leq f(F x))$
 $\rightarrow \text{lub } s \leq f(\text{fixp } F).$
Lemma *fixp_le_lub* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f:D1 \multimap D2) (F:D1 \multimap D1)$
 $(s:\text{nat} \multimap D2) \{fc:\text{continuous } f\},$
 $f 0 \leq s O \rightarrow (\forall x n, f x \leq s n \rightarrow f(F x) \leq s(S n)) \rightarrow f(\text{fixp } F) \leq \text{lub } s.$

Ltac *continuity cont Cont Hcont* :=
 match goal with
 $| \vdash (\text{Ole } ?x1 (\text{lub } (\text{mon } (\text{fun } (n:\text{nat}) \Rightarrow \text{cont } (@?g n)))))) \Rightarrow$
 $\quad \text{let } f := \text{fresh } "f" \text{ in } ($
 $\quad \quad \text{pose } (f:=g); \text{assert } (\text{monotonic } f);$
 $\quad \quad \quad [\text{auto} \mid (\text{transitivity } (\text{lub } (\text{Cont}@(\text{mon } f))); [\text{rewrite } \leftarrow Hcont \mid \text{auto}])]$
 $\quad)$
 end.

Ltac *gen_monotonic* :=
 $\text{match goal with } \vdash \text{context } [(@\text{mon } \dots \dots ?f ?mf)] \Rightarrow \text{generalize } (mf:\text{monotonic } f)$
 end.
Ltac *gen_monotonic1 f* :=
 $\text{match goal with } \vdash \text{context } [(@\text{mon } \dots \dots f ?mf)] \Rightarrow \text{generalize } (mf:\text{monotonic } f)$
 end.

2.10.3 Function for conditionnal choice defined as a morphism

Definition *fif {A} (b:bool) : A → A → A := fun e1 e2 ⇒ if b then e1 else e2.*
Instance *fif_mon2* ‘{o:ord A} (b:bool) : *monotonic2* (@*fif* _ b).
Save.
Definition *Fif* ‘{o:ord A} (b:bool) : A \multimap A \multimap A := *mon2* (@*fif* _ b).
Lemma *Fif_simpl* : $\forall \{o:\text{ord } A\} (b:\text{bool}) (x y:A), \text{Fif } b x y = \text{fif } b x y.$
Lemma *Fif_continuous_right* ‘{c:cpo A} (b:bool) (e:A) : *continuous* (*Fif* b e).

```

Lemma Fif_continuous_left ‘{c:cpo A} (b:bool) : continuous (Fif (A:=A) b).
Hint Resolve @Fif_continuous_right @Fif_continuous_left.
Lemma fif_continuous_left ‘{c:cpo A} (b:bool) (f:nat-m> A):
  fif b (lub f) ≡ lub (Fif b@f).
Lemma fif_continuous_right ‘{c:cpo A} (b:bool) e (f:nat-m> A):
  fif b e (lub f) ≡ lub (Fif b e@f).
Hint Resolve @fif_continuous_right @fif_continuous_left.
Instance Fif_continuous2 ‘{c:cpo A} (b:bool) : continuous2 (Fif (A:=A) b).
Save.

Lemma fif_continuous2 ‘{c:cpo A} (b:bool) (f g : nat-m> A):
  fif b (lub f) (lub g) ≡ lub ((Fif b@2 f) g).

Add Parametric Morphism ‘{o:ord A} (b:bool) : (@fif A b)
with signature Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole
as fif_le_compat.
Save.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘{o:ord A} (b:bool) : (@fif A b)
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as fif_eq_compat.
Save.

```

3 Utheory.v: Specification of U , interval [0,1]

```

Require Export Misc.
Require Export Ccpo.
Open Local Scope O_scope.

```

3.1 Basic operators of U

- Constants : 0 and 1
- Constructor : $[1/1+] n$ ($\equiv \frac{1}{n+1}$)
- Operations : $x+y$ ($=\min(x+y, 1)$), $x \times y$, $[1-] x$
- Relations : $x \leq y$, $x \equiv y$

```

Module Type Universe.
Parameter U : Type.
Declare Instance ordU: ord U.
Declare Instance cpoU: cpo U.
Delimit Scope U_scope with U.

Parameters Uplus Umult Udiv: U → U → U.
Parameter Uinv : U → U.
Parameter Unth : nat → U.

Infix "+" := Uplus : U_scope.
Infix "*" := Umult : U_scope.
Infix "/" := Udiv : U_scope.
Notation "[1-] x" := (Uinv x) (at level 35, right associativity) : U_scope.
Notation "[1/]1+ n" := (Unth n) (at level 35, right associativity) : U_scope.
Open Local Scope U_scope.

Definition U1 : U := [1-] 0.
Notation "1" := U1 : U_scope.

```

3.2 Basic Properties

Hypothesis $Udiff_0_1 : \sim 0 \equiv 1$.

Hypothesis $Uplus_sym : \forall x y: U, x + y \equiv y + x$.

Hypothesis $Uplus_assoc : \forall x y z: U, x + (y + z) \equiv x + y + z$.

Hypothesis $Uplus_zero_left : \forall x: U, 0 + x \equiv x$.

Hypothesis $Umult_sym : \forall x y: U, x \times y \equiv y \times x$.

Hypothesis $Umult_assoc : \forall x y z: U, x \times (y \times z) \equiv x \times y \times z$.

Hypothesis $Umult_one_left : \forall x: U, 1 \times x \equiv x$.

Hypothesis $Uinv_one : [1-] 1 \equiv 0$.

Hypothesis $Umult_div : \forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow y \times (x/y) \equiv x$.

Hypothesis $Udiv_le_one : \forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow y \leq x \rightarrow (x/y) \equiv 1$.

Hypothesis $Udiv_by_zero : \forall x y, 0 \equiv y \rightarrow (x/y) \equiv 0$.

- Property : $1 - (x + y) + x = 1 - y$ holds when $x+y$ does not overflow

Hypothesis $Uinv_plus_left : \forall x y, y \leq [1-] x \rightarrow [1-] (x + y) + x \equiv [1-] y$.

- Property : $(x + y) \times z = x \times z + y \times z$ holds when $x+y$ does not overflow

Hypothesis $Udistr_plus_right : \forall x y z, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + y) \times z \equiv x \times z + y \times z$.

- Property : $1 - (x y) = (1 - x) \times y + (1-y)$

Hypothesis $Udistr_inv_right : \forall x y: U, [1-] (x \times y) \equiv ([1-] x) \times y + [1-] y$.

- Totality of the order

Hypothesis $Ule_class : \forall x y : U, class (x \leq y)$.

Hypothesis $Ule_total : \forall x y : U, orc (x \leq y) (y \leq x)$.

Implicit Arguments $Ule_total []$.

- The relation $x \leq y$ is compatible with operators

Declare Instance $Uplus_mon_right : \forall x, monotonic (Uplus x)$.

Declare Instance $Umult_mon_right : \forall x, monotonic (Umult x)$.

Hypothesis $Uinv_le_compat : \forall x y: U, x \leq y \rightarrow [1-] y \leq [1-] x$.

- Properties of simplification in case there is no overflow

Hypothesis $Uplus_le_simpl_right : \forall x y z, z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow x + z \leq y + z \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hypothesis $Umult_le_simpl_left : \forall x y z: U, \neg 0 \equiv z \rightarrow z \times x \leq z \times y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

- Property of $Unth$: $1 / n+1 \equiv 1 - n \times (1/n+1)$

Hypothesis $Unth_prop : \forall n, [1/]1+n \equiv [1-](compn Uplus 0 (\fun k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n) n)$.

- Archimedian property

Hypothesis $archimedian : \forall x, \sim 0 \equiv x \rightarrow exc (\fun n \Rightarrow [1/]1+n \leq x)$.

- Stability properties of lubs with respect to + and \times

```

Hypothesis Uplus_right_continuous :  $\forall k, \text{continuous}(\text{mon}(Uplus\ k))$ .
Hypothesis Umult_right_continuous :  $\forall k, \text{continuous}(\text{mon}(Umult\ k))$ .
End Universe.

Declare Module Univ:Universe.
Export Univ.

Hint Resolve Udiff_0_1 Unth_prop.
Hint Resolve Uplus_sym Uplus_assoc Umult_sym Umult_assoc.
Hint Resolve Uinv_one Uinv_plus_left Umult_div Udiv_le_one Udiv_by_zero.
Hint Resolve Uplus_zero_left Umult_one_left Udistr_plus_right Udistr_inv_right.
Hint Resolve Uplus_mon_right Umult_mon_right Uinv_le_compat.
Hint Resolve lub_le le_lub Uplus_right_continuous Umult_right_continuous.
Hint Resolve Ule_total Ule_class.

```

4 Uprop.v : Properties of operators on [0,1]

```

Add Rec LoadPath "." as ALEA.
Require Export Utheory.
Require Export Arith.
Require Export Omega.

Open Local Scope U_scope.
Notation "[1/] n" := (Unth (pred n)) (at level 35, right associativity).

```

4.1 Direct consequences of axioms

```

Lemma Uplus_le_compat_right :  $\forall x\ y\ z:U, y \leq z \rightarrow x + y \leq x + z$ .
Hint Resolve Uplus_le_compat_right.

Instance Uplus_mon2 : monotonic2 Uplus.
Save.
Hint Resolve Uplus_mon2.

Lemma Uplus_le_compat_left :  $\forall x\ y\ z:U, x \leq y \rightarrow x + z \leq y + z$ .
Hint Resolve Uplus_le_compat_left.

Lemma Uplus_le_compat :  $\forall x\ y\ z\ t, x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow x + z \leq y + t$ .
Hint Immediate Uplus_le_compat.

Lemma Uplus_eq_compat_left :  $\forall x\ y\ z:U, x \equiv y \rightarrow x + z \equiv y + z$ .
Hint Resolve Uplus_eq_compat_left.

Lemma Uplus_eq_compat_right :  $\forall x\ y\ z:U, x \equiv y \rightarrow (z + x) \equiv (z + y)$ .
Hint Resolve Uplus_eq_compat_left Uplus_eq_compat_right.

Add Morphism Uplus with signature Oeq  $\Rightarrow$  Oeq  $\Rightarrow$  Oeq as Uplus_eq_compat.
Qed.

Hint Immediate Uplus_eq_compat.

Add Morphism Uinv with signature Oeq  $\Rightarrow$  Oeq as Uinv_eq_compat.
Qed.

Hint Resolve Uinv_eq_compat.

Lemma Uplus_zero_right :  $\forall x:U, x + 0 \equiv x$ .
Hint Resolve Uplus_zero_right.

Lemma Uinv_opp_left :  $\forall x, [1-] x + x \equiv 1$ .
Hint Resolve Uinv_opp_left.

Lemma Uinv_opp_right :  $\forall x, x + [1-] x \equiv 1$ .

```

```

Hint Resolve Uinv_opp_right.
Lemma Uinv_inv :  $\forall x : U, [1-] x \equiv x$ .
Hint Resolve Uinv_inv.
Lemma Unit :  $\forall x : U, x \leq 1$ .
Hint Resolve Unit.
Lemma Uinv_zero :  $[1-] 0 = 1$ .
Lemma Ueq_class :  $\forall x y : U, \text{class } (x \equiv y)$ .
Lemma Ueq_double_neg :  $\forall x y : U, \neg \neg (x \equiv y) \rightarrow x \equiv y$ .
Hint Resolve Ueq_class.
Hint Immediate Ueq_double_neg.
Lemma Ule_orc :  $\forall x y : U, \text{orc } (x \leq y) (\sim x \leq y)$ .
Implicit Arguments Ule_orc [].
Lemma Ueq_orc :  $\forall x y : U, \text{orc } (x \equiv y) (\sim x \equiv y)$ .
Implicit Arguments Ueq_orc [].
Lemma Upos :  $\forall x : U, 0 \leq x$ .
Lemma Ule_0_1 :  $0 \leq 1$ .
Hint Resolve Upos Ule_0_1.

```

4.2 Properties of \equiv derived from properties of \leq

```

Definition UPlus :  $U \text{-} m > U \text{-} m > U := \text{mon2 } Uplus$ .
Definition UPlus_simpl :  $\forall x y, UPlus x y = x + y$ .
Save.
Instance Uplus_continuous2 :  $\text{continuous2 } (\text{mon2 } Uplus)$ .
Save.
Hint Resolve Uplus_continuous2.
Lemma Uplus_lub_eq :  $\forall f g : \text{nat} \text{-} m > U, \text{lub } f + \text{lub } g \equiv \text{lub } ((Uplus @^2 f) g)$ .
Lemma Umult_le_compat_right :  $\forall x y z : U, y \leq z \rightarrow x \times y \leq x \times z$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_le_compat_right.
Instance Umult_mon2 :  $\text{monotonic2 } Umult$ .
Save.
Lemma Umult_le_compat_left :  $\forall x y z : U, x \leq y \rightarrow x \times z \leq y \times z$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_le_compat_left.
Lemma Umult_le_compat :  $\forall x y z t, x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow x \times z \leq y \times t$ .
Hint Immediate Umult_le_compat.
Definition UMult :  $U \text{-} m > U \text{-} m > U := \text{mon2 } Umult$ .
Lemma Umult_eq_compat_left :  $\forall x y z : U, x \equiv y \rightarrow (x \times z) \equiv (y \times z)$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_eq_compat_left.
Lemma Umult_eq_compat_right :  $\forall x y z : U, x \equiv y \rightarrow (z \times x) \equiv (z \times y)$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_eq_compat_left Umult_eq_compat_right.
Definition UMult_simpl :  $\forall x y, UMult x y = x \times y$ .
Save.
Instance Umult_continuous2 :  $\text{continuous2 } (\text{mon2 } Umult)$ .
Save.
Hint Resolve Umult_continuous2.

```

Lemma *Umult_lub_eq* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{U}$,
 $\text{lub } f \times \text{lub } g \equiv \text{lub } ((\text{UMult } @^2 f) g)$.

Lemma *Umultk_lub_eq* : $\forall (k:\text{U}) (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{U})$,
 $k \times \text{lub } f \equiv \text{lub } (\text{UMult } k @ f)$.

4.3 U is a setoid

Add Morphism *Umult* with signature *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq*
as *Umult_eq_compat*.

Qed.

Hint Immediate *Umult_eq_compat*.

Instance *Uinv_mon* : monotonic (*o1*:=*Iord U*) *Uinv*.

Save.

Definition *UIInv* : $\text{U} \rightarrow \text{U} := \text{mon } (\text{o1} := \text{Iord } \text{U}) \text{ Uinv}$.

Definition *UIInv_simpl* : $\forall x, \text{UIInv } x = [1\text{-}]x$.

Save.

Lemma *Ule_eq_compat* :

$\forall x_1 x_2 : \text{U}, x_1 \equiv x_2 \rightarrow \forall x_3 x_4 : \text{U}, x_3 \equiv x_4 \rightarrow x_1 \leq x_3 \rightarrow x_2 \leq x_4$.

4.4 Properties of $x < y$ on U

Lemma *Ult_class* : $\forall x y, \text{class } (x < y)$.

Hint Resolve *Ult_class*.

Lemma *Ult_notle_equiv* : $\forall x y : \text{U}, x < y \leftrightarrow \neg (y \leq x)$.

Lemma *notUle_lt* : $\forall x y : \text{U}, \neg (y \leq x) \rightarrow x < y$.

Hint Immediate *notUle_lt*.

Lemma *notUlt_le* : $\forall x y, \neg x < y \rightarrow y \leq x$.

Hint Immediate *notUlt_le*.

4.4.1 Properties of $x \leq y$

Lemma *notUle_le* : $\forall x y : \text{U}, \neg (y \leq x) \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hint Immediate *notUle_le*.

Lemma *Ule_zero_eq* : $\forall x : \text{U}, x \leq 0 \rightarrow x \equiv 0$.

Lemma *Uge_one_eq* : $\forall x : \text{U}, 1 \leq x \rightarrow x \equiv 1$.

Hint Immediate *Ule_zero_eq* *Uge_one_eq*.

4.4.2 Properties of $x < y$

Lemma *Ult_neq_zero* : $\forall x, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow 0 < x$.

Lemma *Ult_neq_one* : $\forall x, \neg 1 \equiv x \rightarrow x < 1$.

Hint Resolve *Ule_total* *Ult_neq_zero* *Ult_neq_one*.

Lemma *not_Ult_eq_zero* : $\forall x, \neg 0 < x \rightarrow 0 \equiv x$.

Lemma *not_Ult_eq_one* : $\forall x, \neg x < 1 \rightarrow 1 \equiv x$.

Hint Immediate *not_Ult_eq_zero* *not_Ult_eq_one*.

Lemma *Ule_lt_orc_eq* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow \text{orc } (x < y) (x \equiv y)$.

Hint Resolve *Ule_lt_orc_eq*.

Lemma *Udiff_lt_orc* : $\forall x y, \neg x \equiv y \rightarrow orc (x < y) (y < x)$.

Hint Resolve *Udiff_lt_orc*.

Lemma *Uplus_pos_elim* : $\forall x y,$

$0 < x + y \rightarrow orc (0 < x) (0 < y)$.

4.5 Properties of $+$ and \times

Lemma *Udistr_plus_left* : $\forall x y z, y \leq [1-] z \rightarrow x \times (y + z) \equiv x \times y + x \times z$.

Lemma *Udistr_inv_left* : $\forall x y, [1-](x \times y) \equiv (x \times ([1-] y)) + [1-] x$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_eq_compat* *Udistr_plus_left* *Udistr_inv_left*.

Lemma *Uplus_perm2* : $\forall x y z:U, x + (y + z) \equiv y + (x + z)$.

Lemma *Umult_perm2* : $\forall x y z:U, x \times (y \times z) \equiv y \times (x \times z)$.

Lemma *Uplus_perm3* : $\forall x y z : U, (x + (y + z)) \equiv z + (x + y)$.

Lemma *Umult_perm3* : $\forall x y z : U, (x \times (y \times z)) \equiv z \times (x \times y)$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_perm2* *Umult_perm2* *Uplus_perm3* *Umult_perm3*.

Lemma *Uinv_simpl* : $\forall x y : U, [1-] x \equiv [1-] y \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_simpl*.

Lemma *Umult_decomp* : $\forall x y, x \equiv x \times y + x \times [1-]y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_decomp*.

4.6 More properties on $+$ and \times and *Uinv*

Lemma *Umult_one_right* : $\forall x:U, x \times 1 \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_one_right*.

Lemma *Umult_one_right_eq* : $\forall x y:U, y \equiv 1 \rightarrow x \times y \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_one_right_eq*.

Lemma *Umult_one_left_eq* : $\forall x y:U, x \equiv 1 \rightarrow x \times y \equiv y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_one_left_eq*.

Lemma *Udistr_plus_left_le* : $\forall x y z : U, x \times (y + z) \leq x \times y + x \times z$.

Lemma *Uplus_eq_simpl_right* :

$\forall x y z:U, z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow z \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + z) \equiv (y + z) \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Lemma *Ule_plus_right* : $\forall x y, x \leq x + y$.

Lemma *Ule_plus_left* : $\forall x y, y \leq x + y$.

Hint Resolve *Ule_plus_right* *Ule_plus_left*.

Lemma *Ule_mult_right* : $\forall x y, x \times y \leq x$.

Lemma *Ule_mult_left* : $\forall x y, x \times y \leq y$.

Hint Resolve *Ule_mult_right* *Ule_mult_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_le_perm_right* : $\forall x y:U, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow y \leq [1-] x$.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_le_perm_right*.

Lemma *Uinv_le_perm_left* : $\forall x y:U, [1-] x \leq y \rightarrow [1-] y \leq x$.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_le_perm_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_le_simpl* : $\forall x y:U, [1-] x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow y \leq x$.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_le_simpl*.

Lemma *Uinv_double_le_simpl_right* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow x \leq [1-][1-]y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_double_le_simpl_right*.

Lemma *Uinv_double_le_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow [1-][1-]x \leq y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_double_le_simpl_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_eq_perm_left* : $\forall x y: U, x \equiv [1-] y \rightarrow [1-] x \equiv y$.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_eq_perm_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_eq_perm_right* : $\forall x y: U, [1-] x \equiv y \rightarrow x \equiv [1-] y$.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_eq_perm_right*.

Lemma *Uinv_eq* : $\forall x y: U, x \equiv [1-] y \leftrightarrow [1-] x \equiv y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_eq*.

Lemma *Uinv_eq_simpl* : $\forall x y: U, [1-] x \equiv [1-] y \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_eq_simpl*.

Lemma *Uinv_double_eq_simpl_right* : $\forall x y, x \equiv y \rightarrow x \equiv [1-][1-]y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_double_eq_simpl_right*.

Lemma *Uinv_double_eq_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, x \equiv y \rightarrow [1-][1-]x \equiv y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_double_eq_simpl_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_plus_right* : $\forall x y, y \leq [1-] x \rightarrow [1-] (x + y) + y \equiv [1-] x$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_plus_right*.

Lemma *Uplus_eq_simpl_left* :

$\forall x y z: U, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x \leq [1-] z \rightarrow (x + y) \equiv (x + z) \rightarrow y \equiv z$.

Lemma *Uplus_eq_zero_left* : $\forall x y: U, (x \leq [1-] y) \rightarrow (x + y) \equiv y \rightarrow x \equiv 0$.

Lemma *Uplus_le_zero_left* : $\forall x y: U, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + y) \leq y \rightarrow x \equiv 0$.

Lemma *Uplus_le_zero_right* : $\forall x y: U, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + y) \leq x \rightarrow y \equiv 0$.

Lemma *Uinv_le_trans* : $\forall x y z t, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow z \leq x \rightarrow t \leq y \rightarrow z \leq [1-] t$.

Lemma *Uinv_plus_left_le* : $\forall x y, [1-]y \leq [1-](x+y) + x$.

Lemma *Uinv_plus_right_le* : $\forall x y, [1-]x \leq [1-](x+y) + y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_plus_left_le* *Uinv_plus_right_le*.

4.7 Disequality

Lemma *neq_sym* : $\forall x y: U, \neg x \equiv y \rightarrow \neg y \equiv x$.

Hint Immediate *neq_sym*.

Lemma *Uinv_neq_compat* : $\forall x y, \neg x \equiv y \rightarrow \neg [1-] x \equiv [1-] y$.

Lemma *Uinv_neq_simpl* : $\forall x y, \neg [1-] x \equiv [1-] y \rightarrow \neg x \equiv y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_neq_compat*.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_neq_simpl*.

Lemma *Uinv_neq_left* : $\forall x y, \neg x \equiv [1-] y \rightarrow \neg [1-] x \equiv y$.

Lemma *Uinv_neq_right* : $\forall x y, \neg [1-] x \equiv y \rightarrow \neg x \equiv [1-] y$.

4.7.1 Properties of $<$

Lemma *Ult_0_1* : $(0 < 1)$.

Hint Resolve *Ult_0_1*.

Lemma *Ule_neq_zero* : $\forall (x y: U), \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv y$.

Lemma *Uplus_neq_zero_left* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv x + y$.

Lemma *Uplus_neq_zero_right* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv x + y$.

Lemma *Uplus_le_simpl_left* : $\forall x y z: U, z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow z + x \leq z + y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma *Uplus_lt_compat_left* : $\forall x y z: U, z \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + z)$.

Lemma *Uplus_lt_compat_right* : $\forall x y z:U, z \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (z + x) < (z + y)$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_lt_compat_right* *Uplus_lt_compat_left*.

Lemma *Uplus_lt_compat* :

$\forall x y z t:U, z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow t \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow z < t \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + t)$.

Hint Immediate *Uplus_lt_compat*.

Lemma *Ult_plus_left* : $\forall x y z:U, x < y \rightarrow x < y + z$.

Lemma *Ult_plus_right* : $\forall x y z:U, x < z \rightarrow x < y + z$.

Hint Immediate *Ult_plus_left* *Ult_plus_right*.

Lemma *Uplus_lt_simpl_left* : $\forall x y z:U, z \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (z + x) < (z + y) \rightarrow x < y$.

Lemma *Uplus_lt_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z:U, z \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + z) \rightarrow x < y$.

Lemma *Uplus_one_le* : $\forall x y, x + y \equiv 1 \rightarrow [1-] y \leq x$.

Hint Immediate *Uplus_one_le*.

Lemma *Uplus_eq_zero* : $\forall x, x \leq [1-] x \rightarrow (x + x) \equiv x \rightarrow x \equiv 0$.

Lemma *Umult_zero_left* : $\forall x, 0 \times x \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_zero_left*.

Lemma *Umult_zero_right* : $\forall x, (x \times 0) \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_eq_zero* *Umult_zero_right*.

Lemma *Umult_zero_left_eq* : $\forall x y, x \equiv 0 \rightarrow x \times y \equiv 0$.

Lemma *Umult_zero_right_eq* : $\forall x y, y \equiv 0 \rightarrow x \times y \equiv 0$.

Lemma *Umult_zero_eq* : $\forall x y z, x \equiv 0 \rightarrow x \times y \equiv x \times z$.

4.7.2 Compatibility of operations with respect to order.

Lemma *Umult_le_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 \equiv z \rightarrow (x \times z) \leq (y \times z) \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_le_simpl_right*.

Lemma *Umult_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 \equiv z \rightarrow (x \times z) \equiv (y \times z) \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Lemma *Umult_simpl_left* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow (x \times y) \equiv (x \times z) \rightarrow y \equiv z$.

Lemma *Umult_lt_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 \equiv z \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (x \times z) < (y \times z)$.

Lemma *Umult_lt_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 \equiv z \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (z \times x) < (z \times y)$.

Lemma *Umult_lt_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 \equiv z \rightarrow (x \times z) < (y \times z) \rightarrow x < y$.

Lemma *Umult_lt_simpl_left* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 \equiv z \rightarrow (z \times x) < (z \times y) \rightarrow x < y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_lt_compat_left* *Umult_lt_compat_right*.

Lemma *Umult_zero_simpl_right* : $\forall x y, 0 \equiv x \times y \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow 0 \equiv y$.

Lemma *Umult_zero_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, 0 \equiv x \times y \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow 0 \equiv x$.

Lemma *Umult_neq_zero* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv x \times y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_neq_zero*.

Lemma *Umult_lt_zero* : $\forall x y, 0 < x \rightarrow 0 < y \rightarrow 0 < x \times y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_lt_zero*.

Lemma *Umult_lt_compat* : $\forall x y z t, x < y \rightarrow z < t \rightarrow x \times z < y \times t$.

4.7.3 More Properties

Lemma *Uplus_one* : $\forall x y, [1-] x \leq y \rightarrow x + y \equiv 1$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_one*.

Lemma *Uplus_one_right* : $\forall x, x + 1 \equiv 1$.

Lemma *Uplus_one_left* : $\forall x:U, 1 + x \equiv 1.$
 Hint Resolve *Uplus_one_right* *Uplus_one_left*.
 Lemma *Uinv_mult_simpl* : $\forall x y z t, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x \times z) \leq [1-] (y \times t).$
 Hint Resolve *Uinv_mult_simpl*.
 Lemma *Umult_inv_plus* : $\forall x y, x \times [1-] y + y \equiv x + y \times [1-] x.$
 Hint Resolve *Umult_inv_plus*.
 Lemma *Umult_inv_plus_le* : $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow x \times [1-] y + y \leq x \times [1-] z + z.$
 Hint Resolve *Umult_inv_plus_le*.
 Lemma *Uplus_lt_Uinv* : $\forall x y, x + y < 1 \rightarrow x \leq [1-] y.$
 Lemma *Uinv_lt_perm_left* : $\forall x y : U, [1-] x < y \rightarrow [1-] y < x.$
 Lemma *Uinv_lt_perm_right* : $\forall x y : U, x < [1-] y \rightarrow y < [1-] x.$
 Lemma *Uinv_lt_compat* : $\forall x y : U, x < y \rightarrow [1-] y < [1-] x.$
 Hint Resolve *Uinv_lt_compat*.
 Lemma *Uinv_lt_simpl* : $\forall x y : U, [1-] y < [1-] x \rightarrow x < y.$
 Hint Immediate *Uinv_lt_simpl*.
 Lemma *Ult_inv_Uplus* : $\forall x y, x < [1-] y \rightarrow x + y < 1.$
 Hint Immediate *Uplus_lt_Uinv* *Uinv_lt_perm_left* *Uinv_lt_perm_right* *Ult_inv_Uplus*.
 Lemma *Uinv_lt_one* : $\forall x, 0 < x \rightarrow [1-] x < 1.$
 Lemma *Uinv_lt_zero* : $\forall x, x < 1 \rightarrow 0 < [1-] x.$
 Hint Resolve *Uinv_lt_one* *Uinv_lt_zero*.
 Lemma *orc_inv_plus_one* : $\forall x y, \text{orc } (x <= [1-] y) (x + y == 1).$
 Lemma *Umult_lt_right* : $\forall p q, p < 1 \rightarrow 0 < q \rightarrow p \times q < q.$
 Lemma *Umult_lt_left* : $\forall p q, 0 < p \rightarrow q < 1 \rightarrow p \times q < p.$
 Hint Resolve *Umult_lt_right* *Umult_lt_left*.

4.8 Definition of $x^{\wedge} n$

Fixpoint *Uexp* ($x:U$) ($n:\text{nat}$) {struct n } : $U :=$
 match n with $0 \Rightarrow 1 \mid (S p) \Rightarrow x \times \text{Uexp } x \ p \text{ end.}$
 Infix " \wedge " := *Uexp* : *U_scope*.
 Lemma *Uexp_1* : $\forall x, x^{\wedge} 1 \equiv x.$
 Lemma *Uexp_0* : $\forall x, x^{\wedge} 0 \equiv 1.$
 Lemma *Uexp_zero* : $\forall n, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow 0^{\wedge} n \equiv 0.$
 Lemma *Uexp_one* : $\forall n, 1^{\wedge} n \equiv 1.$
 Lemma *Uexp_le_compat_right* :
 $\forall x n m, (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow x^{\wedge} m \leq x^{\wedge} n.$
 Lemma *Uexp_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y n, x \leq y \rightarrow x^{\wedge} n \leq y^{\wedge} n.$
 Hint Resolve *Uexp_le_compat_left* *Uexp_le_compat_right*.
 Lemma *Uexp_le_compat* : $\forall x y (n m:\text{nat}),$
 $x \leq y \rightarrow n \leq m \rightarrow x^{\wedge} m \leq y^{\wedge} n.$
 Instance *Uexp_mon2* : *monotonic2* ($o1:=\text{Iord } U$) ($o3:=\text{Iord } U$) *Uexp*.
 Save.

Definition *UExp* : $U -m> (\text{nat} -m\rightarrow U) := \text{mon2 } \text{Uexp}.$

Add Morphism *Uexp* with signature *Oeq* \Rightarrow *eq* \Rightarrow *Oeq* as *Uexp_eq_compat*.
 Save.

Lemma *Uexp_inv_S* : $\forall x n, ([1]-x^{\wedge}(S\ n)) \equiv x \times ([1]-x^{\wedge}n) + [1]-x$.

Lemma *Uexp_lt_compat* : $\forall p q n, (0 < n) \% nat \rightarrow p < q \rightarrow (p^{\wedge}n < q^{\wedge}n)$.

Hint Resolve *Uexp_lt_compat*.

Lemma *Uexp_lt_zero* : $\forall p n, (0 < p) \rightarrow (0 < p^{\wedge}n)$.

Hint Resolve *Uexp_lt_zero*.

Lemma *Uexp_lt_one* : $\forall p n, (0 < n) \% nat \rightarrow p < 1 \rightarrow (p^{\wedge}n < 1)$.

Hint Resolve *Uexp_lt_one*.

Lemma *Uexp_lt_antimon*: $\forall p n m,$

$$(n < m) \% nat \rightarrow 0 < p \rightarrow p < 1 \rightarrow p^{\wedge}m < p^{\wedge}n$$

Hint Resolve *Uexp_lt_antimon*.

4.9 Properties of division

Lemma *Udiv_mult* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow (x/y) \times y \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_mult*.

Lemma *Umult_div_le* : $\forall x y, y \times (x / y) \leq x$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_div_le*.

Lemma *Udiv_mult_le* : $\forall x y, (x/y) \times y \leq x$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_mult_le*.

Lemma *Udiv_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y \rightarrow x/z \leq y/z$

Hint Resolve *Udiv_le_compat_left*.

Lemma *Udiv_eq_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, x \equiv y \rightarrow x/z \equiv y/z$

Hint Resolve *Udiv_eq_compat_left*.

Lemma *Umult_div_le_left* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow x \times y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z/y$.

Lemma *Udiv_le_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x/z \leq x/y$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_le_compat_right*.

Lemma *Udiv_eq_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, y \equiv z \rightarrow x/z \equiv x/y$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_eq_compat_right*.

Add Morphism *Udiv* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq* as *Udiv_eq_compat*.

Save.

Add Morphism *Udiv* with signature *Ole ++> Oeq ==> Ole* as *Udiv_le_compat*.

Save.

Lemma *Umult_div_eq* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow x \times y \equiv z \rightarrow x \equiv z/y$.

Lemma *Umult_div_le_right* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y \times z \rightarrow x/z \leq y$.

Lemma *Udiv_le* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow x \leq x/y$.

Lemma *Udiv_zero* : $\forall x, 0/x \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_zero*.

Lemma *Udiv_zero_eq* : $\forall x y, 0 \equiv x \rightarrow x/y \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_zero_eq*.

Lemma *Udiv_one* : $\forall x, x/1 \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_one*.

Lemma *Udiv_refl* : $\forall x, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow x/x \equiv 1$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_refl*.

Lemma *Umult_div_assoc* : $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow (x \times y) / z \equiv x \times (y/z)$.

Lemma *Udiv_mult_assoc* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y \times z \rightarrow x/(y \times z) \equiv (x/y)/z$.

Lemma *Udiv_inv* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow [1-](x/y) \leq ([1]-x)/y$.

Lemma *Uplus_div_inv* : $\forall x y z, x+y \leq z \rightarrow x <= [1-]y \rightarrow x/z \leq [1-](y/z)$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_div_inv*.

Lemma *Udiv_plus_le* : $\forall x y z, x/z + y/z \leq (x+y)/z$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_plus_le*.

Lemma *Udiv_plus* : $\forall x y z, (x+y)/z \equiv x/z + y/z$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_plus*.

Lemma *Umult_div_simpl_r* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow (x \times y) / y \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_div_simpl_r*.

Lemma *Umult_div_simpl_l* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow (x \times y) / x \equiv y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_div_simpl_l*.

Instance *Udiv_mon* : $\forall k, \text{monotonic } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow (x/k))$.

Save.

Definition *UDiv* ($k:U$) : $U \text{-m}> U := \text{mon } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow (x/k))$.

Lemma *UDiv_simpl* : $\forall (k:U) x, \text{UDiv } k x = x/k$.

4.10 Definition and properties of x & y

A conjunction operation which coincides with min and mult on 0 and 1, see Morgan & McIver

Definition *Uesp* ($x y:U$) := $[1-] ([1-] x + [1-] y)$.

Infix "&" := *Uesp* (left associativity, at level 40) : *U_scope*.

Lemma *Uinv_plus_esp* : $\forall x y, [1-] (x + y) \equiv [1-] x \& [1-] y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_plus_esp*.

Lemma *Uinv_esp_plus* : $\forall x y, [1-] (x \& y) \equiv [1-] x + [1-] y$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_esp_plus*.

Lemma *Uesp_sym* : $\forall x y : U, x \& y \equiv y \& x$.

Lemma *Uesp_one_right* : $\forall x : U, x \& 1 \equiv x$.

Lemma *Uesp_one_left* : $\forall x : U, 1 \& x \equiv x$.

Lemma *Uesp_zero* : $\forall x y, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x \& y \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve *Uesp_sym* *Uesp_one_right* *Uesp_one_left* *Uesp_zero*.

Lemma *Uesp_zero_right* : $\forall x : U, x \& 0 \equiv 0$.

Lemma *Uesp_zero_left* : $\forall x : U, 0 \& x \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve *Uesp_zero_right* *Uesp_zero_left*.

Add Morphism *Uesp* with signature *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq* as *Uesp_eq_compat*.

Save.

Lemma *Uesp_le_compat* : $\forall x y z t, x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow x \& z \leq y \& t$.

Hint Immediate *Uesp_le_compat* *Uesp_eq_compat*.

Lemma *Uesp_assoc* : $\forall x y z, x \& (y \& z) \equiv x \& y \& z$.

Hint Resolve *Uesp_assoc*.

Lemma *Uesp_zero_one_mult_left* : $\forall x y, \text{orc } (x \equiv 0) (x \equiv 1) \rightarrow x \& y \equiv x \times y$.

Lemma *Uesp_zero_one_mult_right* : $\forall x y, \text{orc } (y \equiv 0) (y \equiv 1) \rightarrow x \& y \equiv x \times y$.

Hint Resolve *Uesp_zero_one_mult_left* *Uesp_zero_one_mult_right*.

Instance *Uesp_mon* : *monotonic2* *Uesp*.

Save.

Definition *UEsp* : $U \text{-m}> U \text{-m}> U := \text{mon2 } \text{Uesp}$.

Lemma *UEsp_simpl* : $\forall x y, \text{UEsp } x y = x \& y$.

Lemma *Uesp_le_left* : $\forall x y, x \& y \leq x$.
 Lemma *Uesp_le_right* : $\forall x y, x \& y \leq y$.
 Hint Resolve *Uesp_le_left* *Uesp_le_right*.
 Lemma *Uesp_plus_inv* : $\forall x y, [1-] y \leq x \rightarrow x \equiv x \& y + [1-] y$.
 Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_inv*.
 Lemma *Uesp_le_plus_inv* : $\forall x y, x \leq x \& y + [1-] y$.
 Hint Resolve *Uesp_le_plus_inv*.
 Lemma *Uplus_inv_le_esp* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y + ([1-] z) \rightarrow x \& z \leq y$.
 Hint Immediate *Uplus_inv_le_esp*.
 Lemma *Ult_esp_left* : $\forall x y z, x < z \rightarrow x \& y < z$.
 Lemma *Ult_esp_right* : $\forall x y z, y < z \rightarrow x \& y < z$.
 Hint Immediate *Ult_esp_left* *Ult_esp_right*.
 Lemma *Uesp_lt_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, [1-]x \leq z \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow x \& z < y \& z$.
 Hint Resolve *Uesp_lt_compat_left*.
 Lemma *Uesp_lt_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, [1-]x \leq y \rightarrow y < z \rightarrow x \& y < x \& z$.
 Hint Resolve *Uesp_lt_compat_left*.
 Lemma *Uesp_le_one_right* : $\forall x y, [1-]x \leq y \rightarrow (x \leq x \& y) \rightarrow y \equiv 1$.
 Lemma *Uesp_eq_one_right* : $\forall x y, [1-]x \leq y \rightarrow (x \equiv x \& y) \rightarrow y \equiv 1$.
 Lemma *Uesp_le_one_left* : $\forall x y, [1-]x \leq y \rightarrow y \leq x \& y \rightarrow x \equiv 1$.

4.11 Definition and properties of $x - y$

Definition *Uminus* ($x y:U$) := $[1-] ([1-] x + y)$.
 Infix $"-"$:= *Uminus* : *U_scope*.
 Lemma *Uminus_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y \rightarrow x - z \leq y - z$.
 Lemma *Uminus_le_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow x - z \leq x - y$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_compat_left* *Uminus_le_compat_right*.
 Lemma *Uminus_le_compat* : $\forall x y z t, x \leq y \rightarrow t \leq z \rightarrow x - z \leq y - t$.
 Hint Immediate *Uminus_le_compat*.
 Add Morphism *Uminus* with signature *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq* as *Uminus_eq_compat*.
 Save.
 Hint Immediate *Uminus_eq_compat*.
 Lemma *Uminus_zero_right* : $\forall x, x - 0 \equiv x$.
 Lemma *Uminus_one_left* : $\forall x, 1 - x \equiv [1-] x$.
 Lemma *Uminus_le_zero* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow x - y \equiv 0$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_zero_right* *Uminus_one_left* *Uminus_le_zero*.
 Lemma *Uminus_zero_left* : $\forall x, 0 - x \equiv 0$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_zero_left*.
 Lemma *Uminus_one_right* : $\forall x, x - 1 \equiv 0$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_one_right*.
 Lemma *Uminus_eq* : $\forall x, x - x \equiv 0$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_eq*.
 Lemma *Uminus_le_left* : $\forall x y, x - y \leq x$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_left*.
 Lemma *Uminus_le_inv* : $\forall x y, x - y \leq [1-]y$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_inv*.
 Lemma *Uminus_plus_simpl* : $\forall x y, y \leq x \rightarrow (x - y) + y \equiv x$.
 Lemma *Uminus_plus_zero* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow (x - y) + y \equiv y$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_plus_simpl Uminus_plus_zero*.
 Lemma *Uminus_plus_le* : $\forall x y, x \leq (x - y) + y$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_plus_le*.
 Lemma *Uesp_minus_distr_left* : $\forall x y z, (x \& y) - z \equiv (x - z) \& y$.
 Lemma *Uesp_minus_distr_right* : $\forall x y z, (x \& y) - z \equiv x \& (y - z)$.
 Hint Resolve *Uesp_minus_distr_left Uesp_minus_distr_right*.
 Lemma *Uesp_minus_distr* : $\forall x y z t, (x \& y) - (z + t) \equiv (x - z) \& (y - t)$.
 Hint Resolve *Uesp_minus_distr*.
 Lemma *Uminus_esp_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow x - (x \& y) \equiv [1\text{-}]y$.
 Lemma *Uplus_esp_simpl* : $\forall x y, (x - (x \& y)) + y \equiv x + y$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_esp_simpl_left Uplus_esp_simpl*.
 Lemma *Uminus_esp_le_inv* : $\forall x y, x - (x \& y) \leq [1\text{-}]y$.
 Hint Resolve *Uminus_esp_le_inv*.
 Lemma *Uplus_esp_inv_simpl* : $\forall x y, x \leq [1\text{-}]y \rightarrow (x + y) \& [1\text{-}]y \equiv x$.
 Hint Resolve *Uplus_esp_inv_simpl*.
 Lemma *Uplus_inv_esp_simpl* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow (x + [1\text{-}]y) \& y \equiv x$.
 Hint Resolve *Uplus_inv_esp_simpl*.

4.12 Definition and properties of max

Definition *max* ($x y : U$) : $U := (x - y) + y$.
 Lemma *max_eq_right* : $\forall x y : U, y \leq x \rightarrow \max x y \equiv x$.
 Lemma *max_eq_left* : $\forall x y : U, x \leq y \rightarrow \max x y \equiv y$.
 Hint Resolve *max_eq_right max_eq_left*.
 Lemma *max_eq_case* : $\forall x y : U, \text{orc } (\max x y \equiv x) (\max x y \equiv y)$.
 Add Morphism *max* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq* as *max_eq_compat*.
 Save.
 Lemma *max_le_right* : $\forall x y : U, x \leq \max x y$.
 Lemma *max_le_left* : $\forall x y : U, y \leq \max x y$.
 Hint Resolve *max_le_right max_le_left*.
 Lemma *max_le* : $\forall x y z : U, x \leq z \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow \max x y \leq z$.
 Lemma *max_le_compat* : $\forall x y z t : U, x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow \max x z \leq \max y t$.
 Hint Immediate *max_le_compat*.
 Lemma *max_idem* : $\forall x, \max x x \equiv x$.
 Hint Resolve *max_idem*.
 Lemma *max_sym_le* : $\forall x y, \max x y \leq \max y x$.
 Hint Resolve *max_sym_le*.
 Lemma *max_sym* : $\forall x y, \max x y \equiv \max y x$.
 Hint Resolve *max_sym*.
 Lemma *max_assoc* : $\forall x y z, \max x (\max y z) \equiv \max (\max x y) z$.
 Hint Resolve *max_assoc*.
 Lemma *max_0* : $\forall x, \max 0 x \equiv x$.

```

Hint Resolve max_0.

Instance max_mon : monotonic2 max.
Save.

Definition Max : U -m> U -m> U := mon2 max.

Lemma max_eq_mult : ∀ k x y, max (k×x) (k×y) ≡ k × max x y.

Lemma max_eq_plus_cte_right : ∀ x y k, max (x+k) (y+k) ≡ (max x y) + k.

Hint Resolve max_eq_mult max_eq_plus_cte_right.

```

4.13 Definition and properties of min

```

Definition min (x y : U) : U := [1-] ((y - x) + [1-]y).

Lemma min_eq_right : ∀ x y : U, x ≤ y → min x y ≡ x.

Lemma min_eq_left : ∀ x y : U, y ≤ x → min x y ≡ y.

Hint Resolve min_eq_right min_eq_left.

Lemma min_eq_case : ∀ x y : U, orc (min x y ≡ x) (min x y ≡ y).

Add Morphism min with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as min_eq_compat.

Save.

Hint Immediate min_eq_compat.

```

```

Lemma min_le_right : ∀ x y : U, min x y ≤ x.

Lemma min_le_left : ∀ x y : U, min x y ≤ y.

Hint Resolve min_le_right min_le_left.

Lemma min_le : ∀ x y z : U, z ≤ x → z ≤ y → z ≤ min x y.

Lemma Uinv_min_max : ∀ x y, [1-](min x y) == max ([1-]x) ([1-]y).

Lemma Uinv_max_min : ∀ x y, [1-](max x y) == min ([1-]x) ([1-]y).

Lemma min_idem : ∀ x, min x x ≡ x.

Lemma min_mult : ∀ x y k,
    min (k × x) (k × y) ≡ k × (min x y).

Hint Resolve min_mult.

```

```

Lemma min_plus : ∀ x1 x2 y1 y2,
    (min x1 x2) + (min y1 y2) ≤ min (x1+y1) (x2+y2).

Hint Resolve min_plus.

```

```

Lemma min_plus_cte : ∀ x y k, min (x + k) (y + k) ≡ (min x y) + k.

Hint Resolve min_plus_cte.

```

```

Lemma min_le_compat : ∀ x1 y1 x2 y2,
    x1 ≤ y1 → x2 ≤ y2 → min x1 x2 ≤ min y1 y2.

Hint Immediate min_le_compat.

```

```

Lemma min_sym_le : ∀ x y, min x y ≤ min y x.

Hint Resolve min_sym_le.

```

```

Lemma min_sym : ∀ x y, min x y ≡ min y x.

Hint Resolve min_sym.

```

```

Lemma min_assoc : ∀ x y z, min x (min y z) ≡ min (min x y) z.

Hint Resolve min_assoc.

```

```

Lemma min_0 : ∀ x, min 0 x ≡ 0.

Hint Resolve min_0.

```

```

Instance min_mon2 : monotonic2 min.

Save.

```

Definition $\text{Min} : U \rightarrow U \rightarrow U := \text{mon2 min}.$
Lemma $\text{Min_simpl} : \forall x y, \text{Min } x y = \text{min } x y.$
Lemma $\text{incr_decomp_aux} : \forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U,$
 $\forall n1 n2, (\forall m, \neg ((n1 \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge f n1 \leq g m))$
 $\rightarrow (\forall m, \neg ((n2 \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge g n2 \leq f m)) \rightarrow (n1 \leq n2) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{False}.$
Lemma $\text{incr_decomp} : \forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U,$
 $\text{orc} (\forall n, \text{exc} (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge f n \leq g m))$
 $(\forall n, \text{exc} (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge g n \leq f m)).$

4.14 Other properties

Lemma $\text{Uplus_minus_simpl_right} : \forall x y, y \leq [1-] x \rightarrow (x + y) - y \equiv x.$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uplus_minus_simpl_right}.$

Lemma $\text{Uplus_minus_simpl_left} : \forall x y, y \leq [1-] x \rightarrow (x + y) - x \equiv y.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_assoc_left} : \forall x y z, (x - y) - z \equiv x - (y + z).$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uminus_assoc_left}.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_perm} : \forall x y z, (x - y) - z \equiv (x - z) - y.$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uminus_perm}.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_le_perm_left} : \forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow x - y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z + y.$

Lemma $\text{Uplus_le_perm_left} : \forall x y z, x \leq y + z \rightarrow x - y \leq z.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_eq_perm_left} : \forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow x - y \equiv z \rightarrow x \equiv z + y.$

Lemma $\text{Uplus_eq_perm_left} : \forall x y z, y \leq [1-] z \rightarrow x \equiv y + z \rightarrow x - y \equiv z.$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uminus_le_perm_left} \text{ } \text{Uminus_eq_perm_left}.$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uplus_le_perm_left} \text{ } \text{Uplus_eq_perm_left}.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_le_perm_right} : \forall x y z, z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y - z \rightarrow x + z \leq y.$

Lemma $\text{Uplus_le_perm_right} : \forall x y z, z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow x + z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y - z.$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uminus_le_perm_right} \text{ } \text{Uplus_le_perm_right}.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_le_perm} : \forall x y z, z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq [1-] z \rightarrow x \leq y - z \rightarrow z \leq y - x.$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uminus_le_perm}.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_eq_perm_right} : \forall x y z, z \leq y \rightarrow x \equiv y - z \rightarrow x + z \equiv y.$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uminus_eq_perm_right}.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_plus_perm} : \forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow (x - y) + z \equiv (x + z) - y.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_zero_le} : \forall x y, x - y \equiv 0 \rightarrow x \leq y.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_lt_non_zero} : \forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv y - x.$

Hint Immediate $\text{Uminus_zero_le} \text{ } \text{Uminus_lt_non_zero}.$

Lemma $\text{Ult_le_nth_minus} : \forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \text{exc} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow x \leq y - [1/]1+n).$

Lemma $\text{Uinv_plus_minus_left} : \forall x y, [1-](x + y) \equiv [1-]x - y.$

Lemma $\text{Uinv_plus_minus_right} : \forall x y, [1-](x + y) \equiv [1-]y - x.$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uinv_plus_minus_left} \text{ } \text{Uinv_plus_minus_right}.$

Lemma $\text{Ult_le_nth_plus} : \forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \text{exc} (\text{fun } n : \text{nat} \Rightarrow x + [1/]1+n \leq y).$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_distr_left} : \forall x y z, (x - y) \times z \equiv (x \times z) - (y \times z).$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uminus_distr_left}.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_distr_right} : \forall x y z, x \times (y - z) \equiv (x \times y) - (x \times z).$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uminus_distr_right}.$

Lemma $\text{Uminus_assoc_right} : \forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow x - (y - z) \equiv (x - y) + z.$

Lemma *Uplus_minus_assoc_right* : $\forall x y z,$
 $y \leq [1-]x \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow x + (y - z) \equiv (x + y) - z.$

Hint Resolve *Uplus_minus_assoc_right*.

Lemma *Uplus_minus_assoc_le* : $\forall x y z, (x + y) - z \leq x + (y - z).$

Hint Resolve *Uplus_minus_assoc_le*.

Lemma *Udiv_minus* : $\forall x y z, \sim 0 \equiv z \rightarrow x \leq z \rightarrow (x - y) / z \equiv x/z - y/z.$

Lemma *Umult_inv_minus* : $\forall x y, x \times [1-]y \equiv x - x \times y.$

Hint Resolve *Umult_inv_minus*.

Lemma *Uinv_mult_minus* : $\forall x y, ([1-]x) \times y \equiv y - x \times y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_mult_minus*.

Lemma *Uminus_plus_perm_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow (x - y) + z \equiv x + (z - y).$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_plus_perm_right*.

Lemma *Uminus_plus_simpl_mid* :

$$\forall x y z, z \leq x \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x - y \equiv (x - z) + (z - y).$$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_plus_simpl_mid*.

- triangular inequality

Lemma *Uminus_triangular* : $\forall x y z, x - y \leq (x - z) + (z - y).$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_triangular*.

Lemma *Uesp_plus_right_perm* : $\forall x y z,$

$$x \leq [1-]y \rightarrow y \leq [1-]z \rightarrow x \& (y + z) \equiv (x + y) \& z.$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_right_perm*.

Lemma *Uplus_esp_assoc* : $\forall x y z,$

$$x \leq [1-]y \rightarrow [1-]z \leq y \rightarrow x + (y \& z) \equiv (x + y) \& z.$$

Hint Resolve *Uplus_esp_assoc*.

Lemma *Uesp_plus_left_perm* : $\forall x y z,$

$$[1-]x \leq y \rightarrow [1-]z \leq y \rightarrow (x \& y) + z \equiv x + (y \& z).$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_left_perm*.

Lemma *Uesp_plus_left_perm_le* : $\forall x y z,$

$$[1-]x \leq y \rightarrow [1-]z \leq y \rightarrow (x \& y) + z \leq x + (y \& z).$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_left_perm_le*.

Lemma *Uesp_plus_assoc* : $\forall x y z,$

$$[1-]x \leq y \rightarrow y \leq [1-]z \rightarrow x \& (y + z) \equiv (x \& y) + z.$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_assoc*.

Lemma *Uminus_assoc_right_perm* : $\forall x y z,$

$$x \leq [1-]z \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow x - (y - z) \equiv x + z - y.$$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_assoc_right_perm*.

Lemma *Uminus_lt_left* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv y \rightarrow x - y < x.$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_lt_left*.

Lemma *Uesp_mult_le* :

$$\begin{aligned} \forall x y z, [1-]x \leq y \rightarrow x \times z \leq [1-](y \times z) \\ \rightarrow (x \& y) \times z \equiv x \times z + y \times z - z. \end{aligned}$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_mult_le*.

Lemma *Uesp_mult_ge* :

$$\begin{aligned} \forall x y z, [1-]x \leq y \rightarrow [1-](x \times z) \leq y \times z \\ \rightarrow (x \& y) \times z \equiv (x \times z) \& (y \times z) + [1-]z. \end{aligned}$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_mult_ge*.

4.15 Definition and properties of generalized sums

Definition $\text{sigma} : (\text{nat} \rightarrow U) \rightarrow \text{nat} \multimap U$.

Defined.

Lemma $\text{sigma}_0 : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{sigma } f \ O \equiv 0$.

Lemma $\text{sigma}_S : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{sigma } f \ (S \ n) = (f \ n) + (\text{sigma } f \ n)$.

Lemma $\text{sigma}_1 : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{sigma } f \ (S \ 0) \equiv f \ O$.

Lemma $\text{sigma_incr} : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n \ m : \text{nat}), (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{sigma } f \ n \leq \text{sigma } f \ m$.

Hint Resolve sigma_incr .

Lemma $\text{sigma_eq_compat} : \forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), (\forall k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \equiv g \ k) \rightarrow \text{sigma } f \ n \equiv \text{sigma } g \ n$.

Lemma $\text{sigma_le_compat} : \forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), (\forall k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \leq g \ k) \rightarrow \text{sigma } f \ n \leq \text{sigma } g \ n$.

Lemma $\text{sigma_S_lift} : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{sigma } f \ (S \ n) \equiv (f \ O) + (\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ (S \ k)) \ n)$.

Lemma $\text{sigma_plus_lift} : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n \ m : \text{nat}), \text{sigma } f \ (n+m) \% \text{nat} \equiv \text{sigma } f \ n + \text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ (n+k) \% \text{nat}) \ m$.

Lemma $\text{sigma_zero} : \forall f \ n, (\forall k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \equiv 0) \rightarrow \text{sigma } f \ n \equiv 0$.

Lemma $\text{sigma_not_zero} : \forall f \ n \ k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow 0 < f \ k \rightarrow 0 < \text{sigma } f \ n$.

Lemma $\text{sigma_zero_elim} : \forall f \ n, (\text{sigma } f \ n) \equiv 0 \rightarrow \forall k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve sigma_eq_compat sigma_le_compat sigma_zero .

Lemma $\text{sigma_le} : \forall f \ n \ k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \leq \text{sigma } f \ n$.

Hint Resolve sigma_le .

Lemma $\text{sigma_minus_decr} : \forall f \ n, (\forall k, f \ (S \ k) \leq f \ k) \rightarrow \text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ k - f \ (S \ k)) \ n \equiv f \ O - f \ n$.

Lemma $\text{sigma_minus_incr} : \forall f \ n, (\forall k, f \ k \leq f \ (S \ k)) \rightarrow \text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ (S \ k) - f \ k) \ n \equiv f \ n - f \ O$.

4.16 Definition and properties of generalized products

Definition $\text{prod} (\alpha : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}) := \text{compr } U \text{mult } 1 \ \alpha \ n$.

Lemma $\text{prod}_0 : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{prod } f \ 0 = 1$.

Lemma $\text{prod}_S : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{prod } f \ (S \ n) = (f \ n) \times (\text{prod } f \ n)$.

Lemma $\text{prod}_1 : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{prod } f \ (S \ 0) \equiv f \ O$.

Lemma $\text{prod}_S_{\text{lift}} : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{prod } f \ (S \ n) \equiv (f \ O) \times (\text{prod } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ (S \ k)) \ n)$.

Lemma $\text{prod_decr} : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n \ m : \text{nat}), (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{prod } f \ m \leq \text{prod } f \ n$.

Hint Resolve prod_decr .

Lemma $\text{prod_eq_compat} : \forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), (\forall k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \equiv g \ k) \rightarrow (\text{prod } f \ n) \equiv (\text{prod } g \ n)$.

Lemma $\text{prod_le_compat} : \forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), (\forall k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \leq g \ k) \rightarrow \text{prod } f \ n \leq \text{prod } g \ n$.

Lemma $\text{prod_zero} : \forall f \ n \ k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k == 0 \rightarrow \text{prod } f \ n == 0$.

Lemma $\text{prod_not_zero} : \forall f \ n,$

```

 $(\forall k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow 0 < f k) \rightarrow 0 < \text{prod } f n.$ 
Lemma prod_zero_elim :  $\forall f n,$   

 $\text{prod } f n \equiv 0 \rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (k < n) \% \text{nat} \wedge f k == 0).$ 
Hint Resolve prod_eq_compat prod_le_compat prod_not_zero.
Lemma prod_le :  $\forall f n k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{prod } f n \leq f k.$ 
Lemma prod_minus :  $\forall f n, \text{prod } f n - \text{prod } f (S n) \equiv ([1]-f n) \times \text{prod } f n.$ 
Definition Prod :  $(\text{nat} \rightarrow U) \rightarrow \text{nat} \multimap U.$ 
Defined.
Lemma Prod_simpl :  $\forall f n, \text{Prod } f n = \text{prod } f n.$ 
Hint Resolve Prod_simpl.

```

4.17 Properties of *Unth*

```

Lemma Unth_eq_compat :  $\forall n m, n = m \rightarrow [1/]1+n \equiv [1/]1+m.$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_eq_compat.
Lemma Unth_zero :  $[1/]1+0 \equiv 1.$ 
Notation "[1/2]" := (Unth 1).
Lemma Unth_one :  $\frac{1}{2} \equiv [1-] \frac{1}{2}.$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_zero Unth_one.
Lemma Unth_one_plus :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \equiv 1.$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_one_plus.
Lemma Unth_one_refl :  $\forall t, \frac{1}{2} \times t + \frac{1}{2} \times t \equiv t.$ 
Lemma Unth_not_null :  $\forall n, \neg (0 \equiv [1/]1+n).$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_not_null.
Lemma Unth_lt_zero :  $\forall n, 0 < [1/]1+n.$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_lt_zero.
Lemma Unth_inv_lt_one :  $\forall n, [1-][1/]1+n < 1.$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_inv_lt_one.
Lemma Unth_not_one :  $\forall n, \neg (1 \equiv [1-][1/]1+n).$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_not_one.
Lemma Unth_prop_sigma :  $\forall n, [1/]1+n \equiv [1-] (\sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n) n).$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_prop_sigma.
Lemma Unth_sigma_n :  $\forall n : \text{nat}, \neg (1 \equiv \sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n) n).$ 
Lemma Unth_sigma_Sn :  $\forall n : \text{nat}, 1 \equiv \sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n) (S n).$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_sigma_n Unth_sigma_Sn.
Lemma Unth_decr :  $\forall n m, (n < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow [1/]1+m < [1/]1+n.$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_decr.
Lemma Unth_decr_S :  $\forall n, [1/]1+(S n) < [1/]1+n.$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_decr_S.
Lemma Unth_le_compat :
 $\forall n m, (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow [1/]1+m \leq [1/]1+n.$ 
Hint Resolve Unth_le_compat.
Lemma Unth_le_equiv :
 $\forall n m, [1/]1+n \leq [1/]1+m \leftrightarrow (m \leq n) \% \text{nat}.$ 
Lemma Unth_eq_equiv :
 $\forall n m, [1/]1+n \equiv [1/]1+m \leftrightarrow (m = n) \% \text{nat}.$ 

```

Lemma *Unth_le_half* : $\forall n, [1/]1+(S n) \leq \frac{1}{2}$.
Hint Resolve *Unth_le_half*.

4.17.1 Mean of two numbers : $\frac{1}{2} x + \frac{1}{2} y$

Definition *mean* ($x y:U$) := $\frac{1}{2} \times x + \frac{1}{2} \times y$.

Lemma *mean_eq* : $\forall x:U, mean x x \equiv x$.

Lemma *mean_le_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow mean x y \leq mean x z$.

Lemma *mean_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y \rightarrow mean x z \leq mean y z$.

Hint Resolve *mean_eq mean_le_compat_left mean_le_compat_right*.

Lemma *mean_lt_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, y < z \rightarrow mean x y < mean x z$.

Lemma *mean_lt_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, x < y \rightarrow mean x z < mean y z$.

Hint Resolve *mean_eq mean_le_compat_left mean_le_compat_right*.

Hint Resolve *mean_lt_compat_left mean_lt_compat_right*.

Lemma *mean_le_up* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow mean x y \leq y$.

Lemma *mean_le_down* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow x \leq mean x y$.

Lemma *mean_lt_up* : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow mean x y < y$.

Lemma *mean_lt_down* : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow x < mean x y$.

Hint Resolve *mean_le_up mean_le_down mean_lt_up mean_lt_down*.

4.17.2 Properties of $\frac{1}{2}$

Lemma *le_half_inv* : $\forall x, x \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x \leq [1-] x$.

Hint Immediate *le_half_inv*.

Lemma *ge_half_inv* : $\forall x, \frac{1}{2} \leq x \rightarrow [1-] x \leq x$.

Hint Immediate *ge_half_inv*.

Lemma *Uinv_le_half_left* : $\forall x, x \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \leq [1-] x$.

Lemma *Uinv_le_half_right* : $\forall x, \frac{1}{2} \leq x \rightarrow [1-] x \leq \frac{1}{2}$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_le_half_left Uinv_le_half_right*.

Lemma *half_twice* : $\forall x, x \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times (x + x) \equiv x$.

Lemma *half_twice_le* : $\forall x, \frac{1}{2} \times (x + x) \leq x$.

Lemma *Uinv_half* : $\forall x, \frac{1}{2} \times ([1-] x) + \frac{1}{2} \equiv [1-] (\frac{1}{2} \times x)$.

Lemma *Uinv_half_plus* : $\forall x, [1-]x + \frac{1}{2} \times x \equiv [1-] (\frac{1}{2} \times x)$.

Lemma *half_esp* :

$\forall x, ([1/2] \leq x) \rightarrow ([1/2]) \times (x \& x) + \frac{1}{2} \equiv x$.

Lemma *half_esp_le* : $\forall x, x \leq \frac{1}{2} \times (x \& x) + \frac{1}{2}$.

Hint Resolve *half_esp_le*.

Lemma *half_le* : $\forall x y, y \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x \leq y + y \rightarrow ([1/2]) \times x \leq y$.

Lemma *half_Unth_le* : $\forall n, \frac{1}{2} \times ([1/]1+n) \leq [1/]1+(S n)$.

Hint Resolve *half_le half_Unth_le*.

Lemma *half_exp* : $\forall n, [1/2]^n \equiv [1/2]^(S n) + [1/2]^(S n)$.

4.18 Diff function : $|x - y|$

Definition $\text{diff } (x \ y:U) := (x - y) + (y - x)$.

Lemma $\text{diff_eq} : \forall x, \text{diff } x \ x \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve diff_eq .

Lemma $\text{diff_sym} : \forall x \ y, \text{diff } x \ y \equiv \text{diff } y \ x$.

Hint Resolve diff_sym .

Lemma $\text{diff_zero} : \forall x, \text{diff } x \ 0 \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve diff_zero .

Add Morphism diff with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq \implies Oeq$ as diff_eq_compat .

Qed.

Hint Immediate diff_eq_compat .

Lemma $\text{diff_plus_ok} : \forall x \ y, x - y \leq [1-](y - x)$.

Hint Resolve diff_plus_ok .

Lemma $\text{diff_Uminus} : \forall x \ y, x \leq y \rightarrow \text{diff } x \ y \equiv y - x$.

Lemma $\text{diff_Uplus_le} : \forall x \ y, x \leq \text{diff } x \ y + y$.

Hint Resolve diff_Uplus_le .

Lemma $\text{diff_triangular} : \forall x \ y \ z, \text{diff } x \ y \leq \text{diff } x \ z + \text{diff } y \ z$.

Hint Resolve diff_triangular .

4.19 Density

Lemma $\text{Ule_lt_lim} : \forall x \ y, (\forall t, t < x \rightarrow t \leq y) \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma $\text{Ule_nth_lim} : \forall x \ y, (\forall p, x \leq y + [1/1+p]) \rightarrow x \leq y$.

4.20 Properties of least upper bounds

Lemma $\text{lub_un} : \text{mlub } (\text{cte nat } 1) \equiv 1$.

Hint Resolve lub_un .

Lemma $\text{UPlusk_eq} : \forall k, \text{UPlus } k \equiv \text{mon } (\text{Uplus } k)$.

Lemma $\text{UMultk_eq} : \forall k, \text{UMult } k \equiv \text{mon } (\text{Umult } k)$.

Lemma $\text{UPlus_continuous_right} : \forall k, \text{continuous } (\text{UPlus } k)$.

Hint Resolve $\text{UPlus_continuous_right}$.

Lemma $\text{UPlus_continuous_left} : \text{continuous } \text{UPlus}$.

Hint Resolve $\text{UPlus_continuous_left}$.

Lemma $\text{UMult_continuous_right} : \forall k, \text{continuous } (\text{UMult } k)$.

Hint Resolve $\text{UMult_continuous_right}$.

Lemma $\text{UMult_continuous_left} : \text{continuous } \text{UMult}$.

Hint Resolve $\text{UMult_continuous_left}$.

Lemma $\text{lub_eq_plus_cte_left} : \forall (f:\text{nat } \text{-} m > U) (k:U), \text{lub } ((\text{UPlus } k) @ f) \equiv k + \text{lub } f$.

Hint Resolve $\text{lub_eq_plus_cte_left}$.

Lemma $\text{lub_eq_mult} : \forall (k:U) (f:\text{nat } \text{-} m > U), \text{lub } ((\text{UMult } k) @ f) \equiv k \times \text{lub } f$.

Hint Resolve lub_eq_mult .

Lemma $\text{lub_eq_plus_cte_right} : \forall (f : \text{nat } \text{-} m > U) (k:U)$,

$\text{lub } ((\text{mshift } \text{UPlus } k) @ f) \equiv \text{lub } f + k$

Hint Resolve $\text{lub_eq_plus_cte_right}$.

Lemma $\text{min_lub_le} : \forall f \ g : \text{nat } \text{-} m > U$,

$\text{lub } ((\text{Min } @^2 f) \ g) \leq \text{min } (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g)$.

Lemma *min_lub_le_incr_aux* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$,
 $(\forall n, \text{exc } (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge f n \leq g m))$
 $\rightarrow \text{min } (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g) \leq \text{lub } ((\text{Min } @^2 f) g)$.

Lemma *min_lub_le_incr* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$,
 $\text{min } (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g) \leq \text{lub } ((\text{Min } @^2 f) g)$.

Lemma *min_continuous2* : *continuous2 Min*.

Hint Resolve *min_continuous2*.

Lemma *lub_eq_esp_right* :

$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (k : U), \text{lub } ((\text{mshift } \text{UEsp } k) @ f) \equiv \text{lub } f \& k$.

Hint Resolve *lub_eq_esp_right*.

Lemma *Udiv_continuous* : $\forall (k : U), \text{continuous } (\text{UDiv } k)$.

Hint Resolve *Udiv_continuous*.

4.21 Greatest lower bounds

Definition *glb* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) := [1-] ($\text{lub } (\text{UIInv } @ f)$).

Lemma *glb_le* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{glb } f \leq (f n)$.

Lemma *le_glb* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (x : U),$
 $(\forall n : \text{nat}, x \leq f n) \rightarrow x \leq \text{glb } f$.

Hint Resolve *glb_le le_glb*.

Definition *Uopp* : *cpo* ($o := \text{Iord } U$) U .

Defined.

Lemma *Uopp_lub_simpl*

: $\forall h : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{lub } (\text{cpo} := \text{Uopp}) h = \text{glb } h$.

Lemma *Uopp_mon_seq* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U,$

$\forall n m : \text{nat}, (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f m \leq f n$.

Hint Resolve *Uopp_mon_seq*.

Infinite product: $\prod_{i=0}^{\infty} f i$ **Definition** *prod_inf* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) : $U := \text{glb } (\text{Prod } f)$.

Properties of *glb*

Lemma *glb_le_compat*:

$\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, (\forall x, f x \leq g x) \rightarrow \text{glb } f \leq \text{glb } g$.

Hint Resolve *glb_le_compat*.

Lemma *glb_eq_compat*:

$\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{glb } f \equiv \text{glb } g$.

Hint Resolve *glb_eq_compat*.

Lemma *glb_cte* : $\forall c : U, \text{glb } (\text{mon } (\text{cte nat } (o1 := (\text{Iord } U)) c)) \equiv c$.

Hint Resolve *glb_cte*.

Lemma *glb_eq_plus_cte_right*:

$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (k : U), \text{glb } (\text{Imon } (\text{mshift } \text{UPlus } k) @ f) \equiv \text{glb } f + k$.

Hint Resolve *glb_eq_plus_cte_right*.

Lemma *glb_eq_plus_cte_left*:

$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (k : U), \text{glb } (\text{Imon } (\text{UPlus } k) @ f) \equiv k + \text{glb } f$.

Hint Resolve *glb_eq_plus_cte_left*.

Lemma *glb_eq_mult*:

$\forall (k : U) (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{glb } (\text{Imon } (\text{UMult } k) @ f) \equiv k \times \text{glb } f$.

Lemma *Imon2_plus_continuous*

: *continuous2* ($c1 := \text{Uopp}$) ($c2 := \text{Uopp}$) ($c3 := \text{Uopp}$) ($\text{imon2 } \text{Uplus}$).

Hint Resolve *Imon2_plus_continuous*.

Lemma *Uinv_continuous* : continuous ($c1 := Uopp$) *UInv*.
Lemma *Uinv_lub_eq* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, [1-](\text{lub } (\text{cpo} := Uopp) f) \equiv \text{lub } (\text{UInv}@f)$.
Lemma *Uinvopp_mon* : monotonic ($o2 := Iord U$) *Uinv*.
Hint Resolve *Uinvopp_mon*.
Definition *UInvopp* : $U \rightarrow U$
 $:= \text{mon } (o2 := Iord U) \text{ Uinv } (\text{fmonotonic} := \text{Uinvopp_mon})$.
Lemma *UInvopp_simpl* : $\forall x, \text{UInvopp } x = [1-]x$.
Lemma *Uinvopp_continuous* : continuous ($c2 := Uopp$) *UInvopp*.
Lemma *Uinvopp_lub_eq*
 $: \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, [1-](\text{lub } f) \equiv \text{lub } (\text{cpo} := Uopp) (\text{UInvopp}@f)$.
Hint Resolve *Uinv_continuous* *Uinvopp_continuous*.
Instance *Uminus_mon2* : monotonic2 ($o2 := Iord U$) *Uminus*.
Save.
Definition *UMinus* : $U \rightarrow U := \text{mon2 } Uminus$.
Lemma *UMinus_simpl* : $\forall x y, \text{UMinus } x y = x - y$.
Lemma *Uminus_continuous2* : continuous2 ($c2 := Uopp$) *UMinus*.
Hint Resolve *Uminus_continuous2*.
Lemma *glb_le_esp* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, (\text{glb } f) \& (\text{glb } g) \leq \text{glb } ((\text{imon2 } Uesp @^2 f) g)$.
Hint Resolve *glb_le_esp*.
Lemma *Uesp_min* : $\forall a1 a2 b1 b2, \text{min } a1 b1 \& \text{min } a2 b2 \leq \text{min } (a1 \& a2) (b1 \& b2)$.

Defining lubs of arbitrary sequences

Fixpoint *seq_max* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) ($n : \text{nat}$) : $U := \text{match } n \text{ with}$
 $O \Rightarrow f O \mid S p \Rightarrow \text{max } (\text{seq_max } f p) (f (S p)) \text{ end}$.
Lemma *seq_max_incr* : $\forall f n, \text{seq_max } f n \leq \text{seq_max } f (S n)$.
Hint Resolve *seq_max_incr*.
Lemma *seq_max_le* : $\forall f n, f n \leq \text{seq_max } f n$.
Hint Resolve *seq_max_le*.
Instance *seq_max_mon* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{monotonic } (\text{seq_max } f)$.
Save.
Definition *sMax* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) : $\text{nat} \rightarrow U := \text{mon } (\text{seq_max } f)$.
Lemma *sMax_mult* : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{sMax } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) \equiv \text{UMult } k @ \text{sMax } f$.
Lemma *sMax_plus_cte_right* : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{sMax } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + k) \equiv \text{mshift } UPlus k @ \text{sMax } f$.
Definition *Ulub* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) := $\text{lub } (\text{sMax } f)$.
Lemma *le_Ulub* : $\forall f n, f n \leq \text{Ulub } f$.
Lemma *Ulub_le* : $\forall f x, (\forall n, f n \leq x) \rightarrow \text{Ulub } f \leq x$.
Hint Resolve *le_Ulub* *Ulub_le*.
Lemma *Ulub_le_compat* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{Ulub } f \leq \text{Ulub } g$.
Hint Resolve *Ulub_le_compat*.
Add Morphism *Ulub* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq* as *Ulub_eq_compat*.
Save.
Hint Resolve *Ulub_eq_compat*.
Lemma *Ulub_eq_mult* : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{Ulub } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) == k \times \text{Ulub } f$.
Lemma *Ulub_eq_plus_cte_right* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) k, \text{Ulub } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + k) == \text{Ulub } f + k$.
Hint Resolve *Ulub_eq_mult* *Ulub_eq_plus_cte_right*.

Lemma *Ulub_eq_esp_right* :

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (k : U), \text{Ulub} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n \ \& \ k) \equiv \text{Ulub } f \ \& \ k.$$

Hint Resolve *lub_eq_esp_right*.

Lemma *Ulub_le_plus* : $\forall f g, \text{Ulub} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + g n) \leq \text{Ulub } f + \text{Ulub } g$.

Hint Resolve *Ulub_le_plus*.

Definition *Uglb* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) : $U := [1-] \text{Ulub} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow [1-](f n))$.

Lemma *Uglb_le*: $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{Uglb } f \leq f n$.

Lemma *le_Uglb*: $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (x : U),$

$$(\forall n : \text{nat}, x \leq f n) \rightarrow x \leq \text{Uglb } f.$$

Hint Resolve *Uglb_le le_Uglb*.

Lemma *Uglb_le_compat* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{Uglb } f \leq \text{Uglb } g$.

Hint Resolve *Uglb_le_compat*.

Add *Morphism* *Uglb* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq* as *Uglb_eq_compat*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *Uglb_eq_compat*.

Lemma *Uglb_eq_plus_cte_right*:

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (k : U), \text{Uglb} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + k) \equiv \text{Uglb } f + k.$$

Hint Resolve *Uglb_eq_plus_cte_right*.

Lemma *Uglb_eq_mult*:

$$\forall (k : U) (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{Uglb} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) \equiv k \times \text{Uglb } f.$$

Hint Resolve *Uglb_eq_mult Uglb_eq_plus_cte_right*.

Lemma *Uglb_le_plus* : $\forall f g, \text{Uglb } f + \text{Uglb } g \leq \text{Uglb} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + g n)$.

Hint Resolve *Uglb_le_plus*.

Lemma *Ulub_lub* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{Ulub } f \equiv \text{lub } f$.

Hint Resolve *Ulub_lub*.

Lemma *Uglb_glb* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{Uglb } f \equiv \text{glb } f$.

Hint Resolve *Uglb_glb*.

Lemma *lub_le_plus* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{lub} ((\text{UPlus} @^2 f) g) \leq \text{lub } f + \text{lub } g$.

Hint Resolve *lub_le_plus*.

Lemma *glb_le_plus* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{glb } f + \text{glb } g \leq \text{glb} ((\text{Imon2 UPlus} @^2 f) g)$.

Hint Resolve *glb_le_plus*.

Lemma *lub_eq_plus* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{lub} ((\text{UPlus} @^2 f) g) \equiv \text{lub } f + \text{lub } g$.

Hint Resolve *lub_eq_plus*.

Lemma *glb_mon* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{Uglb } f \equiv f O$.

Lemma *lub_inv* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), (\forall n, f n \leq [1-] g n) \rightarrow \text{lub } f \leq [1-] (\text{lub } g)$.

Lemma *glb_lift_left* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) n,$

$$\text{glb } f \equiv \text{glb} (\text{mon} (\text{seq_lift_left } f n)).$$

Hint Resolve *glb_lift_left*.

Lemma *Ulub_mon* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{Ulub } f \equiv f O$.

Lemma *lub_glb_le* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$

$$(\forall n, f n \leq g n) \rightarrow \text{lub } f \leq \text{glb } g.$$

Lemma *lub_lub_inv_le* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U,$

$$(\forall n, f n \leq [1-] g n) \rightarrow \text{lub } f \leq [1-] \text{lub } g.$$

Lemma *Uplus_opp_continuous_right* :

$$\forall k, \text{continuous } (c1 := \text{Uopp}) (c2 := \text{Uopp}) (\text{Imon} (\text{UPlus} k)).$$

Lemma *Uplus_opp_continuous_left* :

$$\text{continuous } (c1 := \text{Uopp}) (c2 := \text{fmon_cpo } (o := \text{Iord } U) (c := \text{Uopp})) (\text{Imon2 UPlus}).$$

```

Hint Resolve Uplus_opp_continuous_right Uplus_opp_continuous_left.

Instance Uplusopp_continuous2 : continuous2 (c1:=Uopp) (c2:=Uopp) (c3:=Uopp) (Imon2 UPlus).
Save.

Lemma Uplusopp_lub_eq : ∀ (f g : nat -m→ U),
  lub (cpo:=Uopp) f + lub (cpo:=Uopp) g ≡ lub (cpo:=Uopp) ((Imon2 UPlus @² f) g).

Lemma glb_eq_plus : ∀ (f g : nat -m→ U), glb ((Imon2 UPlus @² f) g) ≡ glb f + glb g.
Hint Resolve glb_eq_plus.

Instance UEsp_continuous2 : continuous2 UEsp.
Save.

Lemma Uesp_lub_eq : ∀ f g : nat -m> U, lub f & lub g ≡ lub ((UEsp @² f) g).

Instance sigma_mon :monotonic sigma.
Save.

Definition Sigma : (nat → U) -m> nat-m> U
  := mon sigma (fmonotonic:=sigma_mon).

Lemma Sigma_simpl : ∀ f, Sigma f = sigma f.

Lemma sigma_continuous1 : continuous Sigma.

Lemma sigma_lub1 : ∀ (f : nat -m> (nat → U)) n,
  sigma (lub f) n ≡ lub ((mshift Sigma n) @ f).

Definition MF (A:Type) : Type := A → U.

Definition MFcpo (A:Type) : cpo (MF A) := fcpo cpoU.

Definition MFopp (A:Type) : cpo (o:=Iord (A → U)) (MF A).
Defined.

Lemma MFopp_lub_eq : ∀ (A:Type) (h:nat-m→ MF A),
  lub (cpo:=MFopp A) h ≡ fun x ⇒ glb (Iord_app x @ h).

Lemma fle_intro : ∀ (A:Type) (f g : MF A), (∀ x, f x ≤ g x) → f ≤ g.
Hint Resolve fle_intro.

Lemma feq_intro : ∀ (A:Type) (f g : MF A), (∀ x, f x ≡ g x) → f ≡ g.
Hint Resolve feq_intro.

Definition fplus (A:Type) (f g : MF A) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ f x + g x.

Definition fmult (A:Type) (k:U) (f : MF A) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ k × f x.

Definition finv (A:Type) (f : MF A) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ [1-] f x.

Definition fzzero (A:Type) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ 0.

Definition fdiv (A:Type) (k:U) (f : MF A) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ (f x) / k.

Definition flub (A:Type) (f : nat -m> MF A) : MF A := lub f.

Lemma fplus_simpl : ∀ (A:Type)(f g : MF A) (x : A),
  fplus f g x = f x + g x.

Lemma fplus_def : ∀ (A:Type)(f g : MF A),
  fplus f g = fun x ⇒ f x + g x.

Lemma fmult_simpl : ∀ (A:Type)(k:U) (f : MF A) (x : A),
  fmult k f x = k × f x.

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Lemma fmult_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type})(k:U) (f : MF A),$   

 $\quad \text{fmult } k f = \text{fun } x \Rightarrow k \times f x.$ 
Lemma fdiv_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type})(k:U) (f : MF A) (x : A),$   

 $\quad \text{fdiv } k f x = f x / k.$ 
Lemma fdiv_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type})(k:U) (f : MF A),$   

 $\quad \text{fdiv } k f = \text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x / k.$ 
Implicit Arguments fzero [].
Lemma fzero_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type})(x : A), fzero A x = 0.$ 
Lemma fzero_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}), fzero A = \text{fun } x:A \Rightarrow 0.$ 
Lemma finv_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f : MF A) (x : A), finv f x = [1\text{-}]f x.$ 
Lemma finv_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f : MF A), finv f = \text{fun } x \Rightarrow [1\text{-}](f x).$ 
Lemma flub_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f:nat\text{-}m> MF A) (x:A),$   

 $\quad (flub f) x = lub (f <\!o\!> x).$ 
Lemma flub_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f:nat\text{-}m> MF A),$   

 $\quad (flub f) = \text{fun } x \Rightarrow lub (f <\!o\!> x).$ 
Hint Resolve fplus_simpl fmult_simpl fzero_simpl finv_simpl flub_simpl.
Definition fone ( $A:\text{Type}$ ) :  $MF A := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow 1.$ 
Implicit Arguments fone [].
Lemma fone_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (x:A), fone A x = 1.$ 
Lemma fone_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}), fone A = \text{fun } (x:A) \Rightarrow 1.$ 
Definition fcte ( $A:\text{Type}$ ) ( $k:U$ ) :  $MF A := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow k.$ 
Implicit Arguments fcte [].
Lemma fcte_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (k:U) (x:A), fcte A k x = k.$ 
Lemma fcte_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (k:U), fcte A k = \text{fun } (x:A) \Rightarrow k.$ 
Definition fminus ( $A:\text{Type}$ ) ( $f g : MF A$ ) :  $MF A := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x - g x.$ 
Lemma fminus_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f g: MF A) (x:A), fminus f g x = f x - g x.$ 
Lemma fminus_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f g: MF A), fminus f g = \text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x - g x.$ 
Definition fesp ( $A:\text{Type}$ ) ( $f g : MF A$ ) :  $MF A := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x \& g x.$ 
Lemma fesp_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f g: MF A) (x:A), fesp f g x = f x \& g x.$ 
Lemma fesp_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f g: MF A), fesp f g = \text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x \& g x.$ 
Definition fconj ( $A:\text{Type}$ ) ( $f g: MF A$ ) :  $MF A := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x \times g x.$ 
Lemma fconj_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f g: MF A) (x:A), fconj f g x = f x \times g x.$ 
Lemma fconj_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f g: MF A), fconj f g = \text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x \times g x.$ 
Lemma MF_lub_simpl :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f : nat\text{-}m> MF A) (x:A),$   

 $\quad lub f x = lub (f <\!o\!> x).$ 
Hint Resolve MF_lub_simpl.
Lemma MF_lub_def :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f : nat\text{-}m> MF A),$   

 $\quad lub f = \text{fun } x \Rightarrow lub (f <\!o\!> x).$ 

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4.21.1 Defining morphisms

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Lemma fplus_eq_compat :  $\forall A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),$   

 $\quad f1 \equiv f2 \rightarrow g1 \equiv g2 \rightarrow fplus f1 g1 \equiv fplus f2 g2.$ 
Add Parametric Morphism ( $A:\text{Type}$ ) : (@fplus  $A$ )
with signature Oeq  $\Rightarrow$  Oeq  $\Rightarrow$  Oeq

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    as fplus-freq-compat-morph.
Save.

Instance fplus-mon2 : ∀ A, monotonic2 (fplus (A:=A)).
Save.

Hint Resolve fplus-mon2.

Lemma fplus-le_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
  f1 ≤ f2 → g1 ≤ g2 → fplus f1 g1 ≤ fplus f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fplus A) with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole
  as fplus-fle-compat-morph.

Save.

Lemma finv_eq_compat : ∀ A (f g:MF A), f ≡ g → finv f ≡ finv g.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@finv A) with signature Oeq ==> Oeq
  as finv-freq-compat-morph.

Save.

Instance finv-mon : ∀ A, monotonic (o2:=Iord (MF A)) (finv (A:=A)).
Save.

Hint Resolve finv-mon.

Lemma finv_le_compat : ∀ A (f g:MF A), f ≤ g → finv g ≤ finv f.

Add Parametric Morphism A: (@finv A)
  with signature Ole -> Ole as finv-fle-compat-morph.

Save.

Lemma fmult_eq_compat : ∀ A k1 k2 (f1 f2:MF A),
  k1 ≡ k2 → f1 ≡ f2 → fmult k1 f1 ≡ fmult k2 f2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fmult A)
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as fmult-freq-compat-morph.

Save.

Instance fmult-mon2 : ∀ A, monotonic2 (fmult (A:=A)).
Save.

Hint Resolve fmult-mon2.

Lemma fmult_le_compat : ∀ A k1 k2 (f1 f2:MF A),
  k1 ≤ k2 → f1 ≤ f2 → fmult k1 f1 ≤ fmult k2 f2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fmult A)
  with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole as fmult-fle-compat-morph.

Save.

Lemma fminus_eq_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
  f1 ≡ f2 → g1 ≡ g2 → fminus f1 g1 ≡ fminus f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fminus A)
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as fminus-freq-compat-morph.

Save.

Instance fminus-mon2 : ∀ A, monotonic2 (o2:=Iord (MF A)) (fminus (A:=A)).
Save.

Hint Resolve fminus-mon2.

Lemma fminus_le_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
  f1 ≤ f2 → g2 ≤ g1 → fminus f1 g1 ≤ fminus f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fminus A)
  with signature Ole ++> Ole -> Ole as fminus-fle-compat-morph.

Save.

Lemma fesp_eq_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),

```

$f1 \equiv f2 \rightarrow g1 \equiv g2 \rightarrow fesp\ f1\ g1 \equiv fesp\ f2\ g2.$

Add Parametric Morphism $A : (@fesp\ A)$ with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq \implies Oeq$ as $fesp_feq_compat_morph$.
Save.

Instance $fesp_mon2 : \forall A, \text{monotonic2 } (fesp\ (A:=A))$.

Save.

Hint Resolve $fesp_mon2$.

Lemma $fesp_le_compat : \forall A (f1\ f2\ g1\ g2 : MF\ A),$
 $f1 \leq f2 \rightarrow g1 \leq g2 \rightarrow fesp\ f1\ g1 \leq fesp\ f2\ g2.$

Add Parametric Morphism $A : (@fesp\ A)$
with signature $Ole \implies Ole \implies Ole$ as $fesp_fle_compat_morph$.
Save.

Lemma $fconj_eq_compat : \forall A (f1\ f2\ g1\ g2 : MF\ A),$
 $f1 \equiv f2 \rightarrow g1 \equiv g2 \rightarrow fconj\ f1\ g1 \equiv fconj\ f2\ g2.$

Add Parametric Morphism $A : (@fconj\ A)$
with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq \implies Oeq$
as $fconj_feq_compat_morph$.
Save.

Instance $fconj_mon2 : \forall A, \text{monotonic2 } (fconj\ (A:=A))$.
Save.

Hint Resolve $fconj_mon2$.

Lemma $fconj_le_compat : \forall A (f1\ f2\ g1\ g2 : MF\ A),$
 $f1 \leq f2 \rightarrow g1 \leq g2 \rightarrow fconj\ f1\ g1 \leq fconj\ f2\ g2.$

Add Parametric Morphism $A : (@fconj\ A)$ with signature $Ole \implies Ole \implies Ole$
as $fconj_fle_compat_morph$.
Save.

Hint Immediate $fplus_le_compat$ $fplus_eq_compat$ $fesp_le_compat$ $fesp_eq_compat$
 $fmult_le_compat$ $fmult_eq_compat$ $fminus_le_compat$ $fminus_eq_compat$
 $fconj_eq_compat$.

Hint Resolve $finv_eq_compat$.

4.21.2 Elementary properties

Lemma $fle_fplus_left : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f\ g : MF\ A), f \leq fplus\ f\ g.$

Lemma $fle_fplus_right : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f\ g : MF\ A), g \leq fplus\ f\ g.$

Lemma $fle_fmult : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (k:U) (f : MF\ A), fmult\ k\ f \leq f.$

Lemma $fle_zero : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f : MF\ A), fzero\ A \leq f.$

Lemma $fle_one : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f : MF\ A), f \leq fone\ A.$

Lemma $feq_finv_finv : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f : MF\ A), finv\ (finv\ f) \equiv f.$

Lemma $fle_fesp_left : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f\ g : MF\ A), fesp\ f\ g \leq f.$

Lemma $fle_fesp_right : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f\ g : MF\ A), fesp\ f\ g \leq g.$

Lemma $fle_fconj_left : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f\ g : MF\ A), fconj\ f\ g \leq f.$

Lemma $fle_fconj_right : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f\ g : MF\ A), fconj\ f\ g \leq g.$

Lemma $fconj_decomp : \forall A (f\ g : MF\ A),$
 $f \equiv fplus\ (fconj\ f\ g) (fconj\ f\ (finv\ g)).$

Hint Resolve $fconj_decomp$.

4.21.3 Compatibility of addition of two functions

Definition $fplusok (A:\text{Type}) (f g : MF A) := f \leq \text{finv } g$.

Hint Unfold $fplusok$.

Lemma $fplusok_sym : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f g : MF A), fplusok f g \rightarrow fplusok g f$.

Hint Immediate $fplusok_sym$.

Lemma $fplusok_inv : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f : MF A), fplusok f (\text{finv } f)$.

Hint Resolve $fplusok_inv$.

Lemma $fplusok_le_compat : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f1 f2 g1 g2 : MF A),$
 $fplusok f2 g2 \rightarrow f1 \leq f2 \rightarrow g1 \leq g2 \rightarrow fplusok f1 g1$.

Hint Resolve fle_fplus_left fle_fplus_right fle_zero fle_one feg_finv_finv $finv_le_compat$
 fle_fmult fle_fesp_left fle_fesp_right fle_fconj_left fle_fconj_right .

Lemma $fconj_fplusok : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (f g h : MF A),$
 $fplusok g h \rightarrow fplusok (fconj f g) (fconj f h)$.

Hint Resolve $fconj_fplusok$.

Definition $Fconj A : MF A \text{-m} > MF A \text{-m} > MF A := \text{mon2} (fconj (A:=A))$.

Lemma $Fconj_simpl : \forall A f g, Fconj A f g = fconj f g$.

Lemma $fconj_sym : \forall A (f g : MF A), fconj f g \equiv fconj g f$.

Hint Resolve $fconj_sym$.

Lemma $Fconj_sym : \forall A (f g : MF A), Fconj A f g \equiv Fconj A g f$.

Hint Resolve $Fconj_sym$.

Lemma $lub_MF_simpl : \forall A (h : nat \text{-m} > MF A) (x:A), lub h x = lub (h < o > x)$.

Instance $fconj_continuous2 A : \text{continuous2} (Fconj A)$.

Save.

Definition $Fmult A : U \text{-m} > MF A \text{-m} > MF A := \text{mon2} (fmult (A:=A))$.

Lemma $Fmult_simpl : \forall A k f, Fmult A k f = fm样子 k f$.

Lemma $Fmult_simpl2 : \forall A k f x, Fmult A k f x = k \times (f x)$.

Lemma $fm样子_continuous2 : \forall A, \text{continuous2} (Fmult A)$.

Lemma $Umult_sym_cst$:

$\forall A : \text{Type},$
 $\forall (k : U) (f : MF A), (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow f x \times k) \equiv (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow k \times f x)$.

4.22 Fixpoints of functions of type $A \rightarrow U$

Section $FixDef$.

Variable $A : \text{Type}$.

Variable $F : MF A \text{-m} > MF A$.

Definition $mufix : MF A := fixp F$.

Definition $G : MF A \text{-m} > MF A := \text{Imon } F$.

Definition $nufix : MF A := fixp (c := MFopp A) G$.

Lemma $mufix_inv : \forall f : MF A, F f \leq f \rightarrow mufix \leq f$.

Hint Resolve $mufix_inv$.

Lemma $nufix_inv : \forall f : MF A, f \leq F f \rightarrow f \leq nufix$.

Hint Resolve $nufix_inv$.

Lemma $mufix_le : mufix \leq F mufix$.

Hint Resolve $mufix_le$.

Lemma $nufix_sup : F nufix \leq nufix$.

Hint Resolve *nufix-sup*.

Lemma *mufix_eq* : continuous $F \rightarrow mufix \equiv F$ *mufix*.

Hint Resolve *mufix_eq*.

Lemma *nufix_eq* : continuous ($c1:=MFopp A$) ($c2:=MFopp A$) $G \rightarrow nufix \equiv F$ *nufix*.

Hint Resolve *nufix_eq*.

End *FixDef*.

Hint Resolve *mufix_le* *mufix_eq* *nufix_sup* *nufix_eq*.

Definition *Fcte* ($A:\text{Type}$) ($f:MF A$) : $MF A -m > MF A := mon (cte (MF A) f)$.

Lemma *mufix_cte* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f:MF A)$, *mufix* (*Fcte f*) $\equiv f$.

Lemma *nufix_cte* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f:MF A)$, *nufix* (*Fcte f*) $\equiv f$.

Hint Resolve *mufix_cte* *nufix_cte*.

4.23 Properties of (pseudo-)barycenter of two points

Lemma *Uinv_bary* :

$$\forall a b x y : U, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow [1\text{-}](a \times x + b \times y) \equiv a \times [1\text{-}]x + b \times [1\text{-}]y + [1\text{-}](a + b).$$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_bary*.

Lemma *Uinv_bary_le* :

$$\forall a b x y : U, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow a \times [1\text{-}]x + b \times [1\text{-}]y \leq [1\text{-}](a \times x + b \times y).$$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_bary_le*.

Lemma *Uinv_bary_eq* : $\forall a b x y : U, a \equiv [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow$

$$[1\text{-}](a \times x + b \times y) \equiv a \times [1\text{-}]x + b \times [1\text{-}]y.$$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_bary_eq*.

Lemma *bary_refl_eq* : $\forall a b x, a \equiv [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow a \times x + b \times x \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve *bary_refl_eq*.

Lemma *bary_refl_feq* : $\forall A a b (f:A \rightarrow U)$,

$$a \equiv [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow a \times f x + b \times f x) \equiv f.$$

Hint Resolve *bary_refl_feq*.

Lemma *bary_le_left* : $\forall a b x y, [1\text{-}]b \leq a \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow x \leq a \times x + b \times y$.

Lemma *bary_le_right* : $\forall a b x y, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow a \times x + b \times y \leq y$.

Hint Resolve *bary_le_left* *bary_le_right*.

Lemma *bary_up_eq* : $\forall a b x y : U, a \equiv [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow a \times x + b \times y \equiv x + b \times (y - x)$.

Lemma *bary_up_le* : $\forall a b x y : U, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow a \times x + b \times y \leq x + b \times (y - x)$.

Lemma *bary_anti_mon* : $\forall a b a' b' x y : U,$

$$a \equiv [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow a' \equiv [1\text{-}]b' \rightarrow a \leq a' \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow a' \times x + b' \times y \leq a \times x + b \times y$$

Hint Resolve *bary_anti_mon*.

Lemma *bary_Uminus_left* :

$$\forall a b x y : U, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow (a \times x + b \times y) - x \leq b \times (y - x).$$

Lemma *bary_Uminus_left_eq* :

$$\forall a b x y : U, a \equiv [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow (a \times x + b \times y) - x \equiv b \times (y - x).$$

Lemma *Uminus_bary_left*

$$: \forall a b x y : U, [1\text{-}]a \leq b \rightarrow x - (a \times x + b \times y) \leq b \times (x - y).$$

Lemma *Uminus_bary_left_eq*

$$: \forall a b x y : U, a \equiv [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow y \leq x \rightarrow x - (a \times x + b \times y) \equiv b \times (x - y).$$

Hint Resolve *bary_up_eq* *bary_up_le* *bary_Uminus_left* *Uminus_bary_left* *bary_Uminus_left_eq* *Uminus_bary_left_eq*.

Lemma *bary_le_simpl_right*

: $\forall a b x y : U, a \equiv [1-]b \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv a \rightarrow a \times x + b \times y \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y.$

Lemma *bary_le_simpl_left*

: $\forall a b x y : U, a \equiv [1-]b \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv b \rightarrow x \leq a \times x + b \times y \rightarrow x \leq y.$

Lemma *diff_bary_left_eq*

: $\forall a b x y : U, a \equiv [1-]b \rightarrow \text{diff } x (a \times x + b \times y) \equiv b \times \text{diff } x y.$

Hint Resolve *diff_bary_left_eq*.

Lemma *Uinv_half_bary*:

: $\forall x y : U, [1-] ([1/2] \times x + \frac{1}{2} \times y) \equiv \frac{1}{2} \times [1-] x + \frac{1}{2} \times [1-] y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_half_bary*.

Lemma *Uinv_Umult* : $\forall x y, [1-]x \times [1-]y \equiv [1-](x-x \times y+y).$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_Umult*.

4.24 Properties of generalized sums *sigma*

Lemma *sigma_plus* : $\forall (f g : nat \rightarrow U) (n:nat),$

$\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) + (g k)) n \equiv \text{sigma } f n + \text{sigma } g n.$

Definition *retract* ($f : nat \rightarrow U$) ($n : nat$) := $\forall k, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow f k \leq [1-] (\text{sigma } f k).$

Lemma *retract_class* : $\forall f n, \text{class } (\text{retract } f n).$

Hint Resolve *retract_class*.

Lemma *retract0* : $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U), \text{retract } f 0.$

Lemma *retract_pred* : $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n : nat), \text{retract } f (S n) \rightarrow \text{retract } f n.$

Lemma *retractS* : $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n : nat), \text{retract } f (S n) \rightarrow f n \leq [1-] (\text{sigma } f n).$

Hint Immediate *retract_pred retractS*.

Lemma *retractS_inv*:

: $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n : nat), \text{retract } f (S n) \rightarrow \text{sigma } f n \leq [1-] f n.$

Hint Immediate *retractS_inv*.

Lemma *retractS_intro*: $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n : nat),$

$\text{retract } f n \rightarrow f n \leq [1-] (\text{sigma } f n) \rightarrow \text{retract } f (S n).$

Hint Resolve *retract0 retractS_intro*.

Lemma *retract_lt* : $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n : nat), \text{sigma } f n < 1 \rightarrow \text{retract } f n.$

Lemma *retract_unif*:

: $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n : nat),$

$(\forall k, (k \leq n)\%nat \rightarrow f k \leq [1/]1+n) \rightarrow \text{retract } f (S n).$

Hint Resolve *retract_unif*.

Lemma *retract_unif_Nnth*:

: $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n : nat),$

$(\forall k : nat, (k \leq n)\%nat \rightarrow f k \leq [1/]n) \rightarrow \text{retract } f n.$

Hint Resolve *retract_unif_Nnth*.

Lemma *sigma_mult*:

: $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) n c, \text{retract } f n \rightarrow \text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c \times (f k)) n \equiv c \times (\text{sigma } f n).$

Hint Resolve *sigma_mult*.

Lemma *sigma_prod_maj* : $\forall (f g : nat \rightarrow U) n,$

$\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) \times (g k)) n \leq \text{sigma } f n.$

Hint Resolve *sigma_prod_maj*.

Lemma *sigma_prod_le* : $\forall (f g : nat \rightarrow U) (c:U), (\forall k, (f k) \leq c)$

$\rightarrow \forall n, \text{retract } g n \rightarrow \text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) \times (g k)) n \leq c \times (\text{sigma } g n).$

Lemma *sigma_prod_ge* : $\forall (f g : nat \rightarrow U) (c:U), (\forall k, c \leq (f k))$

$\rightarrow \forall n, (\text{retract } g n) \rightarrow c \times (\text{sigma } g n) \leq (\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) \times (g k)) n).$

Hint Resolve sigma_prod_maj sigma_prod_le sigma_prod_ge.

Lemma sigma_inv : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n:\text{nat}), (\text{retract } f n) \rightarrow [1-] (\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k) n) \equiv (\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times [1-] (g k)) n) + [1-] (\text{sigma } f n).$

4.25 Product by an integer

4.25.1 Definition of $Nmult\ n\ x$ written n^*/x

Fixpoint Nmult (n: nat) (x : U) {struct n} : U :=
 $\text{match } n \text{ with } O \Rightarrow 0 \mid (S\ O) \Rightarrow x \mid S\ p \Rightarrow x + (Nmult\ p\ x) \text{ end.}$

4.25.2 Condition for n^*/x to be exact : $n = 0$ or $x \leq 1/n$

Definition Nmult_def (n: nat) (x : U) :=
 $\text{match } n \text{ with } O \Rightarrow \text{True} \mid S\ p \Rightarrow x \leq [1/]1+p \text{ end.}$

Lemma Nmult_def_O : $\forall x, Nmult_def\ O\ x.$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_O.

Lemma Nmult_def_1 : $\forall x, Nmult_def\ (S\ O)\ x.$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_1.

Lemma Nmult_def_intro : $\forall n\ x, x \leq [1/]1+n \rightarrow Nmult_def\ (S\ n)\ x.$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_intro.

Lemma Nmult_def_Unth_le : $\forall n\ m, (n \leq S\ m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow Nmult_def\ n\ ([1/]1+m).$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_Unth_le.

Lemma Nmult_def_le : $\forall n\ m\ x, (n \leq S\ m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow x \leq [1/]1+m \rightarrow Nmult_def\ n\ x.$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_le.

Lemma Nmult_def_Unth : $\forall n, Nmult_def\ (S\ n)\ ([1/]1+n).$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_Unth.

Lemma Nmult_def_Nnth : $\forall n, Nmult_def\ n\ ([1/]n).$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_Nnth.

Lemma Nmult_def_pred : $\forall n\ x, Nmult_def\ (S\ n)\ x \rightarrow Nmult_def\ n\ x.$

Hint Immediate Nmult_def_pred.

Lemma Nmult_defS : $\forall n\ x, Nmult_def\ (S\ n)\ x \rightarrow x \leq [1/]1+n.$

Hint Immediate Nmult_defS.

Lemma Nmult_def_class : $\forall n\ p, \text{class}\ (Nmult_def\ n\ p).$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_class.

Infix "*/" := Nmult (at level 60) : U_scope.

Add Morphism Nmult_def with signature eq ==> Oeq ==> iff as Nmult_def_eq_compat.

Save.

Lemma Nmult_def_zero : $\forall n, Nmult_def\ n\ 0.$

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_zero.

4.25.3 Properties of n^*/x

Lemma Nmult_0 : $\forall (x:U), O^*/x = 0.$

Lemma Nmult_1 : $\forall (x:U), (S\ O)^*/x = x.$

Lemma Nmult_zero : $\forall n, n^*/0 \equiv 0.$

Lemma Nmult_SS : $\forall (n:\text{nat}) (x:U), S\ (S\ n)^*/x = x + (S\ n^*/x).$

Lemma Nmult_2 : $\forall (x:U), 2^*/x = x + x.$

Lemma $Nmult_S : \forall (n:nat) (x:U), S\ n\ */\ x \equiv x + (n\ */\ x)$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_0 Nmult_zero Nmult_1 Nmult_SS Nmult_2 Nmult_S$.

Add Morphism $Nmult$ with signature $eq \implies Oeq \implies Oeq$ as $Nmult_eq_compat$.

Save.

Hint Immediate $Nmult_eq_compat$.

Lemma $Nmult_eq_compat_left : \forall (n:nat) (x\ y:U), x \equiv y \rightarrow n\ */\ x \equiv n\ */\ y$.

Lemma $Nmult_eq_compat_right : \forall (n\ m:nat) (x:U), (n = m)\%nat \rightarrow n\ */\ x \equiv m\ */\ x$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_eq_compat_right$.

Lemma $Nmult_le_compat_right : \forall n\ x\ y, x \leq y \rightarrow n\ */\ x \leq n\ */\ y$.

Lemma $Nmult_le_compat_left : \forall n\ m\ x, (n \leq m)\%nat \rightarrow n\ */\ x \leq m\ */\ x$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_eq_compat_right Nmult_le_compat_right Nmult_le_compat_left$.

Lemma $Nmult_le_compat : \forall (n\ m:nat) x\ y, n \leq m \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow n\ */\ x \leq m\ */\ y$.

Hint Immediate $Nmult_le_compat$.

Instance $Nmult_mon2 : monotonic2 Nmult$.

Save.

Definition $NMult : nat -m> U -m> U := mon2 Nmult$.

Lemma $Nmult_sigma : \forall (n:nat) (x:U), n\ */\ x \equiv sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow x) n$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_sigma$.

Lemma $Nmult_Unth_prop : \forall n:nat, [1/]1+n \equiv [1-] (n*/ ([1/]1+n))$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_Unth_prop$.

Lemma $Nmult_n_Unth : \forall n:nat, n\ */ [1/]1+n \equiv [1-] ([1/]1+n)$.

Lemma $Nmult_Sn_Unth : \forall n:nat, S\ n\ */ [1/]1+n \equiv 1$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_n_Unth Nmult_Sn_Unth$.

Lemma $Nmult_ge_Sn_Unth : \forall n\ k, (S\ n \leq k)\%nat \rightarrow k\ */ [1/]1+n \equiv 1$.

Lemma $Nmult_n_Nnth : \forall n : nat, (0 < n)\%nat \rightarrow n\ */ [1/]n \equiv 1$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_n_Nnth$.

Lemma $Nnth_S : \forall n, [1/](S\ n) \equiv [1/]1+n$.

Lemma $Nmult_le_n_Unth : \forall n\ k, (k \leq n)\%nat \rightarrow k\ */ [1/]1+n \leq [1-] ([1/]1+n)$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_ge_Sn_Unth Nmult_le_n_Unth$.

Lemma $Nmult_def_inv : \forall n\ x, Nmult_def (S\ n) x \rightarrow n\ */ x \leq [1-] x$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_def_inv$.

Lemma $Nmult_Umult_assoc_left : \forall n\ x\ y, Nmult_def n\ x \rightarrow n\ */ (x \times y) \equiv (n\ */ x) \times y$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_Umult_assoc_left$.

Lemma $Nmult_Umult_assoc_right : \forall n\ x\ y, Nmult_def n\ y \rightarrow n\ */ (x \times y) \equiv x \times (n\ */ y)$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_Umult_assoc_right$.

Lemma $plus_Nmult_distr : \forall n\ m\ x, (n + m)\ */ x \equiv (n\ */ x) + (m\ */ x)$.

Lemma $Nmult_Uplus_distr : \forall n\ x\ y, n\ */ (x + y) \equiv (n\ */ x) + (n\ */ y)$.

Lemma $Nmult_mult_assoc : \forall n\ m\ x, (n \times m)\ */ x \equiv n\ */ (m\ */ x)$.

Lemma $Nmult_Unth_simpl_left : \forall n\ x, (S\ n)\ */ ([1/]1+n \times x) \equiv x$.

Lemma $Nmult_Unth_simpl_right : \forall n\ x, (S\ n)\ */ (x \times [1/]1+n) \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve $Nmult_Umult_assoc_right plus_Nmult_distr Nmult_Uplus_distr Nmult_mult_assoc Nmult_Unth_simpl_left Nmult_Unth_simpl_right$.

Lemma $Uinv_Nmult : \forall k\ n, [1-] (k\ */ [1/]1+n) \equiv ((S\ n) - k)\ */ [1/]1+n$.

Lemma $Nmult_neg_zero : \forall n\ x, \sim 0 == x \rightarrow \sim 0 == S\ n\ */ x$.

Hint Resolve *Nmult_neq_zero*.

Lemma *Nmult_le_simpl* : $\forall (n:\text{nat}) (x\ y:U), Nmult_{\text{def}}(S\ n)\ x \rightarrow Nmult_{\text{def}}(S\ n)\ y \rightarrow (S\ n\ */\ x) \leq (S\ n\ */\ y) \rightarrow x \leq y.$

Lemma *Nmult_Unth_le* : $\forall (n1\ n2\ m1\ m2:\text{nat}), (n2 \times S\ n1 \leq m2 \times S\ m1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow n2\ */ [1/]1+m1 \leq m2\ */ [1/]1+n1.$

Lemma *Nmult_Unth_eq* :

$\forall (n1\ n2\ m1\ m2:\text{nat}), (n2 \times S\ n1 = m2 \times S\ m1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow n2\ */ [1/]1+m1 \equiv m2\ */ [1/]1+n1.$

Hint Resolve *Nmult_Unth_le* *Nmult_Unth_eq*.

Lemma *Nmult_Unth_factor* :

$\forall (n\ m1\ m2:\text{nat}), (n \times S\ m2 = S\ m1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow n\ */ [1/]1+m1 \equiv [1/]1+m2.$

Hint Resolve *Nmult_Unth_factor*.

Lemma *Unth_eq* : $\forall n\ p, n\ */ p \equiv [1-]p \rightarrow p \equiv [1/]1+n.$

Lemma *mult_Nmult_Umult* : $\forall n\ m\ x\ y, Nmult_{\text{def}}\ n\ x \rightarrow Nmult_{\text{def}}\ m\ y \rightarrow (n \times m) \% \text{nat} */ (x \times y) \equiv (n*/x) * (m*/y).$

Hint Resolve *mult_Nmult_Umult*.

Lemma *minus_Nmult_distr* : $\forall n\ m\ x, Nmult_{\text{def}}\ n\ x \rightarrow (n - m) */ x \equiv (n */ x) - (m */ x).$

Lemma *Nmult_Uminus_distr* : $\forall n\ x\ y, Nmult_{\text{def}}\ n\ x \rightarrow n */ (x - y) \equiv (n */ x) - (n */ y).$

Hint Resolve *minus_Nmult_distr* *Nmult_Uminus_distr*.

Lemma *Umult_Unth* : $\forall n\ m, [1/]1+n \times [1/]1+m \equiv [1/]1+(n+m+n \times m).$

Hint Resolve *Umult_Unth*.

Lemma *Umult_Nnth* : $\forall n\ m, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow (0 < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow [1/]n \times [1/]m \equiv [1/](n \times m) \% \text{nat}.$

Hint Resolve *Umult_Nnth*.

Lemma *Nnth_le_compat* : $\forall n\ m, (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow [1/]m \leq [1/]n.$

Hint Resolve *Nnth_le_compat*.

Lemma *Nnth_le_equiv* : $\forall n\ m, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow (0 < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow ([1/]n \leq [1/]m \leftrightarrow m \leq n).$

Lemma *Nnth_eq_equiv* : $\forall n\ m, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow (0 < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow ([1/]n \equiv [1/]m \leftrightarrow m = n).$

Lemma *half_Unth_eq* : $\forall n, \frac{1}{2} \times [1/]1+n \equiv [1/]1+(2*n+1).$

Lemma *twice_half* : $\forall p, [1/]1+(2 \times p + 1) + [1/]1+(2 \times p + 1) \equiv [1/]1+p.$

Lemma *Nmult_def_lt* : $\forall n\ x, n */ x < 1 \rightarrow Nmult_{\text{def}}\ n\ x.$

Hint Immediate *Nmult_def_lt*.

4.26 Conversion from booleans to U

Definition *B2U* :MF bool := fun (b:bool) => if b then 1 else 0.

Definition *NB2U* :MF bool := fun (b:bool) => if b then 0 else 1.

Lemma *B2Uinv* : *NB2U* $\equiv \text{finv } B2U.$

Lemma *NB2Uinv* : *B2U* $\equiv \text{finv } NB2U.$

Hint Resolve *B2Uinv* *NB2Uinv*.

Lemma *Umult_B2U_andb* : $\forall x\ y, (B2U\ x) \times (B2U\ y) \equiv B2U\ (\text{andb}\ x\ y).$

Lemma *Uplus_B2U_orb* : $\forall x\ y, (B2U\ x) + (B2U\ y) \equiv B2U\ (\text{orb}\ x\ y).$

4.27 Particular sequences

$pmin\ p\ n = p - \frac{1}{2} \wedge n$

Definition $pmin\ (p:U)\ (n:nat) := p - (\frac{1}{2} \wedge n)$.

Add Morphism $pmin$ with signature $Oeq \implies eq \implies Oeq$ as $pmin_eq_compat$.
Save.

4.27.1 Properties of $pmin$

Lemma $pmin_esp_S : \forall p\ n, pmin\ (p \& p)\ n \equiv pmin\ p\ (S\ n) \& pmin\ p\ (S\ n)$.

Lemma $pmin_esp_le : \forall p\ n, pmin\ p\ (S\ n) \leq \frac{1}{2} \times (pmin\ (p \& p)\ n) + \frac{1}{2}$.

Lemma $pmin_plus_eq : \forall p\ n, p \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow pmin\ p\ (S\ n) \equiv \frac{1}{2} \times (pmin\ (p + p)\ n)$.

Lemma $pmin_0 : \forall p:U, pmin\ p\ O \equiv 0$.

Lemma $pmin_le : \forall (p:U)\ (n:nat), p - ([1/1+n]) \leq pmin\ p\ n$.

Hint Resolve $pmin_0$ $pmin_le$.

Lemma $pmin_le_compat : \forall p\ (n\ m : nat), n \leq m \rightarrow pmin\ p\ n \leq pmin\ p\ m$.

Hint Resolve $pmin_le_compat$.

Instance $pmin_mon : \forall p, \text{monotonic}\ (pmin\ p)$.

Save.

Definition $Pmin\ (p:U) : nat \multimap U := mon\ (pmin\ p)$.

Lemma $le_p_lim_pmin : \forall p, p \leq lub\ (Pmin\ p)$.

Lemma $le_lim_pmin_p : \forall p, lub\ (Pmin\ p) \leq p$.

Hint Resolve $le_p_lim_pmin$ $le_lim_pmin_p$.

Lemma $eq_lim_pmin_p : \forall p, lub\ (Pmin\ p) \equiv p$.

Hint Resolve $eq_lim_pmin_p$.

Particular case where $p = 1$

Definition $U1min := Pmin\ 1$.

Lemma $eq_lim_U1min : lub\ U1min \equiv 1$.

Lemma $U1min_S : \forall n, U1min\ (S\ n) \equiv [1/2]^*(U1min\ n) + \frac{1}{2}$.

Lemma $U1min_0 : U1min\ O \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve eq_lim_U1min $U1min_S$ $U1min_0$.

Lemma $glb_half_exp : glb\ (UExp\ [1/2]) \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve glb_half_exp .

Lemma $Ule_lt_half_exp : \forall x\ y, (\forall p, x \leq y + [1/2]^\wedge p) \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma $half_exp_le_half : \forall p, [1/2]^\wedge(S\ p) \leq \frac{1}{2}$.

Hint Resolve $half_exp_le_half$.

Lemma $twice_half_exp : \forall p, [1/2]^\wedge(S\ p) + [1/2]^\wedge(S\ p) \equiv [1/2]^\wedge p$.

Hint Resolve $twice_half_exp$.

4.27.2 Dyadic numbers

Fixpoint $exp2\ (n:nat) : nat :=$

match n **with** $O \Rightarrow (1\%nat)$ **end** $| S\ p \Rightarrow (2 \times (exp2\ p))\%nat$ **end**.

Lemma $exp2_pos : \forall n, (O < exp2\ n)\%nat$.

Hint Resolve $exp2_pos$.

Lemma $S_pred_exp2 : \forall n, S\ (\text{pred}\ (exp2\ n)) = exp2\ n$.

Hint Resolve S_pred_exp2 .

*Notation "k /2^ p" := (k */ ([1/2])^ p) (at level 35, no associativity).*

Lemma Unth_half : $\forall n, (O < n) \%nat \rightarrow [1/]1 + (\text{pred } (n+n)) \equiv \frac{1}{2} \times [1/]1 + \text{pred } n.$

Lemma Unth_exp2 : $\forall p, [1/2]^p \equiv [1/]1 + \text{pred } (\text{exp2 } p).$

Hint Resolve Unth_exp2.

Lemma Nmult_exp2 : $\forall p, (\text{exp2 } p)/2^p \equiv 1.$

Hint Resolve Nmult_exp2.

Section Sequence.

Variable k : U.

Hypothesis kless1 : $k < 1.$

Lemma Ult_one_inv_zero : $\neg 0 \equiv [1-]k.$

Hint Resolve Ult_one_inv_zero.

Lemma Umult_simpl_zero : $\forall x, x \leq k \times x \rightarrow x \equiv 0.$

Lemma Umult_simpl_one : $\forall x, k \times x + [1-]k \leq x \rightarrow x \equiv 1.$

Lemma bary_le_compat : $\forall k' x y, x \leq y \rightarrow k \leq k' \rightarrow k' \times x + [1-]k' \times y \leq k \times x + [1-]k \times y.$

Lemma bary_one_le_compat : $\forall k' x, k \leq k' \rightarrow k' \times x + [1-]k' \leq k \times x + [1-]k.$

Lemma glb_exp_0 : $\text{glb } (\text{UExp } k) \equiv 0.$

Instance Uinvexp_mon : monotonic (fun n => [1-]k ^ n).

Save.

Lemma lub_inv_exp_1 : $\text{mlub } (\text{fun n => [1-]k }^ n) \equiv 1.$

End Sequence.

Hint Resolve glb_exp_0 lub_inv_exp_1 bary_one_le_compat bary_le_compat.

4.28 Tactic for simplification of goals

```
Ltac Usimpl := match goal with
  | ⊢ context [(Uplus 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uplus ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uplus 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_one_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uplus ?x 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Umult 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Umult ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Umult 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_one_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Umult ?x 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uesp 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uesp_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uesp ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uesp_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uesp 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uesp_one_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uesp ?x 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uesp_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uminus 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uminus_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uminus ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uminus_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uminus ?x 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uminus_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uminus ?x ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uminus_eq x)
  | ⊢ context [[1/2] + [1/2]] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Unth_one_plus
  | ⊢ context [[1/2] × ?x +  $\frac{1}{2} \times ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Unth_one_refl x)
  | ⊢ context [[1-][1/2]] ⇒ setoid_rewrite ← Unth_one
  | ⊢ context [[1-] ([1-] ?x))] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uinv_inv x)
  | ⊢ context [?x + ([1-] ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uinv_opp_right x)
  | ⊢ context [([1-]?x) + ?x] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uinv_opp_left x)
  | ⊢ context [([1-] 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Uinv_one
  | ⊢ context [([1-] 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Uinv_zero
  | ⊢ context [[1/]1 + O)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Unth_zero$ 
```

```

| ⊢ context [(0/?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Udiv_zero x)
| ⊢ context [(?x/1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Udiv_one x)
| ⊢ context [(?x/0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Udiv_by_zero x); [idtac|reflexivity]
| ⊢ context [?x^O] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uexp_0 x)
| ⊢ context [?x^(S O)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uexp_1 x)
| ⊢ context [0^(?n)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Uexp_zero; [idtac|omega]
| ⊢ context [U1^(?n)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Uexp_one
| ⊢ context [(Nmult 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Nmult_0
| ⊢ context [(Nmult 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Nmult_1
| ⊢ context [(Nmult ?n 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Nmult_zero
| ⊢ context [(sigma ?f O)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite sigma_0
| ⊢ context [(sigma ?f (S O))] ⇒ setoid_rewrite sigma_1
| ⊢ (Ole (Uplus ?x ?y) (Uplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Uplus_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Uplus ?x ?z) (Uplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Uplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Uplus ?x ?z) (Uplus ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_sym z y);
| | | apply Uplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Uplus ?x ?y) (Uplus ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_sym x y);
| | | apply Uplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Uinv ?y) (Uinv ?x)) ⇒ apply Uinv_le_compat
| ⊢ (Ole (Uminus ?x ?y) (Uminus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Uminus_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Uminus ?x ?z) (Uminus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Uminus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Uinv ?x) ≡ (Uinv ?y)) ⇒ apply Uinv_eq_compat
| ⊢ ((Uplus ?x ?y) ≡ (Uplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Uplus_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Uplus ?x ?z) ≡ (Uplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Uplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Uplus ?x ?z) ≡ (Uplus ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_sym z y);
| | | apply Uplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Uplus ?x ?y) ≡ (Uplus ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_sym x y);
| | | apply Uplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Uminus ?x ?y) ≡ (Uplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Uminus_eq_compat;[apply Oeq_refl|idtac]
| ⊢ ((Uminus ?x ?z) ≡ (Uplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Uminus_eq_compat;[idtac|apply Oeq_refl]
| ⊢ (Ole (Umult ?x ?y) (Umult ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Umult_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Umult ?x ?z) (Umult ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Umult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Umult ?x ?z) (Umult ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_sym z y);
| | | apply Umult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Umult ?x ?y) (Umult ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_sym x y);
| | | apply Umult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Umult ?x ?y) ≡ (Umult ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Umult_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Umult ?x ?z) ≡ (Umult ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Umult_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Umult ?x ?z) ≡ (Umult ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_sym z y);
| | | apply Umult_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Umult ?x ?y) ≡ (Umult ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_sym x y);
| | | apply Umult_eq_compat_left

```

end.

```

Ltac Ucompute :=
first [setoid_rewrite Uplus_zero_left |
        setoid_rewrite Uplus_zero_right |
        setoid_rewrite Uplus_one_left |
        setoid_rewrite Uplus_one_right |
        setoid_rewrite Umult_zero_left |
        setoid_rewrite Umult_zero_right |
        setoid_rewrite Umult_one_left |
        setoid_rewrite Umult_one_right |
        setoid_rewrite Uesp_zero_left |
        setoid_rewrite Uesp_zero_right |

```

```

setoid_rewrite Uesp_one_left |
setoid_rewrite Uesp_one_right |
setoid_rewrite Uminus_zero_left |
setoid_rewrite Uminus_zero_right |
setoid_rewrite Uminus_one_right |
setoid_rewrite Uinv_inv |
setoid_rewrite Uinv_opp_right |
setoid_rewrite Uinv_opp_left |
setoid_rewrite Uinv_one |
setoid_rewrite Uinv_zero |
setoid_rewrite Unth_zero |
setoid_rewrite Uexp_0 |
setoid_rewrite Uexp_1 |
(setoid_rewrite Uexp_zero; [idtac|omega]) |
setoid_rewrite Uexp_one |
setoid_rewrite Nmult_0 |
setoid_rewrite Nmult_1 |
setoid_rewrite Nmult_zero |
setoid_rewrite sigma_0 |
setoid_rewrite sigma_1
].

```

Properties of current values *Notation* "[1/3]":= (Unth 2%nat).

Notation "[1/4]":= (Unth 3%nat).

Notation "[1/8]":= (Unth 7).

Notation "[3/4]":= (Uinv [1/4]).

Lemma half_square : [1/2]*[1/2]==[1/4].

Lemma half_cube : [1/2]*[1/2]*[1/2]==[1/8].

Lemma three_quarter_decomp : [3/4]==[1/2]+[1/4].

Hint Resolve half_square half_cube three_quarter_decomp.

Lemma half_dec_mult

$$\forall p, p \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow ([1/2]+p) \times ([1/2]-p) \equiv \frac{1}{4} - (p \times p).$$

Lemma half_Ult_Umult_Uinv :

$$\forall p, p < \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow p \times [1-p] < \frac{1}{4}.$$

Hint Resolve half_Ult_Umult_Uinv.

Lemma half_Ule_Umult_Uinv :

$$\forall p, p \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow p \times [1-p] \leq \frac{1}{4}.$$

Hint Resolve half_Ule_Umult_Uinv.

Lemma Ult_Umult_Uinv :

$$\forall p, \neg p \equiv \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow p \times [1-p] < \frac{1}{4}.$$

Lemma Ule_Umult_Uinv : $\forall p, p \times [1-p] \leq \frac{1}{4}$.

Equality is not true, even for monotonic sequences fot instance n/m

Lemma Ulub_Uglb_exch_le : $\forall f : nat \rightarrow nat \rightarrow U,$

$$Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow Uglb (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow f n m)) \leq Uglb (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n m)).$$

4.29 Intervals

4.29.1 Definition

Record IU : Type := mk_IU {low:U; up:U; proper:low ≤ up}.

Hint Resolve proper.

```

the all set : [0,1]  Definition full := mk_IU 0 1 (Upos 1).
singleton : [x]  Definition singl (x:U) := mk_IU x x (Ole_refl x).
down segment : [0,x]  Definition inf (x:U) := mk_IU 0 x (Upos x).
up segment : [x,1]  Definition sup (x:U) := mk_IU x 1 (Unit x).

```

4.29.2 Relations

Definition $Iin(x:U)$ ($I:IU$) := $low I \leq x \wedge x \leq up I$.

Definition $Iincl I J$:= $low J \leq low I \wedge up I \leq up J$.

Definition $Ieq I J$:= $low I \equiv low J \wedge up I \equiv up J$.

Hint Unfold Iin $Iincl$ Ieq .

4.29.3 Properties

Lemma Iin_low : $\forall I, Iin(low I) I$.

Lemma Iin_up : $\forall I, Iin(up I) I$.

Hint Resolve Iin_low Iin_up .

Lemma Iin_singl_elim : $\forall x y, Iin x (singl y) \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Lemma Iin_inf_elim : $\forall x y, Iin x (inf y) \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma Iin_sup_elim : $\forall x y, Iin x (sup y) \rightarrow y \leq x$.

Lemma Iin_singl_intro : $\forall x y, x \equiv y \rightarrow Iin x (singl y)$.

Lemma Iin_inf_intro : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow Iin x (inf y)$.

Lemma Iin_sup_intro : $\forall x y, y \leq x \rightarrow Iin x (sup y)$.

Hint Immediate Iin_inf_elim Iin_sup_elim Iin_singl_elim .

Hint Resolve Iin_inf_intro Iin_sup_intro Iin_singl_intro .

Lemma Iin_class : $\forall I x, class(Iin x I)$.

Lemma $Iincl_class$: $\forall I J, class(Iincl I J)$.

Lemma Ieq_class : $\forall I J, class(Ieq I J)$.

Hint Resolve Iin_class $Iincl_class$ Ieq_class .

Lemma $Iincl_in$: $\forall I J, Iincl I J \rightarrow \forall x, Iin x I \rightarrow Iin x J$.

Lemma $Iincl_low$: $\forall I J, Iincl I J \rightarrow low J \leq low I$.

Lemma $Iincl_up$: $\forall I J, Iincl I J \rightarrow up I \leq up J$.

Hint Immediate $Iincl_low$ $Iincl_up$.

Lemma $Iincl_refl$: $\forall I, Iincl I I$.

Hint Resolve $Iincl_refl$.

Lemma $Iincl_trans$: $\forall I J K, Iincl I J \rightarrow Iincl J K \rightarrow Iincl I K$.

Instance $IUord$: $ord IU := \{Oeq := \text{fun } I J \Rightarrow Ieq I J; Ole := \text{fun } I J \Rightarrow Iincl J I\}$.
Defined.

Lemma low_le_compat : $\forall I J:IU, I \leq J \rightarrow low I \leq low J$.

Lemma up_le_compat : $\forall I J : IU, I \leq J \rightarrow up J \leq up I$.

Instance low_mon : $monotonic low$.

Save.

Definition $Low : IU \rightarrow U := mon low$.

Instance up_mon : $monotonic (o2:=Iord U) up$.

Save.

Definition $Up : IU \rightarrow U := mon (o2:=Iord U) up$.

Lemma *Ieq_incl* : $\forall I J, \text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } I J.$
Lemma *Ieq_incl_sym* : $\forall I J, \text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J I.$
Hint Immediate *Ieq_incl Ieq_incl_sym*.
Lemma *lincl_eq_compat* : $\forall I J K L,$
 $\quad \text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J K \rightarrow \text{Ieq } K L \rightarrow \text{Incl } I L.$
Lemma *lincl_eq_trans* : $\forall I J K,$
 $\quad \text{Incl } I J \rightarrow \text{Ieq } J K \rightarrow \text{Incl } I K.$
Lemma *Ieq_incl_trans* : $\forall I J K,$
 $\quad \text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J K \rightarrow \text{Incl } I K.$
Lemma *Incl_antisym* : $\forall I J, \text{Incl } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J I \rightarrow \text{Ieq } I J.$
Hint Immediate *Incl_antisym*.
Lemma *Ieq_refl* : $\forall I, \text{Ieq } I I.$
Hint Resolve *Ieq_refl*.
Lemma *Ieq_sym* : $\forall I J, \text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Ieq } J I.$
Hint Immediate *Ieq_sym*.
Lemma *Ieq_trans* : $\forall I J K, \text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Ieq } J K \rightarrow \text{Ieq } I K.$
Lemma *Isingl_eq* : $\forall x y, \text{Incl } (\text{singl } x) (\text{singl } y) \rightarrow x \equiv y.$
Hint Immediate *Isingl_eq*.
Lemma *Incl_full* : $\forall I, \text{Incl } I \text{ full}.$
Hint Resolve *Incl_full*.

4.29.4 Operations on intervals

Definition *Iplus I J* := $\text{mk_IU} (\text{low } I + \text{low } J) (\text{up } I + \text{up } J)$
 $\quad (\text{Uplus_le_compat_---} (\text{proper } I) (\text{proper } J)).$
Lemma *low_Iplus* : $\forall I J, \text{low } (\text{Iplus } I J) = \text{low } I + \text{low } J.$
Lemma *up_Iplus* : $\forall I J, \text{up } (\text{Iplus } I J) = \text{up } I + \text{up } J.$
Lemma *Iplus_in* : $\forall I J x y, \text{In } x I \rightarrow \text{In } y J \rightarrow \text{In } (x+y) (\text{Iplus } I J).$
Lemma *lplus_in_elim* :
 $\forall I J z, \text{low } I \leq [1-] \text{up } J \rightarrow \text{In } z (\text{Iplus } I J)$
 $\quad \rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{In } x I \wedge$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{exc } (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \text{In } y J \wedge z \equiv x+y)).$
Definition *Imult I J* := $\text{mk_IU} (\text{low } I \times \text{low } J) (\text{up } I \times \text{up } J)$
 $\quad (\text{Umult_le_compat_---} (\text{proper } I) (\text{proper } J)).$
Lemma *low_Imult* : $\forall I J, \text{low } (\text{Imult } I J) = \text{low } I \times \text{low } J.$
Lemma *up_Imult* : $\forall I J, \text{up } (\text{Imult } I J) = \text{up } I \times \text{up } J.$
Definition *Imultk p I* := $\text{mk_IU} (p \times \text{low } I) (p \times \text{up } I) (\text{Umult_le_compat_right } p \text{ --} (\text{proper } I)).$
Lemma *low_Imultk* : $\forall p I, \text{low } (\text{Imultk } p I) = p \times \text{low } I.$
Lemma *up_Imultk* : $\forall p I, \text{up } (\text{Imultk } p I) = p \times \text{up } I.$
Lemma *Imult_in* : $\forall I J x y, \text{In } x I \rightarrow \text{In } y J \rightarrow \text{In } (x \times y) (\text{Imult } I J).$
Lemma *Imultk_in* : $\forall p I x, \text{In } x I \rightarrow \text{In } (p \times x) (\text{Imultk } p I).$

4.29.5 Limits of intervals

Definition *Ilim* : $\forall I: \text{nat} \text{ -m}> \text{IU}, \text{IU}.$
Defined.
Lemma *low_lim* : $\forall (I:\text{nat} \text{ -m}> \text{IU}), \text{low } (\text{Ilim } I) = \text{lub } (\text{Low } @ I).$

Lemma *up_lim* : $\forall (I:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{IU})$, *up* (*Ilim I*) = *glb* (*Up* @ *I*).
 Lemma *lim_Incl* : $\forall (I:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{IU})$ *n*, *Incl* (*Ilim I*) (*I n*).
 Hint Resolve *lim_Incl*.
 Lemma *Incl_lim* : $\forall J (I:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{IU})$, ($\forall n$, *Incl* *J* (*I n*)) \rightarrow *Incl* *J* (*Ilim I*).
 Lemma *Ilim_incl_stable* : $\forall (I J:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{IU})$, ($\forall n$, *Incl* (*I n*) (*J n*)) \rightarrow *Incl* (*Ilim I*) (*Ilim J*).
 Hint Resolve *Ilim_incl_stable*.
 Instance *IUcpo* : *cpo* *IU* := {*D0*:=full; *lub*:=*Ilim*}.
 Defined.

4.30 Limits inf and sup

Definition *fsup* (*f:nat* \rightarrow *U*) (*n:nat*) := *Ulub* (*fun k* \Rightarrow *f* (*n+k*)%*nat*).
 Definition *finf* (*f:nat* \rightarrow *U*) (*n:nat*) := *Uglb* (*fun k* \Rightarrow *f* (*n+k*)%*nat*).
 Lemma *fsup_incr* : $\forall (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{U})$ *n*, *fsup f* (*S n*) \leq *fsup f* *n*.
 Hint Resolve *fsup_incr*.
 Lemma *finf_incr* : $\forall (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{U})$ *n*, *finf f* *n* \leq *finf f* (*S n*).
 Hint Resolve *finf_incr*.
 Instance *fsup_mon* : $\forall f$, *monotonic* (*o2:=Iord U*) (*fsup f*).
 Save.
 Instance *finf_mon* : $\forall f$, *monotonic* (*finf f*).
 Save.
 Definition *Fsup* (*f:nat* \rightarrow *U*) : *nat* \rightarrow *U* := *mon* (*fsup f*).
 Definition *Finf* (*f:nat* \rightarrow *U*) : *nat* \rightarrow *U* := *mon* (*finf f*).
 Lemma *fn_fsup* : $\forall f$ *n*, *f n* \leq *fsup f* *n*.
 Hint Resolve *fn_fsup*.
 Lemma *finf_fn* : $\forall f$ *n*, *finf f n* \leq *f n*.
 Hint Resolve *finf_fn*.
 Definition *limsup f* := *glb* (*Fsup f*).
 Definition *liminf f* := *lub* (*Finf f*).
 Lemma *le_liminf_sup* : $\forall f$, *liminf f* \leq *limsup f*.
 Hint Resolve *le_liminf_sup*.
 Definition *has_lim f* := *limsup f* \leq *liminf f*.
 Lemma *eq_liminf_sup* : $\forall f$, *has_lim f* \rightarrow *liminf f* \equiv *limsup f*.
 Definition *cauchy f* := $\forall (p:\text{nat})$, *exc* (*fun M:nat* \Rightarrow $\forall n m$,
 (*M n*)%*nat* \rightarrow (*M m*)%*nat* \rightarrow *f n* \leq *f m* + [1/2]^p).
 Definition *is_limit f l* (*l:U*) := $\forall (p:\text{nat})$, *exc* (*fun M:nat* \Rightarrow $\forall n$,
 (*M n*)%*nat* \rightarrow *f n* \leq *l* + [1/2]^p \wedge *l* \leq *f n* + [1/2]^p).
 Lemma *cauchy_lim* : $\forall f$, *cauchy f* \rightarrow *is_limit f* (*limsup f*).
 Lemma *has_limit_cauchy* : $\forall f l$, *is_limit f l* \rightarrow *cauchy f*.
 Lemma *limit_le_unique* : $\forall f l1 l2$, *is_limit f l1* \rightarrow *is_limit f l2* \rightarrow *l1* \leq *l2*.
 Lemma *limit_unique* : $\forall f l1 l2$, *is_limit f l1* \rightarrow *is_limit f l2* \rightarrow *l1* \equiv *l2*.
 Hint Resolve *limit_unique*.
 Lemma *has_limit_compute* : $\forall f l$, *is_limit f l* \rightarrow *is_limit f* (*limsup f*).
 Lemma *limsup_eq_mult* : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{U})$,
 limsup (*fun n* \Rightarrow *k* \times *f n*) \equiv *k* \times *limsup f*.

Lemma *liminf_eq_mult* : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{liminf} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) \equiv k \times \text{liminf } f.$
 Lemma *limsup_eq_plus_cte_right* : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{limsup} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow (f n) + k) \equiv \text{limsup } f + k.$
 Lemma *liminf_eq_plus_cte_right* : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{liminf} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow (f n) + k) \equiv \text{liminf } f + k.$
 Lemma *limsup_le_plus* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{limsup} (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x + g x) \leq \text{limsup } f + \text{limsup } g.$
 Lemma *liminf_le_plus* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{liminf } f + \text{liminf } g \leq \text{liminf} (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x + g x).$
 Hint Resolve *liminf_le_plus limsup_le_plus*.
 Lemma *limsup_le_compat* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{limsup } f \leq \text{limsup } g.$
 Lemma *liminf_le_compat* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{liminf } f \leq \text{liminf } g.$
 Hint Resolve *limsup_le_compat liminf_le_compat*.
 Lemma *limsup_eq_compat* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{limsup } f \equiv \text{limsup } g.$
 Lemma *liminf_eq_compat* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{liminf } f \equiv \text{liminf } g.$
 Hint Resolve *liminf_eq_compat limsup_eq_compat*.
 Lemma *limsup_inv* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{limsup} (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow [1\text{-}]f x) \equiv [1\text{-}] \text{liminf } f.$
 Lemma *liminf_inv* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{liminf} (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow [1\text{-}]f x) \equiv [1\text{-}] \text{limsup } f.$
 Hint Resolve *limsup_inv liminf_inv*.

4.31 Limits of arbitrary sequences

Lemma *liminf_incr* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{liminf } f \equiv \text{lub } f.$
 Lemma *limsup_incr* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{limsup } f \equiv \text{lub } f.$
 Lemma *has_limit_incr* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{has_lim } f.$
 Lemma *liminf_decr* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{liminf } f \equiv \text{glb } f.$
 Lemma *limsup_decr* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{limsup } f \equiv \text{glb } f.$
 Lemma *has_limit_decr* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{has_lim } f.$
 Lemma *has_limit_sum* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{has_lim } f \rightarrow \text{has_lim } g \rightarrow \text{has_lim} (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x + g x).$
 Lemma *has_limit_inv* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{has_lim } f \rightarrow \text{has_lim} (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow [1\text{-}]f x).$
 Lemma *has_limit_cte* : $\forall c, \text{has_lim} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow c).$

4.32 Definition and properties of series : infinite sums

Definition *serie* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) : $U := \text{lub} (\text{sigma } f).$
 Lemma *serie_le_compat* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall k, f k \leq g k) \rightarrow \text{serie } f \leq \text{serie } g.$
 Lemma *serie_eq_compat* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall k, f k \equiv g k) \rightarrow \text{serie } f \equiv \text{serie } g.$
 Lemma *serie_sigma_lift* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}),$
 $\text{serie } f \equiv \text{sigma } f n + \text{serie} (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (n + k) \% \text{nat}).$
 Lemma *serie_S_lift* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{serie } f \equiv f O + \text{serie} (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (S k)).$
 Lemma *serie_zero* : $\forall f, (\forall k, f k == 0) \rightarrow \text{serie } f == 0.$

Lemma *serie_not_zero* : $\forall f k, 0 < f k \rightarrow 0 < \text{serie } f$.
Lemma *serie_zero_elim* : $\forall f, \text{serie } f \equiv 0 \rightarrow \forall k, f k == 0$.
Hint Resolve *serie_eq_compat serie_le_compat serie_zero*.
Lemma *serie_le* : $\forall f k, f k \leq \text{serie } f$.
Lemma *serie_minus_incr* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (S k) - f k) \equiv \text{lub } f - f O$.
Lemma *serie_minus_decr* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U,$
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k - f (S k)) \equiv f O - \text{glb } f$.
Lemma *serie_plus* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) + (g k)) \equiv \text{serie } f + \text{serie } g$.
Definition *wretract* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) := $\forall k, f k \leq [1-] (\text{sigma } f k)$.
Lemma *retract_wretract* : $\forall f, (\forall n, \text{retract } f n) \rightarrow \text{wretract } f$.
Lemma *wretract_retract* : $\forall f, \text{wretract } f \rightarrow \forall n, \text{retract } f n$.
Hint Resolve *wretract_retract*.
Lemma *wretract_lt* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), (\forall (n : \text{nat}), \text{sigma } f n < 1) \rightarrow \text{wretract } f$.
Lemma *retract_zero_wretract* :
 $\forall f n, \text{retract } f n \rightarrow (\forall k, (n \leq k) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f k \equiv 0) \rightarrow \text{wretract } f$.
Lemma *wretract_le* : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{wretract } g \rightarrow \text{wretract } f$.
Lemma *serie_mult* :
 $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) c, \text{wretract } f \rightarrow \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c \times f k) \equiv c \times \text{serie } f$.
Hint Resolve *serie_mult*.
Lemma *serie_prod_maj* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k) \leq \text{serie } f$.
Hint Resolve *serie_prod_maj*.
Lemma *serie_prod_le* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (c : U), (\forall k, f k \leq c)$
 $\rightarrow \text{wretract } g \rightarrow \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k) \leq c \times \text{serie } g$.
Lemma *serie_prod_ge* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (c : U), (\forall k, c \leq (f k))$
 $\rightarrow \text{wretract } g \rightarrow c \times \text{serie } g \leq \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k)$.
Hint Resolve *serie_prod_le serie_prod_ge*.
Lemma *serie_inv_le* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{wretract } f \rightarrow$
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times [1-] (g k)) \leq [1-] (\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k))$.
Definition *Serie* : $(\text{nat} \rightarrow U) \rightarrow U$.
Defined.
Lemma *Serie_simpl* : $\forall f, \text{Serie } f = \text{serie } f$.
Lemma *serie_continuous* : *continuous Serie*.
Definition *fun_cte* $n (a : U) : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$
 $:= \text{fun } p \Rightarrow \text{if } \text{eq_nat_dec } p n \text{ then } a \text{ else } 0$.
Lemma *fun_cte_eq* : $\forall n a, \text{fun_cte } n a n = a$.
Lemma *fun_cte_zero* : $\forall n a p, p \neq n \rightarrow \text{fun_cte } n a p = 0$.
Lemma *sigma_cte_eq* : $\forall n a p, (n < p) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{sigma } (\text{fun_cte } n a) p \equiv a$.
Hint Resolve *sigma_cte_eq*.
Lemma *serie_cte_eq* : $\forall n a, \text{serie } (\text{fun_cte } n a) \equiv a$.
Section *PartialPermutationSerieLe*.
Variables $f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$.
Variable $s : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{Prop}$.

```

Hypothesis s_dec : ∀ i j, {s i j}+{¬s i j}.
Hypothesis s_inj : ∀ i j k : nat, s i k → s j k → i = j.
Hypothesis s_dom : ∀ i, ¬f i ≡ 0 → ∃ j, s i j.
Hypothesis f_g_perm : ∀ i j, s i j → f i ≡ g j.
Lemma serie_perm_rel_le : serie f ≤ serie g.
End PartialPermutationSerieLe.

Section PartialPermutationSerieEq.
Variables f g : nat → U.
Variable s : nat → nat → Prop.
Hypothesis s_dec : ∀ i j, {s i j}+{¬s i j}.
Hypothesis s_fun : ∀ i j k : nat, s i j → s i k → j = k.
Hypothesis s_inj : ∀ i j k : nat, s i k → s j k → i = j.
Hypothesis s_surj : ∀ j, ¬g j ≡ 0 → ∃ i, s i j.
Hypothesis s_dom : ∀ i, ¬f i ≡ 0 → ∃ j, s i j.
Hypothesis f_g_perm : ∀ i j, s i j → f i ≡ g j.
Lemma serie_perm_rel_eq : serie f ≡ serie g.
End PartialPermutationSerieEq.

Section PermutationSerie.
Variables s : nat → nat.
Hypothesis s_inj : ∀ i j : nat, s i = s j → i = j.
Hypothesis s_surj : ∀ j, ∃ i, s i = j.
Variable f : nat → U.
Lemma serie_perm_le : serie (fun i ⇒ f (s i)) ≤ serie f.
Lemma serie_perm_eq : serie f ≡ serie (fun i ⇒ f (s i)).
End PermutationSerie.

Hint Resolve serie_perm_eq serie_perm_le.

Section SerieProdRel.
Variables f g : nat → U.
Variable s : nat → nat → nat → Prop.
Hypothesis s_dec : ∀ k n m, {s k n m}+{¬s k n m}.
Hypothesis s_fun1 : ∀ k n1 m1 n2 m2, s k n1 m1 → s k n2 m2 → n1 = n2.
Hypothesis s_fun2 : ∀ k n1 m1 n2 m2, s k n1 m1 → s k n2 m2 → m1 = m2.
Hypothesis s_inj : ∀ k1 k2 n m, s k1 n m → s k2 n m → k1 = k2.
Hypothesis s_surj : ∀ n m, ¬g n m ≡ 0 → ∃ k, s k n m.
Hypothesis f_g_perm : ∀ k n m, s k n m → f k ≡ g n m.

Section SPR.
Hypothesis s_dom : ∀ k, ¬f k ≡ 0 → ∃ n, ∃ m, s k n m.
Lemma serie_le_rel_prod : serie f ≤ serie (fun n ⇒ serie (g n)).
End SPR.

Variable s_fst : nat → nat.
Hypothesis s_fst_ex : ∀ k, ∃ m, s k (s_fst k) m.
Lemma s_dom : ∀ k, ∃ n, ∃ m, s k n m.
Hint Resolve s_dom.

Lemma serie_rel_prod_le : serie (fun n ⇒ serie (g n)) ≤ serie f.
Lemma serie_rel_prod_eq : serie f ≡ serie (fun n ⇒ serie (g n)).
End SerieProdRel.

```

```

Section SerieProd.
Variable f : (nat × nat) → U.
Variable s : nat → nat × nat.
Variable s_inj : ∀ n m, s n = s m → n = m.
Variable s_surj : ∀ m, ∃ n, s n = m.
Lemma serie_enum_prod_eq : serie (fun k ⇒ f (s k)) ≡ serie (fun n ⇒ serie (fun m ⇒ f (n,m))).
End SerieProd.
Hint Resolve serie_enum_prod_eq.

```

5 Monads.v: Monads for randomized constructions

Require Export Uprop.

5.1 Definition of monadic operators as the cpo of monotonic oerators

Definition M ($A:\text{Type}$) := $MF\ A \dashv\rightarrow U$.

Instance app_mon ($A:\text{Type}$) ($x:A$) : monotonic (fun (f: $MF\ A$) ⇒ f x).

Save.

Definition unit ($A:\text{Type}$) ($x:A$) : $M\ A := mon$ (fun (f: $MF\ A$) ⇒ f x).

Definition star : $\forall (A\ B:\text{Type})$, $M\ A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow M\ B) \rightarrow M\ B$.

Defined.

Lemma star_simpl : $\forall (A\ B:\text{Type}) (a:M\ A) (F:A \rightarrow M\ B) (f:MF\ B)$,
 $star\ a\ F\ f = a$ (fun x ⇒ $F\ x\ f$).

5.2 Properties of monadic operators

Lemma law1 : $\forall (A\ B:\text{Type}) (x:A) (F:A \rightarrow M\ B) (f:MF\ B)$, $star\ (unit\ x)\ F\ f \equiv F\ x\ f$.

Lemma law2 :

$\forall (A:\text{Type}) (a:M\ A) (f:MF\ A)$, $star\ a$ (fun x:A ⇒ unit x) f ≡ a (fun x:A ⇒ f x).

Lemma law3 :

$\forall (A\ B\ C:\text{Type}) (a:M\ A) (F:A \rightarrow M\ B) (G:B \rightarrow M\ C)$
 $(f:MF\ C)$, $star\ (star\ a\ F)\ G\ f \equiv star\ a$ (fun x:A ⇒ star (F x) G) f.

5.3 Properties of distributions

5.3.1 Expected properties of measures

Definition stable_inv ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop := $\forall f:MF\ A, m\ (finv\ f) \leq [1-] (m\ f)$.

Definition stable_plus ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall f\ g:MF\ A, fplusok\ f\ g \rightarrow m\ (fplus\ f\ g) \equiv (m\ f) + (m\ g)$.

Definition le_plus ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall f\ g:MF\ A, fplusok\ f\ g \rightarrow (m\ f) + (m\ g) \leq m\ (fplus\ f\ g)$.

Definition le_esp ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall f\ g: MF\ A, (m\ f) \& (m\ g) \leq m\ (fesp\ f\ g)$.

Definition le_plus_cte ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall (f:MF\ A) (k:U), m\ (fplus\ f\ (fcte\ A\ k)) \leq m\ f + k$.

Definition stable_mult ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall (k:U) (f:MF\ A), m\ (fmult\ k\ f) \equiv k \times (m\ f)$.

5.3.2 Stability for equality

Lemma `stable_minus_distr` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:M A),$
 $\text{stable_plus } m \rightarrow \text{stable_inv } m \rightarrow$
 $\forall (f g : MF A), g \leq f \rightarrow m (\text{fminus } f g) \equiv m f - m g.$

Hint Resolve `stable_minus_distr`.

Lemma `inv_minus_distr` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:M A),$
 $\text{stable_plus } m \rightarrow \text{stable_inv } m \rightarrow$
 $\forall (f : MF A), m (\text{finv } f) \equiv m (\text{fone } A) - m f.$

Hint Resolve `inv_minus_distr`.

Lemma `le_minus_distr` : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:M A),$
 $\forall (f g:A \rightarrow U), m (\text{fminus } f g) \leq m f.$

Hint Resolve `le_minus_distr`.

Lemma `le_plus_distr` : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:M A),$
 $\text{stable_plus } m \rightarrow \text{stable_inv } m \rightarrow \forall (f g:MF A), m (\text{fplus } f g) \leq m f + m g.$

Hint Resolve `le_plus_distr`.

Lemma `le_esp_distr` : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m:M A),$
 $\text{stable_plus } m \rightarrow \text{stable_inv } m \rightarrow \text{le_esp } m.$

Lemma `unit_stable_eq` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (x:A), \text{stable } (\text{unit } x).$

Lemma `star_stable_eq` : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m:M A) (F:A \rightarrow M B), \text{stable } (\text{star } m F).$

Lemma `unit_monotonic` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (x:A) (f g : MF A),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \text{unit } x f \leq \text{unit } x g.$

Lemma `star_monotonic` : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m:M A) (F:A \rightarrow M B) (f g : MF B),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \text{star } m F f \leq \text{star } m F g.$

Lemma `star_le_compat` : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m1 m2:M A) (F1 F2:A \rightarrow M B),$
 $m1 \leq m2 \rightarrow F1 \leq F2 \rightarrow \text{star } m1 F1 \leq \text{star } m2 F2.$

Hint Resolve `star_le_compat`.

5.3.3 Stability for inversion

Lemma `unit_stable_inv` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (x:A), \text{stable_inv } (\text{unit } x).$

Lemma `star_stable_inv` : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m:M A) (F:A \rightarrow M B),$
 $\text{stable_inv } m \rightarrow (\forall a:A, \text{stable_inv } (F a)) \rightarrow \text{stable_inv } (\text{star } m F).$

5.3.4 Stability for addition

Lemma `unit_stable_plus` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (x:A), \text{stable_plus } (\text{unit } x).$

Lemma `star_stable_plus` : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m:M A) (F:A \rightarrow M B),$
 $\text{stable_plus } m \rightarrow$
 $(\forall a:A, \forall f g, \text{fplusok } f g \rightarrow (F a f) \leq \text{Uinv } (F a g))$
 $\rightarrow (\forall a:A, \text{stable_plus } (F a)) \rightarrow \text{stable_plus } (\text{star } m F).$

Lemma `unit_le_plus` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (x:A), \text{le_plus } (\text{unit } x).$

Lemma `star_le_plus` : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m:M A) (F:A \rightarrow M B),$
 $\text{le_plus } m \rightarrow$
 $(\forall a:A, \forall f g, \text{fplusok } f g \rightarrow (F a f) \leq \text{Uinv } (F a g))$
 $\rightarrow (\forall a:A, \text{le_plus } (F a)) \rightarrow \text{le_plus } (\text{star } m F).$

5.3.5 Stability for product

Lemma `unit_stable_mult` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (x:A), \text{stable_mult } (\text{unit } x).$

Lemma `star_stable_mult` : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m:M A) (F:A \rightarrow M B),$
 $\text{stable_mult } m \rightarrow (\forall a:A, \text{stable_mult } (F a)) \rightarrow \text{stable_mult } (\text{star } m F).$

5.3.6 Continuity

Lemma `unit_continuous : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A), continuous (unit x).`

Lemma `star_continuous : ∀ (A B : Type) (m : M A)(F: A → M B),
continuous m → (∀ x, continuous (F x)) → continuous (star m F).`

6 Probas.v: The monad for distributions

Require Export Monads.

6.1 Definition of distribution

Distributions are monotonic measure functions such that

- $\mu(1-f) \leq 1 - \mu f$
- $f \leq 1-g \Rightarrow \mu(f+g) \equiv \mu f + \mu g$
- $\mu(k \times f) = k \times \mu(f)$
- $\mu(\text{lub } f_{\neg n}) \leq \text{lub } \mu(f_{\neg n})$

```
Record distr (A:Type) : Type :=
{μ : M A;
 mu_stable_inv : stable_inv μ;
 mu_stable_plus : stable_plus μ;
 mu_stable_mult : stable_mult μ;
 mu_continuous : continuous μ}.
```

Hint Resolve mu_stable_plus mu_stable_inv mu_stable_mult mu_continuous.

6.2 Properties of measures

Lemma `mu_monotonic : ∀ (A : Type)(m: distr A), monotonic (μ m).`

Hint Resolve mu_monotonic.

Implicit Arguments mu_monotonic [A].

Lemma `mu_stable_eq : ∀ (A : Type)(m: distr A), stable (μ m).`

Hint Resolve mu_stable_eq.

Implicit Arguments mu_stable_eq [A].

Lemma `mu_zero : ∀ (A : Type)(m: distr A), μ m (fzero A) ≡ 0.`

Hint Resolve mu_zero.

Lemma `mu_zero_eq : ∀ (A : Type)(m: distr A) f,
(∀ x, f x ≡ 0) → μ m f ≡ 0.`

Lemma `mu_one_inv : ∀ (A : Type)(m:distr A),
μ m (fone A) ≡ 1 → ∀ f, μ m (finv f) ≡ [1-] (μ m f).`

Hint Resolve mu_one_inv.

Lemma `mu_fplusok : ∀ (A : Type)(m:distr A) f g, fplusok f g →
μ m f ≤ [1-] μ m g.`

Hint Resolve mu_fplusok.

Lemma `mu_le_minus : ∀ (A : Type)(m:distr A) (f g:MF A),
μ m (fminus f g) ≤ μ m f.`

Hint Resolve mu_le_minus.

Lemma *mu_le_plus* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : MF A),$
 $\mu m (fplus f g) \leq \mu m f + \mu m g.$

Hint Resolve *mu_le_plus*.

Lemma *mu_eq_plus* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : MF A),$
 $fplusok f g \rightarrow \mu m (fplus f g) \equiv \mu m f + \mu m g.$

Hint Resolve *mu_eq_plus*.

Lemma *mu_plus_zero* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : MF A),$
 $\mu m f \equiv 0 \rightarrow \mu m g \equiv 0 \rightarrow \mu m (fplus f g) \equiv 0.$

Hint Resolve *mu_plus_zero*.

Lemma *mu_plus_pos* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : MF A),$
 $0 < \mu m (fplus f g) \rightarrow \text{orc} (0 < \mu m f) (0 < \mu m g).$

Lemma *mu_fcte* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : (\text{distr } A)) (c : U),$
 $\mu m (fcte A c) \equiv c \times \mu m (fone A).$

Hint Resolve *mu_fcte*.

Lemma *mu_fcte_le* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (c : U), \mu m (fcte A c) \leq c.$

Lemma *mu_fcte_eq* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (c : U),$
 $\mu m (fone A) \equiv 1 \rightarrow \mu m (fcte A c) \equiv c.$

Hint Resolve *mu_fcte_le mu_fcte_eq*.

Lemma *mu_cte* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : (\text{distr } A)) (c : U),$
 $\mu m (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow c) \equiv c \times \mu m (fone A).$

Hint Resolve *mu_cte*.

Lemma *mu_cte_le* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (c : U), \mu m (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow c) \leq c.$

Lemma *mu_cte_eq* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (c : U),$
 $\mu m (fone A) \equiv 1 \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow c) \equiv c.$

Hint Resolve *mu_cte_le mu_cte_eq*.

Lemma *mu_stable_mult_right* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (c : U) (f : MF A),$
 $\mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow (f x) \times c) \equiv (\mu m f) \times c.$

Lemma *mu_stable_minus* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (f g : MF A),$
 $g \leq f \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x - g x) \equiv \mu m f - \mu m g.$

Lemma *mu_inv_minus* :

$\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (f : MF A), \mu m (\text{finv } f) \equiv \mu m (fone A) - \mu m f.$

Lemma *mu_stable_le_minus* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (f g : MF A),$
 $\mu m f - \mu m g \leq \mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x - g x).$

Lemma *mu_inv_minus_inv* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (f : MF A),$
 $\mu m (\text{finv } f) + [1\text{-}](\mu m (fone A)) \equiv [1\text{-}](\mu m f).$

Lemma *mu_le_esp_inv* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (f g : MF A),$
 $([1\text{-}]\mu m (\text{finv } f)) \& \mu m g \leq \mu m (\text{fesp } f g).$

Hint Resolve *mu_le_esp_inv*.

Lemma *mu_stable_inv_inv* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (f : MF A),$
 $\mu m f \leq [1\text{-}] \mu m (\text{finv } f).$

Hint Resolve *mu_stable_inv_inv*.

Lemma *mu_stable_div* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (k : U) (f : MF A),$
 $\neg 0 == k \rightarrow f \leq \text{fcte } A k \rightarrow \mu m (fdiv k f) \equiv \mu m f / k.$

Lemma *mu_stable_div_le* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (k : U) (f : MF A),$
 $\neg 0 == k \rightarrow \mu m (fdiv k f) \leq \mu m f / k.$

Lemma *mu_le_esp* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A) (f g : MF A),$
 $\mu m f \& \mu m g \leq \mu m (\text{fesp } f g).$

Hint Resolve *mu_le_esp*.

Lemma *mu_esp_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A) (f\ g:\text{MF } A)$,
 $1 \leq \mu m f \rightarrow \mu m g \equiv \mu m (\text{fesp } f\ g)$.
Lemma *mu_esp_zero* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A) (f\ g:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\mu m (\text{finv } f) \leq 0 \rightarrow \mu m g \equiv \mu m (\text{fesp } f\ g)$.
Lemma *mu_stable_mult2*:
 $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (d : \text{distr } A), \forall (k : U)$
 $(f : \text{MF } A), (\mu d) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow k \times f\ x) \equiv k \times (\mu d) f$.

Lemma *mu_stable_plus2*:
 $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (d : \text{distr } A) (f\ g : \text{MF } A)$,
 $fplusok f\ g \rightarrow (\mu d) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f\ x + g\ x) \equiv (\mu d) f + (\mu d) g$.

Lemma *mu_fzero_eq* : $\forall A\ m, @\mu A\ m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow 0) \equiv 0$.

Instance *Odistr* (*A*:Type) : *ord* (*distr A*) :=
 $\{Ole := \text{fun } (f\ g : \text{distr } A) \Rightarrow \mu f \leq \mu g;$
 $Oeq := \text{fun } (f\ g : \text{distr } A) \Rightarrow \mu f \equiv \mu g\}$.

Defined.

Probability of termination

Definition *pone A* (*m:distr A*) := $\mu m (\text{fone } A)$.

Add Parametric Morphism *A* : (*pone (A:=A)*)
 with signature *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq* as *pone_eq_compat*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *pone_eq_compat*.

6.3 Monadic operators for distributions

Definition *Munit* : $\forall A:\text{Type}, A \rightarrow \text{distr } A$.

Defined.

Definition *Mlet* : $\forall A\ B:\text{Type}, \text{distr } A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow \text{distr } B$.

Defined.

Lemma *Munit_simpl* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (q:A \rightarrow U) x, \mu (Munit x) q = q\ x$.

Lemma *Mlet_simpl* : $\forall (A\ B:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A) (M:\text{A} \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (f:B \rightarrow U)$,
 $\mu (Mlet m M) f = \mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow (\mu (M\ x) f))$.

6.4 Operations on distributions

Lemma *Munit_eq_compat* : $\forall A (x\ y : A), x = y \rightarrow Munit x \equiv Munit y$.

Lemma *Mlet_le_compat* : $\forall (A\ B : \text{Type}) (m1\ m2 : \text{distr } A) (M1\ M2 : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$,
 $m1 \leq m2 \rightarrow M1 \leq M2 \rightarrow Mlet m1\ M1 \leq Mlet m2\ M2$.

Hint Resolve *Mlet_le_compat*.

Add Parametric Morphism (*A B* : Type) : (*Mlet (A:=A) (B:=B)*)
 with signature *Ole* \Rightarrow *Ole* \Rightarrow *Ole*
 as *Mlet_le_morphism*.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism (*A B* : Type) : (*Mlet (A:=A) (B:=B)*)
 with signature *Ole* \Rightarrow (@*pointwise_relation* *A* (*distr B*) (@*Ole _ _*) \Rightarrow *Ole*
 as *Mlet_le_pointwise_morphism*.

Save.

Instance *Mlet_mon2* : $\forall (A\ B : \text{Type}), \text{monotonic2 } (@\text{Mlet } A\ B)$.

Save.

Definition *MLet* (*A B* : Type) : *distr A* $\text{-m}> (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \text{-m}> \text{distr } B$

$:= mon2 (@Mlet A B).$

Lemma $MLet_simpl0 : \forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A) (M:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $MLet A B m M = Mlet m M.$

Lemma $MLet_simpl : \forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A) (M:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (f:B \rightarrow U),$
 $\mu (Mlet A B m M) f = \mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \mu (M x) f).$

Lemma $Mlet_eq_compat : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (m1 m2:\text{distr } A) (M1 M2 : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $m1 \equiv m2 \rightarrow M1 \equiv M2 \rightarrow Mlet m1 M1 \equiv Mlet m2 M2.$

Hint Resolve $Mlet_eq_compat$.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A B : \text{Type}$) : $(Mlet (A:=A) (B:=B))$
with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq \implies Oeq$
as $Mlet_eq_morphism$.

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A B : \text{Type}$) : $(Mlet (A:=A) (B:=B))$
with signature $Oeq \implies (@\text{pointwise_relation } A (\text{distr } B) (@Oeq _ _)) \implies Oeq$
as $Mlet_Oeq_pointwise_morphism$.

Save.

Lemma $mu_le_compat : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (m1 m2:\text{distr } A),$
 $m1 \leq m2 \rightarrow \forall f g : A \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \mu m1 f \leq \mu m2 g.$

Lemma $mu_eq_compat : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (m1 m2:\text{distr } A),$
 $m1 \equiv m2 \rightarrow \forall f g : A \rightarrow U, f \equiv g \rightarrow \mu m1 f \equiv \mu m2 g.$

Hint Immediate mu_le_compat mu_eq_compat .

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A : \text{Type}$) : $(\mu (A:=A))$
with signature $Ole \implies Ole$
as $mu_le_morphism$.

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A : \text{Type}$) : $(\mu (A:=A))$
with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq$
as $mu_eq_morphism$.

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A:\text{Type}$) ($a:\text{distr } A$) : $(@\mu A a)$
with signature $(@\text{pointwise_relation } A U (@eq _ _)) \implies Oeq$ as $mu_distr_eq_morphism$.

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A:\text{Type}$) ($a:\text{distr } A$) : $(@\mu A a)$
with signature $(@\text{pointwise_relation } A U (@Oeq _ _)) \implies Oeq$ as $mu_distr_Oeq_morphism$.

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A:\text{Type}$) ($a:\text{distr } A$) : $(@\mu A a)$
with signature $(@\text{pointwise_relation } _ _ (@Ole _ _)) \implies Ole$ as $mu_distr_le_morphism$.

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A B:\text{Type}$) : $(@Mlet A B)$
with signature $(Ole \implies @\text{pointwise_relation } _ _ (@Ole _ _)) \implies Ole$ as $mlet_distr_le_morphism$.

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ($A B:\text{Type}$) : $(@Mlet A B)$
with signature $(Oeq \implies @\text{pointwise_relation } _ _ (@Oeq _ _)) \implies Oeq$ as $mlet_distr_eq_morphism$.

Save.

6.5 Properties of monadic operators

Lemma $Mlet_unit : \forall (A B:\text{Type}) (x:A) (m:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B), Mlet (Munit x) m \equiv m x.$

Lemma $Mlet_ext : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A), Mlet m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Munit x) \equiv m.$

Lemma $Mlet_assoc : \forall (A B C:\text{Type}) (m1: \text{distr } A) (m2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (m3: B \rightarrow \text{distr } C),$

Mlet (*Mlet* *m1* *m2*) *m3* \equiv *Mlet* *m1* (*fun* *x:A* \Rightarrow *Mlet* (*m2* *x*) *m3*).

Lemma *let_indep* : $\forall (A\ B:\text{Type})\ (m1:\text{distr}\ A)\ (m2:\text{distr}\ B)\ (f:\text{MF}\ B),$
 $\mu\ m1\ (\text{fun}\ _-\Rightarrow\ \mu\ m2\ f)\ \equiv\ \text{pone}\ m1\times(\mu\ m2\ f).$

6.6 A specific distribution

Definition *distr_null* : $\forall A:\text{Type},\ \text{distr}\ A.$
Defined.

Lemma *le_distr_null* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})\ (m:\text{distr}\ A),\ \text{distr_null}\ A\leq m.$
Hint Resolve *le_distr_null*.

6.7 Scaling a distribution

Definition *Mmult* *A* (*k:MF A*) (*m:M A*) : *M A*.
Defined.

Lemma *Mmult_simpl* : $\forall A\ (k:\text{MF}\ A)\ (m:\text{M}\ A)\ f,\ \text{Mmult}\ k\ m\ f = m\ (\text{fun}\ x\Rightarrow k\ x\times f\ x).$

Lemma *Mmult_stable_inv* : $\forall A\ (k:\text{MF}\ A)\ (d:\text{distr}\ A),\ \text{stable_inv}\ (\text{Mmult}\ k\ (\mu\ d)).$

Lemma *Mmult_stable_plus* : $\forall A\ (k:\text{MF}\ A)\ (d:\text{distr}\ A),\ \text{stable_plus}\ (\text{Mmult}\ k\ (\mu\ d)).$

Lemma *Mmult_stable_mult* : $\forall A\ (k:\text{MF}\ A)\ (d:\text{distr}\ A),\ \text{stable_mult}\ (\text{Mmult}\ k\ (\mu\ d)).$

Lemma *Mmult_continuous* : $\forall A\ (k:\text{MF}\ A)\ (d:\text{distr}\ A),\ \text{continuous}\ (\text{Mmult}\ k\ (\mu\ d)).$

Definition *distr_mult* *A* (*k:MF A*) (*d:distr A*) : *distr A*.
Defined.

Lemma *distr_mult_assoc* : $\forall A\ (k1\ k2:\text{MF}\ A)\ (d:\text{distr}\ A),$
 $\text{distr_mult}\ k1\ (\text{distr_mult}\ k2\ d) \equiv \text{distr_mult}\ (\text{fun}\ x\Rightarrow k1\ x\times k2\ x)\ d.$

Add Parametric Morphism (*A B : Type*) : (*distr_mult* (*A:=A*))
with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq*

as *distr_mult_eq_compat*.

Save.

Scaling with a constant functions

Definition *distr_scale* *A* (*k:U*) (*d:distr A*) : *distr A* := *distr_mult* (*fcte A k*) *d*.

Lemma *distr_scale_assoc* : $\forall A\ (k1\ k2:U)\ (d:\text{distr}\ A),$
 $\text{distr_scale}\ k1\ (\text{distr_scale}\ k2\ d) \equiv \text{distr_scale}\ (k1\times k2)\ d.$

Lemma *distr_scale_simpl* : $\forall A\ (k:U)\ (d:\text{distr}\ A)(f:\text{MF}\ A),$
 $\mu\ (\text{distr_scale}\ k\ d)\ f \equiv k\times\mu\ d\ f.$

Add Parametric Morphism *A* : (*distr_scale* (*A:=A*))
with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq*
as *distr_scale_eq_compat*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *distr_scale_eq_compat*.

Lemma *distr_scale_one* : $\forall A\ (d:\text{distr}\ A),\ \text{distr_scale}\ 1\ d \equiv d.$

Lemma *distr_scale_zero* : $\forall A\ (d:\text{distr}\ A),\ \text{distr_scale}\ 0\ d \equiv \text{distr_null}\ A.$

Hint Resolve *distr_scale_simpl distr_scale_assoc distr_scale_one distr_scale_zero*.

Lemma *let_indep_distr* : $\forall (A\ B:\text{Type})\ (m1:\text{distr}\ A)\ (m2:\text{distr}\ B),$
 $\text{Mlet}\ m1\ (\text{fun}\ _-\Rightarrow\ m2) \equiv \text{distr_scale}\ (\text{pone}\ m1)\ m2.$

Definition *Mdiv* *A* (*k:U*) (*m:M A*) : *M A* := *UDiv* *k* @ *m*.

Lemma *Mdiv_simpl* : $\forall A\ k\ (m:\text{M}\ A)\ f,\ \text{Mdiv}\ k\ m\ f = m\ f\ / k.$

Lemma *Mdiv_stable_inv* : $\forall A\ (k:U)\ (d:\text{distr}\ A)(dk:\mu\ d\ (\text{fone}\ A)\leq k),$

stable_inv (*Mdiv k* (μ *d*)).

Lemma *Mdiv_stable_plus* : $\forall A (k:U)(d:distr A), stable_plus (Mdiv k (\mu d)).$

Lemma *Mdiv_stable_mult* : $\forall A (k:U)(d:distr A)(dk : \mu d (fone A) \leq k), stable_mult (Mdiv k (\mu d)).$

Lemma *Mdiv_continuous* : $\forall A (k:U)(d:distr A), continuous (Mdiv k (\mu d)).$

Definition *distr_div A* ($k:U$) ($d:distr A$) ($dk : \mu d (fone A) \leq k$)
 $: distr A.$

Defined.

Lemma *distr_div_simpl* : $\forall A (k:U) (d:distr A) (dk : \mu d (fone A) \leq k) f, \mu (distr_div - dk) f = \mu d f / k.$

6.8 Conditional probabilities

Definition *mcond A* ($m:M A$) ($f:MF A$) : $M A.$

Defined.

Lemma *mcond_simpl* : $\forall A (m:M A) (f g: MF A), mcond m f g = m (fconj f g) / m f.$

Lemma *mcond_stable_plus* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f: MF A), stable_plus (mcond (\mu m) f).$

Lemma *mcond_stable_inv* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f: MF A), stable_inv (mcond (\mu m) f).$

Lemma *mcond_stable_mult* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f: MF A), stable_mult (mcond (\mu m) f).$

Lemma *mcond_continuous* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f: MF A), continuous (mcond (\mu m) f).$

Definition *Mcond A* ($m:distr A$) ($f:MF A$) : $distr A :=$
 $Build_distr (mcond_stable_inv m f) (mcond_stable_plus m f)$
 $(mcond_stable_mult m f) (mcond_continuous m f).$

Lemma *Mcond_total* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f:MF A), \neg 0 \equiv \mu m f \rightarrow \mu (Mcond m f) (fone A) \equiv 1.$

Lemma *Mcond_simpl* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A), \mu (Mcond m f) g = \mu m (fconj f g) / \mu m f.$

Hint Resolve *Mcond_simpl*.

Lemma *Mcond_zero_stable* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A), \mu m g \equiv 0 \rightarrow \mu (Mcond m f) g \equiv 0.$

Lemma *Mcond_null* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A), \mu m f \equiv 0 \rightarrow \mu (Mcond m f) g \equiv 0.$

Lemma *Mcond_conj* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A), \mu m (fconj f g) \equiv \mu (Mcond m f) g \times \mu m f.$

Lemma *Mcond_decomp* :

$\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A), \mu m g \equiv \mu (Mcond m f) g \times \mu m f + \mu (Mcond m (finv f)) g \times \mu m (finv f).$

Lemma *Mcond_bayes* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A), \mu (Mcond m f) g \equiv (\mu (Mcond m g) f \times \mu m g) / (\mu m f).$

Lemma *Mcond_mult* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g h:MF A), \mu (Mcond m h) (fconj f g) \equiv \mu (Mcond m (fconj g h)) f \times \mu (Mcond m h) g.$

Lemma *Mcond_conj_simpl* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g h:MF A), (fconj f f \equiv f) \rightarrow \mu (Mcond m f) (fconj f g) \equiv \mu (Mcond m f) g.$

Hint Resolve *Mcond_mult Mcond_conj_simpl*.

6.9 Least upper bound of increasing sequences of distributions

Lemma *M_lub_simpl* : $\forall A (h: \text{nat} \rightarrow M A) (f: MF A),$
 $\text{lub } h f = \text{lub } (\text{mshift } h f).$

Section Lubs.

Variable $A : \text{Type}.$

Definition $Mu : \text{distr } A \rightarrow M A.$

Defined.

Lemma *Mu_simpl* : $\forall d f, Mu d f = \mu d f.$

Variable $muf : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{distr } A.$

Definition $mu_lub : \text{distr } A.$

Defined.

Lemma *mu_lub_le* : $\forall n: \text{nat}, muf n \leq mu_lub.$

Lemma *mu_lub_sup* : $\forall m: \text{distr } A, (\forall n: \text{nat}, muf n \leq m) \rightarrow mu_lub \leq m.$

End Lubs.

Hint Resolve *mu_lub_le mu_lub_sup*.

6.9.1 Distributions seen as a Ccpo

Instance *cdistr* ($A:\text{Type}$) : *cpo* ($\text{distr } A$) :=
 $\{D0 := \text{distr_null } A; lub := mu_lub (A := A)\}.$

Defined.

Lemma *distr_lub_simpl* : $\forall A (h: \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{distr } A) (f: MF A),$
 $\mu (\text{lub } h) f = \text{lub } (\text{mshift } (Mu A @ h) f).$

Hint Resolve *distr_lub_simpl*.

6.10 Fixpoints

Definition $Mfix (A B:\text{Type}) (F: (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B))$
 $: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B := \text{fixp } F.$

Definition $MFix (A B:\text{Type}) : ((A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$
 $: = \text{Fixp } (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B).$

Lemma *Mfix_le* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (F: (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)) (x:A),$
 $Mfix F x \leq F (Mfix F) x.$

Lemma *Mfix_eq* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (F: (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)),$
 $\text{continuous } F \rightarrow \forall (x:A), Mfix F x \equiv F (Mfix F) x.$

Hint Resolve *Mfix_le Mfix_eq*.

Lemma *Mfix_le_compat* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (F G : (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)),$
 $F \leq G \rightarrow Mfix F \leq Mfix G.$

Definition $Miter (A B:\text{Type}) := \text{Ccpo}.iter (D := A \rightarrow \text{distr } B).$

Lemma *Mfix_le_iter* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (F: (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)) (n: \text{nat}),$
 $Miter F n \leq Mfix F.$

6.11 Continuity

Section Continuity.

Variables $A B:\text{Type}.$

Instance Mlet_continuous_right
 $\vdash \forall a:distr A, continuous (D1:= A \rightarrow distr B) (D2:=distr B) (MLet A B a).$
Save.

Lemma Mlet_continuous_left
 $\vdash continuous (D1:=distr A) (D2:=(A \rightarrow distr B) -m> distr B) (MLet A B).$
Hint Resolve Mlet_continuous_right Mlet_continuous_left.

Lemma Mlet_continuous2 : continuous2 $(D1:=distr A) (D2:= A \rightarrow distr B) (D3:=distr B) (MLet A B).$
Hint Resolve Mlet_continuous2.

Lemma Mlet_lub_le $\forall (mun:nat -m> distr A) (Mn : nat -m> (A \rightarrow distr B)),$
 $Mlet (lub mun) (lub Mn) \leq lub ((MLet A B @^2 mun) Mn).$

Lemma Mlet_lub_le_left $\forall (mun:nat -m> distr A)$
 $(M : A \rightarrow distr B),$
 $Mlet (lub mun) M \leq lub (mshift (MLet A B @ mun) M).$

Lemma Mlet_lub_le_right $\forall (m:distr A)$
 $(Mun : nat -m> (A \rightarrow distr B)),$
 $Mlet m (lub Mun) \leq lub ((MLet A B m)@Mun).$

Lemma Mlet_lub_fun_le_right $\forall (m:distr A)$
 $(Mun : A \rightarrow nat -m> distr B),$
 $Mlet m (fun x \Rightarrow lub (Mun x)) \leq lub ((MLet A B m)@(ishift Mun)).$

Lemma Mfix_continuous :
 $\forall (Fn : nat -m> (A \rightarrow distr B) -m> (A \rightarrow distr B)),$
 $(\forall n, continuous (Fn n)) \rightarrow$
 $Mfix (lub Fn) \leq lub (MFix A B @ Fn).$

End Continuity.

6.12 Exact probability : probability of full space is 1

Class Term A $(m:distr A) := term_def : \mu m (fone A) \equiv 1.$
Hint Resolve @term_def.

Lemma Mlet_indep_term $\forall A B (d1:distr A) (d2:distr B) \{T:Term d1\},$
 $Mlet d1 (fun _ \Rightarrow d2) \equiv d2.$
Hint Resolve Mlet_indep_term.

Lemma mu_stable_inv_term $\forall A (d:distr A) \{T:Term d\} f, \mu d (finv f) \equiv [1-](\mu d f).$

Instance Munit_term $\forall A (a:A), Term (Munit a).$
Save.
Hint Resolve Munit_term.

Instance Mlet_term $\forall A B (d1:distr A) (d2: A \rightarrow distr B)$
 $\{T1:Term d1\} \{T2:\forall x, Term (d2 x)\}, Term (Mlet d1 d2).$
Save.
Hint Resolve Mlet_term.

Lemma fplusok_mu_term $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (d:distr B) (f f':A \rightarrow MF B) \{T:Term d\},$
 $(\forall x:A, fplusok (f x) (f' x)) \rightarrow$
 $fplusok (\fun x : A \Rightarrow \mu d (f x)) (\fun x : A \Rightarrow \mu d (f' x)).$

6.13 distribution for flip

The distribution associated to *flip ()* is $f \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (f \text{ true}) + \frac{1}{2} (f \text{ false})$

Definition flip $: M \text{ bool} := mon (\fun (f : \text{bool} \rightarrow U) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times (f \text{ true}) + \frac{1}{2} \times (f \text{ false})).$

Lemma flip_stable_inv $: stable_inv flip.$

```

Lemma flip_stable_plus : stable_plus flip.
Lemma flip_stable_mult : stable_mult flip.
Lemma flip_continuous : continuous flip.
Lemma flip_true : flip B2U ≡  $\frac{1}{2}$ .
Lemma flip_false : flip NB2U ≡  $\frac{1}{2}$ .
Hint Resolve flip_true flip_false.
Definition Flip : distr bool.
Defined.

Lemma Flip_simpl :  $\forall f, \mu \text{Flip } f = \frac{1}{2} \times (f \text{ true}) + \frac{1}{2} \times (f \text{ false})$ .
Instance flip_term : Term Flip.
Save.
Hint Resolve flip_term.

```

6.14 Uniform distribution between 0 and n

Require Arith.

6.14.1 Definition of fnth

$fnth\ n\ k$ is defined as $[1/]1+n$

Definition $fnth\ (n:\text{nat}) : \text{nat} \rightarrow U := \text{fun } k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n$.

6.14.2 Basic properties of fnth

Lemma $Unth_{eq} : \forall n, Unth\ n \equiv [1-] (\sigma (fnth\ n) n)$.

Hint Resolve $Unth_{eq}$.

Lemma $\sigma_{fnth_one} : \forall n, \sigma (fnth\ n) (S\ n) \equiv 1$.

Hint Resolve σ_{fnth_one} .

Lemma $Unth_{inv_eq} : \forall n, [1-] ([1/]1+n) \equiv \sigma (fnth\ n) n$.

Lemma $\sigma_{fnth_sup} : \forall n\ m, (m > n) \rightarrow \sigma (fnth\ n) m \equiv \sigma (fnth\ n) (S\ n)$.

Lemma $\sigma_{fnth_le} : \forall n\ m, (\sigma (fnth\ n) m) \leq (\sigma (fnth\ n) (S\ n))$.

Hint Resolve σ_{fnth_le} .

$fnth$ is a retract Lemma $fnth_retract : \forall n:\text{nat}, (\text{retract} (fnth\ n) (S\ n))$.

Implicit Arguments $fnth_retract []$.

6.15 Distributions and general summations

Definition $\sigma_{fun}\ A\ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow MF\ A)\ (n:\text{nat}) : MF\ A := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow \sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k\ x) n$.

Definition $serie_{fun}\ A\ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow MF\ A) : MF\ A := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow serie (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k\ x)$.

Definition $Sigma_{fun}\ A\ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow MF\ A) : \text{nat} \rightarrow MF\ A :=$
 $ishift (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k\ x))$.

Lemma $Sigma_{fun_simpl} : \forall A\ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow MF\ A)\ (n:\text{nat}),$
 $\sigma_{fun}\ f\ n = \sigma_{fun}\ f\ n$.

Lemma $serie_{fun_lub_sigma_{fun}} : \forall A\ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow MF\ A),$
 $\sigma_{fun}\ f \equiv lub (\sigma_{fun}\ f)$.

Hint Resolve $serie_{fun_lub_sigma_{fun}}$.

Lemma $\sigma_{fun_0} : \forall A\ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow MF\ A), \sigma_{fun}\ f\ 0 \equiv fzero\ A$.

Lemma $\sigma_{fun_S} : \forall A\ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow MF\ A)\ (n:\text{nat}),$

```

sigma_fun f (S n) ≡ fplus (f n) (sigma_fun f n).

Lemma mu_sigma_le : ∀ A (d:distr A) (f:nat → MF A) (n:nat),
  μ d (sigma_fun f n) ≤ sigma (fun k ⇒ μ d (f k)) n.

Lemma retract_fplusok : ∀ A (f:nat → MF A) (n:nat),
  (∀ x, retract (fun k ⇒ f k x) n) →
  ∀ k, (k < n)%nat → fplusok (f k) (sigma_fun f k).

Lemma mu_sigma_eq : ∀ A (d:distr A) (f:nat → MF A) (n:nat),
  (∀ x, retract (fun k ⇒ f k x) n) →
  μ d (sigma_fun f n) ≡ sigma (fun k ⇒ μ d (f k)) n.

Lemma mu_serie_le : ∀ A (d:distr A) (f:nat → MF A),
  μ d (serie_fun f) ≤ serie (fun k ⇒ μ d (f k)).

Lemma mu_serie_eq : ∀ A (d:distr A) (f:nat → MF A),
  (∀ x, wretract (fun k ⇒ f k x)) →
  μ d (serie_fun f) ≡ serie (fun k ⇒ μ d (f k)).

Lemma wretract_fplusok : ∀ A (f:nat → MF A),
  (∀ x, wretract (fun k ⇒ f k x)) →
  ∀ k, fplusok (f k) (sigma_fun f k).

```

6.16 Discrete distributions

```

Instance discrete_mon : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  monotonic (fun f : A → U ⇒ serie (fun k ⇒ c k × f (p k))).
```

Save.

```

Definition discrete A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A) : M A :=
  mon (fun f : A → U ⇒ serie (fun k ⇒ c k × f (p k))).
```

```

Lemma discrete_simpl : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A) f,
  discrete c p f = serie (fun k ⇒ c k × f (p k)).
```

```

Lemma discrete_stable_inv : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  wretract c → stable_inv (discrete c p).
```

```

Lemma discrete_stable_plus : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  stable_plus (discrete c p).
```

```

Lemma discrete_stable_mult : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  wretract c → stable_mult (discrete c p).
```

```

Lemma discrete_continuous : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  continuous (discrete c p).
```

```

Record discr (A:Type) : Type :=
  {coeff : nat → U; coeff_retr : wretract coeff; points : nat → A}.
```

Hint Resolve coeff_retr.

```

Definition Discrete : ∀ A, discr A → distr A.
```

Defined.

```

Lemma Discrete_simpl : ∀ A (d:discr A),
  μ (Discrete d) = discrete (coeff d) (points d).
```

```

Definition is_discrete (A:Type) (m: distr A) :=
  ∃ d : discr A, m ≡ Discrete d.
```

6.16.1 Distribution for random n

The distribution associated to *random n* is $f \rightarrow \text{sigma } (i=0..n) [1]1+n (f i)$ we cannot factorize $[1/]1+n$ because of possible overflow

```

Instance random_mon : ∀ n, monotonic (fun (f:MF nat) ⇒ sigma (fun k ⇒ Unth n × f k) (S n)).
Save.

Definition random (n:nat):M nat := mon (fun (f:MF nat) ⇒ sigma (fun k ⇒ Unth n × f k) (S n)).

Lemma random_simpl : ∀ n (f : MF nat),
random n f = sigma (fun k ⇒ Unth n × f k) (S n).

```

6.16.2 Properties of random

```

Lemma random_stable_inv : ∀ n, stable_inv (random n).

Lemma random_stable_plus : ∀ n, stable_plus (random n).

Lemma random_stable_mult : ∀ n, stable_mult (random n).

Lemma random_continuous : ∀ n, continuous (random n).

Definition Random (n:nat) : distr nat.
Defined.

Lemma Random_simpl : ∀ (n:nat), μ (Random n) = random n.

Instance Random_total : ∀ n : nat, Term (Random n).
Save.

Hint Resolve Random_total.

Lemma Random_inv : ∀ f n, μ (Random n) (finv f) ≡ [1-] (μ (Random n) f).
Hint Resolve Random_inv.

```

6.17 Tactics

```

Ltac mu_plus d :=
  match goal with
  | ⊢ context [fmont (μ d) (fun x ⇒ (Uplus (@?f x) (@?g x)))] ⇒
    rewrite (mu_stable_plus d (f:=f) (g:=g))
  end.

Ltac mu_mult d :=
  match goal with
  | ⊢ context [fmont (μ d) (fun x ⇒ (Umult ?k (@?f x)))] ⇒
    rewrite (mu_stable_mult d k f)
  end.

```

7 SProbas.v: Definition of the monad for sub-distributions

Require Export Probas.

7.1 Definition of (sub)distribution

Subdistributions are measure functions μ such that

- $\mu (1-f) \leq 1 - \mu f$
- $f \leq 1-g \rightarrow \mu f + \mu g \leq \mu (f+g)$
- $\mu f \& \mu g \leq \mu (f \& g) - [\mu (f+k) \leq \mu f + k] - [\mu (k \times f) = k \times \mu (f)] - [\mu (\text{lub } f-n) \leq \text{lub } \mu (f-n)]$

```

Record] sdistr (A:Type) : Type :=
{smu : M A;
 smu_stable_inv : stable_inv smu;
 smu_le_plus : le_plus smu;
 smu_le_esp : le_esp smu;
 smu_le_plus_cte : le_plus_cte smu;
 smu_stable_mult : stable_mult smu;
 smu_continuous : continuous smu}.

Hint Resolve smu_le_plus smu_stable_inv smu_le_esp smu_stable_mult
smu_continuous.

```

7.2 Properties of sub-measures

Lemma *smu_monotonic* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{sdistr } A)$, *monotonic* (*smu m*).

Hint Resolve *smu_monotonic*.

Implicit Arguments *smu_monotonic* [*A*].

Lemma *smu_stable* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{sdistr } A)$, *stable* (*smu m*).

Hint Resolve *smu_stable*.

Implicit Arguments *smu_stable* [*A*].

Lemma *smu_zero* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{sdistr } A)$, *smu m* (*fzero A*) $\equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve *smu_zero*.

Lemma *smu_stable_mult_right* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : (\text{sdistr } A)) (c : U) (f : A \rightarrow U)$,
 $\text{smu } m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow (f \ x) \times c) \equiv (\text{smu } m \ f) \times c$.

Lemma *smu_le_minus_left* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{sdistr } A) (f \ g : A \rightarrow U)$,
 $\text{smu } m (\text{fminus } f \ g) \leq \text{smu } m \ f$.

Hint Resolve *smu_le_minus_left*.

Lemma *smu_le_minus* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{sdistr } A) (f \ g : A \rightarrow U)$,
 $g \leq f \rightarrow \text{smu } m (\text{fminus } f \ g) \leq \text{smu } m \ f - \text{smu } m \ g$.

Hint Resolve *smu_le_minus*.

Lemma *smu_cte* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : (\text{sdistr } A)) (c : U)$,
 $\text{smu } m (\text{fcte } A \ c) \equiv c \times \text{smu } m (\text{fone } A)$.

Hint Resolve *smu_cte*.

Lemma *smu_cte_le* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : (\text{sdistr } A)) (c : U)$,
 $\text{smu } m (\text{fcte } A \ c) \leq c$.

Lemma *smu_cte_eq* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : (\text{sdistr } A)) (c : U)$,
 $\text{smu } m (\text{fone } A) \equiv 1 \rightarrow \text{smu } m (\text{fcte } A \ c) \equiv c$.

Hint Resolve *smu_cte_le* *smu_cte_eq*.

Lemma *smu_le_minus_cte* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{sdistr } A) (f : A \rightarrow U) (k : U)$,
 $\text{smu } m \ f - k \leq \text{smu } m (\text{fminus } f (\text{fcte } A \ k))$.

Lemma *smu_inv_le_minus* :

$\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{sdistr } A) (f : A \rightarrow U)$, $\text{smu } m (\text{finv } f) \leq \text{smu } m (\text{fone } A) - \text{smu } m \ f$.

Lemma *smu_inv_minus_inv* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{sdistr } A) (f : A \rightarrow U)$,
 $\text{smu } m (\text{finv } f) + [1-](\text{smu } m (\text{fone } A)) \leq [1-](\text{smu } m \ f)$.

Definition *stable_plus_sdistr* : $\forall A (m : M A)$,
 $\text{stable_plus } m \rightarrow \text{stable_inv } m \rightarrow \text{stable_mult } m \rightarrow \text{continuous } m \rightarrow \text{sdistr } A$.

Defined.

Definition *distr_sdistr* : $\forall A$, *distr A* \rightarrow *sdistr A*.

Defined.

Definition *Sunit A* (*x*:*A*) : *sdistr A* := *distr_sdistr* (*Munit x*).

```

Lemma Sunit_unit : ∀ A (x:A), smu (Sunit x) = unit x.
Lemma Sunit_simpl : ∀ A (x:A) (f : MF A), smu (Sunit x) f = f x.
Definition Slet : ∀ A B:Type, (sdistr A) → (A → sdistr B) → sdistr B.
Defined.

Lemma Slet_star : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:sdistr A) (M : A → sdistr B),
smu (Slet m M) = star (smu m) (fun x ⇒ smu (M x)).
Lemma Slet_simpl : ∀ A B (m:sdistr A) (M : A → sdistr B) (f:MF B),
smu (Slet m M) f = smu m (fun x ⇒ smu (M x) f).

```

Non deterministic choice

```

Definition Smin (A:Type)(m1 m2 : sdistr A) : sdistr A.
Save.

```

7.3 Operations on sub-distributions

```

Instance Osdistr (A : Type) : ord (sdistr A) :=
{ Ole := fun f g ⇒ smu f ≤ smu g;
  Oeq := fun f g ⇒ smu f ≡ smu g}.

```

Defined.

```

Lemma Sunit_compat : ∀ A (x y : A), x = y → Sunit x ≡ Sunit y.

```

```

Lemma Slet_compat : ∀ (A B : Type) (m1 m2:sdistr A) (M1 M2 : A→ sdistr B),
m1 ≡ m2 → M1 ≡ M2 → Slet m1 M1 ≡ Slet m2 M2.

```

```

Lemma le_sdistr_gen : ∀ (A:Type) (m1 m2:sdistr A),
m1 ≤ m2 → ∀ f g, f ≤ g → smu m1 f ≤ smu m2 g.

```

7.4 Properties of monadic operators

```

Lemma Slet_unit : ∀ (A B:Type) (x:A) (m:A → sdistr B), Slet (Sunit x) m ≡ m x.

```

```

Lemma M_ext : ∀ (A:Type) (m:sdistr A), Slet m (fun x ⇒ Sunit x) ≡ m.

```

```

Lemma Mcomp : ∀ (A B C:Type) (m1:(sdistr A)) (m2:A → sdistr B) (m3:B → sdistr C),
Slet (Slet m1 m2) m3 ≡ Slet m1 (fun x:A ⇒ (Slet (m2 x) m3)).

```

```

Lemma Slet_le_compat : ∀ (A B:Type) (m1 m2: sdistr A) (f1 f2 : A → sdistr B),
m1 ≤ m2 → f1 ≤ f2 → Slet m1 f1 ≤ Slet m2 f2.

```

7.5 A specific subdistribution

```

Definition sdistr_null : ∀ A : Type, sdistr A.

```

Defined.

```

Lemma le_sdistr_null : ∀ (A:Type) (m : sdistr A), sdistr_null A ≤ m.
Hint Resolve le_sdistr_null.

```

7.6 Least upper bound of increasing sequences of sdistributions

Section Lubs.

Variable A : Type.

```

Definition Smu : sdistr A -m> M A.

```

Defined.

```

Lemma Smu_simpl : ∀ d f, Smu d f = smu d f.

```

```

Variable smuf : nat -m> sdistr A.

```

```

Definition smu_lub: sdistr A.

```

```

Defined.

Lemma smu_lub_simpl : smu smu_lub = lub (Smu @ smuf).

Lemma smu_lub_le : ∀ n:nat, smuf n ≤ smu_lub.

Lemma smu_lub_sup : ∀ m:sdistr A, (∀ n:nat, smuf n ≤ m) → smu_lub ≤ m.

End Lubs.

```

7.7 Sub-distribution for *flip*

The distribution associated to *flip* () is $f \mapsto \frac{1}{2}f(\text{true}) + \frac{1}{2}f(\text{false})$ **Definition** $S\text{flip} : \text{sdistr bool} := \text{distr_sdistr Flip}$.

```
Lemma Sflip_simpl : smu Sflip = flip.
```

7.8 Uniform sub-distribution between 0 and n

```
Require Arith.
```

7.8.1 Distribution for *Srandom n*

The sdistribution associated to *Srandom n* is $f \mapsto \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{f(i)}{n+1}$ we cannot factorize $\frac{1}{n+1}$ because of possible overflow
Definition $S\text{random} (n:\text{nat}) : \text{sdistr nat} := \text{distr_sdistr} (\text{Random } n)$.

```
Lemma Srandom_simpl : ∀ n, smu (Srandom n) = random n.
```

8 Prog.v: Composition of distributions

```
Add Rec LoadPath ".\" as ALEA.
```

```
Require Export Probas.
```

8.1 Conditional

```
Definition Mif (A:Type) (b:distr bool) (m1 m2: distr A)
  := Mlet b (fun x:bool => if x then m1 else m2).
```

```
Lemma Mif_le_compat : ∀ (A:Type) (b1 b2:distr bool) (m1 m2 n1 n2: distr A),
  b1 ≤ b2 → m1 ≤ m2 → n1 ≤ n2 → Mif b1 m1 n1 ≤ Mif b2 m2 n2.
```

```
Hint Resolve Mif_le_compat.
```

```
Instance Mif_mon2 : ∀ (A:Type) b, monotonic2 (Mif (A:=A) b).
```

```
Save.
```

```
Definition MIIf : ∀ (A:Type), distr bool -m> distr A -m> distr A -m> distr A.
Defined.
```

```
Lemma MIIf_simpl : ∀ A b d1 d2, MIIf A b d1 d2 = Mif b d1 d2.
```

```
Instance if_mon : ∀ {o:ord A} (b:boolean), monotonic2 (fun (x y:A) => if b then x else y).
Save.
```

```
Definition If {o:ord A} (b:boolean) : A -m> A -m> A := mon2 (fun (x y:A) => if b then x else y).
```

```
Instance Mif_continuous2 : ∀ (A:Type) b, continuous2 (MIIf A b).
Save.
```

```
Hint Resolve Mif_continuous2.
```

```
Instance Mif_cond_continuous : ∀ (A:Type), continuous (MIIf A).
Save.
```

```

Hint Resolve Mif_cond_continuous.

Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (Mif (A:=A))
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as Mif_eq_compat.
Save.

Hint Immediate Mif_eq_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (Mif (A:=A))
  with signature Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole
as Mif_le_compat_morph.
Save.

Lemma Mif_lub_eq_left : ∀ (A:Type) b h (d: distr A),
  Mif b (lub h) d ≡ lub (Mif _ b @ h) d.

Lemma Mif_lub_eq_right : ∀ (A:Type) b h (d: distr A),
  Mif b d (lub h) ≡ lub (Mif _ b d @ h).

Lemma Mif_lub_eq2 : ∀ (A:Type) b (h1 h2 : nat -m> distr A),
  Mif b (lub h1) (lub h2) ≡ lub ((Mif _ b @² h1) h2).

Instance Mif_term : ∀ (A:Type) b (d1 d2:distr A)
  {Tb : Term b} {T1:Term d1} {T2:Term d2}, Term (Mif b d1 d2).

Save.

Hint Resolve Mif_term.

```

8.2 Probabilistic choice

The distribution associated to $pchoice p m1 m2$ is $f \rightarrow p (m1 f) + (1-p) (m2 f)$

Definition $pchoice : \forall A, U \rightarrow M A \rightarrow M A \rightarrow M A$.
Defined.

Lemma $pchoice_simpl : \forall A p (m1 m2:M A) f,$
 $pchoice p m1 m2 f = p \times m1 f + [1-p] \times m2 f.$

Definition $Mchoice (A:Type) (p:U) (m1 m2: distr A) : distr A$.
Defined.

Lemma $Mchoice_simpl : \forall A p (m1 m2:distr A) f,$
 $\mu (Mchoice p m1 m2) f = p \times \mu m1 f + [1-p] \times \mu m2 f.$

Lemma $Mchoice_le_compat : \forall (A:Type) (p:U) (m1 m2 n1 n2: distr A),$
 $m1 \leq m2 \rightarrow n1 \leq n2 \rightarrow Mchoice p m1 n1 \leq Mchoice p m2 n2.$

Hint Resolve Mchoice_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (Mchoice (A:=A))
 with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as Mchoice_eq_compat.

Save.

Hint Immediate Mchoice_eq_compat.

Instance $Mchoice_mon2 : \forall (A:Type) (p:U), monotonic2 (Mchoice (A:=A) p).$
Save.

Definition $MChoice A (p:U) : distr A -m> distr A -m> distr A :=$
 $mon2 (Mchoice (A:=A) p).$

Lemma $MChoice_simpl : \forall A (p:U) (m1 m2 : distr A),$
 $MChoice A p m1 m2 = Mchoice p m1 m2.$

Lemma $Mchoice_sym_le : \forall (A:Type) (p:U) (m1 m2: distr A),$
 $Mchoice p m1 m2 \leq Mchoice ([1-p]) m2 m1.$

Hint Resolve Mchoice_sym_le.

```

Lemma Mchoice_sym : ∀ (A:Type) (p:U) (m1 m2: distr A),
  Mchoice p m1 m2 ≡ Mchoice ([1]-p) m2 m1.

Lemma Mchoice_continuous_right
  : ∀ (A:Type) (p:U) (m: distr A), continuous (D1:=distr A) (D2:=distr A) (MChoice A p m).
Hint Resolve Mchoice_continuous_right.

Lemma Mchoice_continuous_left : ∀ (A:Type) (p:U),
  continuous (D1:=distr A) (D2:=distr A -m> distr A) (MChoice A p).

Lemma Mchoice_continuous :
  ∀ (A:Type) (p:U), continuous2 (D1:=distr A) (D2:=distr A) (D3:=distr A) (MChoice A p).

Instance Mchoice_term : ∀ A p (d1 d2:distr A) {T1:Term d1} {T2:Term d2},
  Term (Mchoice p d1 d2).

Save.

Hint Resolve Mchoice_term.

```

8.3 Image distribution

```

Definition im_distr (A B : Type) (f:A → B) (m:distr A) : distr B :=
  Mlet m (fun a ⇒ Munit (f a)).

Lemma im_distr_simpl : ∀ A B (f:A → B) (m:distr A)(h:B → U),
  μ (im_distr f m) h = μ m (fun a ⇒ h (f a)).

Add Parametric Morphism (A B : Type) : (im_distr (A:=A) (B:=B))
  with signature (feq (A:=A) (B:=B)) ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
  as im_distr_eq_compat.

Save.

Lemma im_distr_comp : ∀ A B C (f:A → B) (g:B → C) (m:distr A),
  im_distr g (im_distr f m) ≡ im_distr (fun a ⇒ g (f a)) m.

Lemma im_distr_id : ∀ A (f:A → A) (m:distr A), (∀ x, f x = x) →
  im_distr f m ≡ m.

Instance im_distr_term : ∀ A B (f:A→B)(d:distr A){T:Term d},
  Term (im_distr f d).

Save.

Hint Resolve im_distr_term.

```

8.4 Product distribution

```

Definition prod_distr (A B : Type)(d1:distr A)(d2:distr B) : distr (A×B) :=
  Mlet d1 (fun x ⇒ Mlet d2 (fun y ⇒ Munit (x,y))).

Add Parametric Morphism (A B : Type) : (prod_distr (A:=A) (B:=B))
  with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole
  as prod_distr_le_compat.

Save.

Hint Resolve prod_distr_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism (A B : Type) : (prod_distr (A:=A) (B:=B))
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
  as prod_distr_eq_compat.

Save.

Hint Immediate prod_distr_eq_compat.

Instance prod_distr_mon2 : ∀ (A B :Type), monotonic2 (prod_distr (A:=A) (B:=B)).
Save.

Definition Prod_distr (A B :Type): distr A -m> distr B -m> distr (A×B) :=

```

$\text{mon2 } (\text{prod_distr } (A:=A) (B:=B)).$
Lemma $\text{Prod_distr_simpl} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B),$
 $\quad \text{Prod_distr } A B d1 d2 = \text{prod_distr } d1 d2.$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_rect} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: A \rightarrow U) (g: B \rightarrow U),$
 $\quad \mu (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2) (\text{fun } xy \Rightarrow f (\text{fst } xy) \times g (\text{snd } xy)) \equiv \mu d1 f \times \mu d2 g.$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_fst} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: A \rightarrow U),$
 $\quad \mu (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2) (\text{fun } xy \Rightarrow f (\text{fst } xy)) \equiv \text{pone } d2 \times \mu d1 f.$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_snd} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (g: B \rightarrow U),$
 $\quad \mu (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2) (\text{fun } xy \Rightarrow g (\text{snd } xy)) \equiv \text{pone } d1 \times \mu d2 g.$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_fst_eq} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B),$
 $\quad \text{pone } d2 \equiv 1 \rightarrow \text{im_distr } (\text{fst } (A:=A) (B:=B)) (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2) \equiv d1.$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_snd_eq} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B),$
 $\quad \text{pone } d1 \equiv 1 \rightarrow \text{im_distr } (\text{snd } (A:=A) (B:=B)) (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2) \equiv d2.$
Definition $\text{swap } A B (x: A \times B) : B \times A := (\text{snd } x, \text{fst } x).$
Definition $\text{arg_swap } A B (f: MF (A \times B)) : MF (B \times A) := \text{fun } z \Rightarrow f (\text{swap } z).$
Definition $\text{Arg_swap } A B : MF (A \times B) \dashv\rightarrow MF (B \times A).$
Defined.
Lemma $\text{Arg_swap_simpl} : \forall A B f, \text{Arg_swap } A B f = \text{arg_swap } f.$
Definition $\text{prod_distr_com } A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: MF (A \times B)) :=$
 $\quad \mu (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2) f \equiv \mu (\text{prod_distr } d2 d1) (\text{arg_swap } f).$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_eq_compat} : \forall A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f g: MF (A \times B)),$
 $\quad f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 f \rightarrow \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 g.$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_rect} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: A \rightarrow U) (g: B \rightarrow U),$
 $\quad \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 (\text{fun } xy \Rightarrow f (\text{fst } xy) \times g (\text{snd } xy)).$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_cte} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (c: U),$
 $\quad \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 (\text{fcte } (A \times B) c).$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_one} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B),$
 $\quad \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 (\text{fone } (A \times B)).$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_plus} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f g: MF (A \times B)),$
 $\quad \text{fplusok } f g \rightarrow$
 $\quad \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 f \rightarrow \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 g \rightarrow$
 $\quad \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 (\text{fplus } f g).$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_mult} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (k: U) (f: MF (A \times B)),$
 $\quad \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 f \rightarrow \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 (\text{fmult } k f).$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_inv} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: MF (A \times B)),$
 $\quad \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 f \rightarrow \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 (\text{finv } f).$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_lub} : \forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: nat \dashv\rightarrow MF (A \times B)),$
 $\quad (\forall n, \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 (f n)) \rightarrow \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 (\text{lub } f).$
Lemma $\text{prod_distr_com_sym} : \forall A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: MF (A \times B)),$
 $\quad \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 f \rightarrow \text{prod_distr_com } d2 d1 (\text{arg_swap } f).$
Lemma $\text{discrete_commute} : \forall A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: MF (A \times B)),$
 $\quad \text{is_discrete } d1 \rightarrow \text{prod_distr_com } d1 d2 f.$
Lemma $\text{is_discrete_swap} : \forall A B C (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \text{distr } C),$
 $\quad \text{is_discrete } d1 \rightarrow$
 $\quad Mlet d1 (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Mlet d2 (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow f x y)) \equiv Mlet d2 (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow Mlet d1 (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x y)).$
Lemma $\text{is_discrete_swap_mu} : \forall A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $\quad \text{is_discrete } d1 \rightarrow$

$\mu d1 (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow \mu d2 (\text{fun } y : B \Rightarrow f x y)) \equiv$
 $\mu d2 (\text{fun } y : B \Rightarrow \mu d1 (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow f x y)).$

Definition $\text{fst_distr } A B (m : \text{distr } (A \times B)) : \text{distr } A := \text{im_distr } (\text{fst } (B := B)) m.$

Definition $\text{snd_distr } A B (m : \text{distr } (A \times B)) : \text{distr } B := \text{im_distr } (\text{snd } (B := B)) m.$

Add Parametric Morphism $(A B : \text{Type}) : (\text{fst_distr } (A := A) (B := B))$
with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq$ as $\text{fst_distr_eq_compat}.$

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism $(A B : \text{Type}) : (\text{snd_distr } (A := A) (B := B))$
with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq$ as $\text{snd_distr_eq_compat}.$

Save.

Lemma $\text{fst_prod_distr} : \forall A B (m1 : \text{distr } A) (m2 : \text{distr } B),$
 $\text{fst_distr } (\text{prod_distr } m1 m2) \equiv \text{distr_scale } (\text{pone } m2) m1.$

Lemma $\text{snd_prod_distr} : \forall A B (m1 : \text{distr } A) (m2 : \text{distr } B),$
 $\text{snd_distr } (\text{prod_distr } m1 m2) \equiv \text{distr_scale } (\text{pone } m1) m2.$

Lemma $\text{pone_prod} : \forall A B (m1 : \text{distr } A) (m2 : \text{distr } B),$
 $\text{pone } (\text{prod_distr } m1 m2) \equiv \text{pone } m1 \times \text{pone } m2.$

Instance $\text{prod_distr_term} : \forall A B (d1 : \text{distr } A) (d2 : \text{distr } B)$
 $\{T1 : \text{Term } d1\} \{T2 : \text{Term } d2\}, \text{Term } (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2).$

Save.

Hint Resolve $\text{prod_distr_term}.$

Lemma $\text{fst_prod_distr_term} : \forall A B (d1 : \text{distr } A) (d2 : \text{distr } B) \{T2 : \text{Term } d2\},$
 $\text{fst_distr } (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2) \equiv d1.$

Lemma $\text{snd_prod_distr_term} : \forall A B (d1 : \text{distr } A) (d2 : \text{distr } B) \{T1 : \text{Term } d1\},$
 $\text{snd_distr } (\text{prod_distr } d1 d2) \equiv d2.$

Hint Resolve $\text{fst_prod_distr_term}$ $\text{snd_prod_distr_term}.$

8.5 Independance of distribution

Definition $\text{prod_indep } A B (m : \text{distr } (A \times B)) :=$
 $\text{distr_scale } (\text{pone } m) m \equiv \text{prod_distr } (\text{fst_distr } m) (\text{snd_distr } m).$

Lemma $\text{prod_distr_indep} : \forall A B (m1 : \text{distr } A) (m2 : \text{distr } B), \text{prod_indep } (\text{prod_distr } m1 m2).$

Add Parametric Morphism $A B : (\text{prod_indep } (A := A) (B := B))$
with signature $Oeq \implies \text{Basics.impl}$
as $\text{prod_indep_eq_compat}.$

Save.

Hint Resolve $\text{prod_indep_eq_compat}.$

Lemma distr_indep_mult
 $: \forall A B (m : \text{distr } (A \times B)), \text{prod_indep } m \rightarrow$
 $\forall (f1 : \text{MF } A) (f2 : \text{MF } B),$
 $\text{pone } m \times \mu m (\text{fun } p \Rightarrow f1 (\text{fst } p) \times f2 (\text{snd } p)) \equiv$
 $\mu (\text{fst_distr } m) f1 \times \mu (\text{snd_distr } m) f2.$

8.6 Range of a distribution

Definition $\text{range } A (P : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (d : \text{distr } A) :=$
 $\forall f, (\forall x, P x \rightarrow 0 \equiv f x) \rightarrow 0 \equiv \mu d f.$

Lemma $\text{range_le} : \forall A (P : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (d : \text{distr } A), \text{range } P d \rightarrow$
 $\forall f g, (\forall a, P a \rightarrow f a \leq g a) \rightarrow \mu d f \leq \mu d g.$

Lemma $\text{range_eq} : \forall A (P : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (d : \text{distr } A), \text{range } P d \rightarrow$

$$\forall f g, (\forall a, P a \rightarrow f a \equiv g a) \rightarrow \mu d f \equiv \mu d g.$$

Lemma *im_range A B (f : A → B) :*

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (d : distr A) (P : B \rightarrow \text{Prop}), \\ & \text{range } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow P (f x)) d \rightarrow \text{range } P (\text{im_distr } f d). \end{aligned}$$

Hint Resolve *im_range*.

Lemma *range_implementation A (P Q : A → Prop) :*

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (d : distr A), (\forall x, P x \rightarrow Q x) \\ & \rightarrow \text{range } P d \rightarrow \text{range } Q d. \end{aligned}$$

Lemma *im_range_map A B (f : A → B) :*

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (d : distr A) (P : B \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (Q : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}), \\ & (\forall x, Q x \rightarrow P (f x)) \rightarrow \\ & \text{range } Q d \rightarrow \text{range } P (\text{im_distr } f d). \end{aligned}$$

Lemma *im_range_prop A B (f : A → B) :*

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (d : distr A) (P : B \rightarrow \text{Prop}), \\ & (\forall x, P (f x)) \rightarrow \text{range } P (\text{im_distr } f d). \end{aligned}$$

Lemma *range_le_compatible : ∀ A (P : A → Prop) (d1 d2 : distr A),*
 $d1 \leq d2 \rightarrow \text{range } P d2 \rightarrow \text{range } P d1.$

Add Parametric Morphism A (P : A → Prop) : (range P)
with signature Oeq ==> iff as range_distr_morph.

Save.

9 Prog.v: Axiomatic semantics

9.1 Definition of correctness judgements

- *ok p e q* is defined as $p \leq \mu e q$
- *up p e q* is defined as $\mu e q \leq p$

Definition *ok (A:Type) (p:U) (e:distr A) (q:A → U) := p ≤ μ e q.*

Definition *okfun (A B:Type)(p:A → U)(e:A → distr B)(q:A → B → U)*
 $:= \forall x:A, \text{ok } (p x) (e x) (q x).$

Definition *okup (A:Type) (p:U) (e:distr A) (q:A → U) := μ e q ≤ p.*

Definition *upfun (A B:Type)(p:A → U)(e:A → distr B)(q:A → B → U)*
 $:= \forall x:A, \text{okup } (p x) (e x) (q x).$

9.2 Stability properties

Lemma *ok_le_compatible : ∀ (A:Type) (p p':U) (e:distr A) (q q':A → U),*
 $p' \leq p \rightarrow q \leq q' \rightarrow \text{ok } p e q \rightarrow \text{ok } p' e q'.$

Lemma *ok_eq_compatible : ∀ (A:Type) (p p':U) (e e':distr A) (q q':A → U),*
 $p' \equiv p \rightarrow q \equiv q' \rightarrow e \equiv e' \rightarrow \text{ok } p e q \rightarrow \text{ok } p' e' q'.$

Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (@ok A)
with signature Ole -> Oeq ==> Ole ==> Basics.impl
as ok_le_morphism.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (@ok A)
with signature Oeq -> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> iff
as ok_eq_morphism.

Save.

Lemma *okfun_le_compat* :
 $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (p p':A \rightarrow U) (e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (q q':A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $p' \leq p \rightarrow q \leq q' \rightarrow \text{okfun } p e q \rightarrow \text{okfun } p' e q'.$

Lemma *okfun_eq_compat* :
 $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (p p':A \rightarrow U) (e e':A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (q q':A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $p' \equiv p \rightarrow q \equiv q' \rightarrow e \equiv e' \rightarrow \text{okfun } p e q \rightarrow \text{okfun } p' e' q'.$

Add Parametric Morphism ($A B:\text{Type}$) : (@*okfun* $A B$)
with signature *Ole* \rightarrow *Oeq* $\Rightarrow\Rightarrow$ *Ole* $\Rightarrow\Rightarrow$ *Basics.impl*
as *okfun_le_morphism*.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism ($A B:\text{Type}$) : (@*okfun* $A B$)
with signature *Oeq* \rightarrow *Oeq* $\Rightarrow\Rightarrow$ *Oeq* $\Rightarrow\Rightarrow$ *iff*
as *okfun_eq_morphism*.

Save.

Lemma *ok_mult* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (k p:U) (e:\text{distr } A) (f : A \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{ok } p e f \rightarrow \text{ok } (k \times p) e (\text{fmult } k f).$

Lemma *ok_inv* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (p:U) (e:\text{distr } A) (f : A \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{ok } p e f \rightarrow \mu e (\text{finv } f) \leq [1\text{-}]p.$

Lemma *okup_le_compat* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (p p':U) (e:\text{distr } A) (q q':A \rightarrow U),$
 $p \leq p' \rightarrow q \leq q' \rightarrow \text{okup } p e q \rightarrow \text{okup } p' e q'.$

Lemma *okup_eq_compat* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (p p':U) (e e':\text{distr } A) (q q':A \rightarrow U),$
 $p \equiv p' \rightarrow q \equiv q' \rightarrow e \equiv e' \rightarrow \text{okup } p e q \rightarrow \text{okup } p' e' q'.$

Lemma *upfun_le_compat* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (p p':A \rightarrow U) (e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$
 $(q q':A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $p \leq p' \rightarrow q \leq q' \rightarrow \text{upfun } p e q \rightarrow \text{upfun } p' e q'.$

Lemma *okup_mult* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (k p:U) (e:\text{distr } A) (f : A \rightarrow U),$ $\text{okup } p e f \rightarrow \text{okup } (k \times p) e (\text{fmult } k f).$

9.3 Basic rules

9.3.1 Rules for application:

- *ok r a p* and $\forall x, \text{ok } (p x) (f x) q$ implies *ok r (f a) q*
- *up r a p* and $\forall x, \text{up } (p x) (f x) q$ implies *up r (f a) q*

Lemma *apply_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (a:(\text{distr } A)) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (r:U) (p:A \rightarrow U) (q:B \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{ok } r a p \rightarrow \text{okfun } p f (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow q) \rightarrow \text{ok } r (\text{Mlet } a f) q.$

Lemma *okup_apply_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (a:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (r:U) (p:A \rightarrow U) (q:B \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{okup } r a p \rightarrow \text{upfun } p f (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow q) \rightarrow \text{okup } r (\text{Mlet } a f) q.$

9.3.2 Rules for abstraction

Lemma *lambda_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (p:A \rightarrow U) (q:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x:A, \text{ok } (p x) (f x) (q x)) \rightarrow \text{okfun } p f q.$

Lemma *okup_lambda_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (p:A \rightarrow U) (q:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x:A, \text{okup } (p x) (f x) (q x)) \rightarrow \text{upfun } p f q.$

9.3.3 Rules for conditional

- *ok p1 e1 q* and *ok p2 e2 q* implies *ok (p1 \times $\mu b (\chi \text{ true}) + p2 \times \mu b (\chi \text{ false}) (\text{if } b \text{ then } e1 \text{ else } e2) q$*
- *up p1 e1 q* and *up p2 e2 q* implies *up (p1 \times $\mu b (\chi \text{ true}) + p2 \times \mu b (\chi \text{ false}) (\text{if } b \text{ then } e1 \text{ else } e2) q$*

Lemma *combiok* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) p q (f1 f2 : A \rightarrow U), p \leq [1-]q \rightarrow fplusok (\text{fmult } p f1) (\text{fmult } q f2)$.

Hint Extern 1 \Rightarrow **apply** *combiok*.

Lemma *fmult_fplusok* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) p q (f1 f2 : A \rightarrow U), fplusok f1 f2 \rightarrow fplusok (\text{fmult } p f1) (\text{fmult } q f2)$.

Hint Resolve *fmult_fplusok*.

Lemma *ifok* : $\forall f1 f2, fplusok (\text{fmult } f1 B2U) (\text{fmult } f2 NB2U)$.

Hint Resolve *ifok*.

Lemma *Mif_eq* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(b:(\text{distr bool}))(f1 f2:\text{distr } A)(q:MF\ A),$
 $\mu (Mif\ b\ f1\ f2)\ q \equiv (\mu\ f1\ q) \times (\mu\ b\ B2U) + (\mu\ f2\ q) \times (\mu\ b\ NB2U)$.

Lemma *Mif_eq2* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (b : \text{distr bool}) (f1 f2 : \text{distr } A) (q : MF\ A),$
 $\mu (Mif\ b\ f1\ f2)\ q \equiv \mu\ b\ B2U \times \mu\ f1\ q + \mu\ b\ NB2U \times \mu\ f2\ q$.

Lemma *ifrule* :

$\forall (A:\text{Type})(b:(\text{distr bool}))(f1 f2:\text{distr } A)(p1 p2:U)(q:A \rightarrow U),$
 $ok\ p1\ f1\ q \rightarrow ok\ p2\ f2\ q$
 $\rightarrow ok\ (p1 \times (\mu\ b\ B2U) + p2 \times (\mu\ b\ NB2U))\ (Mif\ b\ f1\ f2)\ q$

Lemma *okup_ifrule* :

$\forall (A:\text{Type})(b:(\text{distr bool}))(f1 f2:\text{distr } A)(p1 p2:U)(q:A \rightarrow U),$
 $okup\ p1\ f1\ q \rightarrow okup\ p2\ f2\ q$
 $\rightarrow okup\ (p1 \times (\mu\ b\ B2U) + p2 \times (\mu\ b\ NB2U))\ (Mif\ b\ f1\ f2)\ q$

9.3.4 Rule for fixpoints

with $\phi\ x = F\ \phi\ x$, p an increasing sequence of functions starting from 0

$\forall f\ i, (\forall x, ok\ (p\ i\ x)\ f\ q \Rightarrow \forall x, ok\ p\ (i+1)\ x\ (F\ f\ x)\ q)$ implies $\forall x, ok\ (\text{lub}\ p\ x)\ (\phi\ x)\ q$ **Section Fixrule**.
Variables $A\ B : \text{Type}$.

Variable $F : (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \text{-m}> (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$.

Section *Ruleseq*.

Variable $q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U$.

Lemma *fixrule_Ulub* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x:A, p\ x\ O \equiv 0) \rightarrow$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{okfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{okfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i))\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{okfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub}\ (p\ x))\ (\text{Mfix}\ F)\ q$

Lemma *fixrule* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \text{-m}> U),$
 $(\forall x:A, p\ x\ O \equiv 0) \rightarrow$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{okfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{okfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i))\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{okfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub}\ (p\ x))\ (\text{Mfix}\ F)\ q$

Lemma *fixrule_up_Ulub* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i))\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub}\ (p\ x))\ (\text{Mfix}\ F)\ q$

Lemma *fixrule_up_lub* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \text{-m}> U),$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i))\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub}\ (p\ x))\ (\text{Mfix}\ F)\ q$

Lemma *okup_fixrule_glb* :

$\forall p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \text{-m}> U,$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i))\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{upfun}\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{glb}\ (p\ x))\ (\text{Mfix}\ F)\ q$

End Ruleseq.

Lemma okup_fixrule_inv : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow U) (q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall (f : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B), \text{upfun } p f q \rightarrow \text{upfun } p (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F f x) q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{upfun } p (\text{Mfix } F) q.$

9.3.5 Rules using commutation properties

Section TransformFix.

Section Fix_muF.

Variable q : $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U.$

Variable muF : $MF A \dashv M > MF A.$

Definition admissible ($P : (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow \text{Prop} := P 0 \wedge \forall f, P f \rightarrow P (F f).$

Lemma admissible_true : $\text{admissible } (\text{fun } f \Rightarrow \text{True}).$

Lemma admissible_le_fix :

continuous ($D1 := A \rightarrow \text{distr } B$) ($D2 := A \rightarrow \text{distr } B$) $F \rightarrow \text{admissible } (\text{fun } f \Rightarrow f \leq \text{Mfix } F).$

BUG: rewrite fails

Lemma muF_stable : stable muF

Definition mu_muF_commute_le :=

$\forall f x, f \leq \text{Mfix } F \rightarrow \mu (F f x) (q x) \leq \text{muF } (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) (q y)) x.$

Hint Unfold mu_muF_commute_le.

Section F_muF_results.

Hypothesis F_muF_le : mu_muF_commute_le.

Lemma mu_mufix_le : $\forall x, \mu (\text{Mfix } F x) (q x) \leq \text{mufix } \text{muF } x.$

Hint Resolve mu_mufix_le.

Lemma muF_le : $\forall f, \text{muF } f \leq f$

$\rightarrow \forall x, \mu (\text{Mfix } F x) (q x) \leq f x.$

Hypothesis muF_F_le :

$\forall f x, f \leq \text{Mfix } F \rightarrow \text{muF } (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) (q y)) x \leq \mu (F f x) (q x).$

Lemma mufix_mu_le : $\forall x, \text{mufix } \text{muF } x \leq \mu (\text{Mfix } F x) (q x).$

End F_muF_results.

Hint Resolve mu_mufix_le mufix_mu_le.

Lemma mufix_mu :

$(\forall f x, f \leq \text{Mfix } F \rightarrow \mu (F f x) (q x) \equiv \text{muF } (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) (q y)) x)$

$\rightarrow \forall x, \text{mufix } \text{muF } x \equiv \mu (\text{Mfix } F x) (q x).$

Hint Resolve mufix_mu.

End Fix_muF.

Section Fix_Term.

Definition pterm : $MF A := \text{fun } (x : A) \Rightarrow \mu (\text{Mfix } F x) (\text{fone } B).$

Variable muFone : $MF A \dashv M > MF A.$

Hypothesis F_muF_eq_one :

$\forall f x, f \leq \text{Mfix } F \rightarrow \mu (F f x) (\text{fone } B) \equiv \text{muFone } (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) (\text{fone } B)) x.$

Hypothesis muF_cont : continuous muFone.

Lemma muF_pterm : pterm $\equiv \text{muFone } pterm.$

Hint Resolve muF_pterm.

End Fix_Term.

Section Fix_muF_Term.

Variable q : $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U.$

```

Definition qinv x y := [1-]q x y.
Variable muFqinv : MF A -m> MF A.
Hypothesis F_muF_le_inv : mu_muF_commute_le qinv muFqinv.
Lemma muF_le_term : ∀ f, muFqinv (finv f) ≤ finv f →
  ∀ x, f x & pterm x ≤ μ (Mfix F x) (q x).
Lemma muF_le_term_minus :
  ∀ f, f ≤ pterm → muFqinv (fminus pterm f) ≤ fminus pterm f →
    ∀ x, f x ≤ μ (Mfix F x) (q x).
Variable muFq : MF A -m> MF A.
Hypothesis F_muF_le : mu_muF_commute_le q muFq.
Lemma muF_eq : ∀ f, muFq f ≤ f → muFqinv (finv f) ≤ finv f →
  ∀ x, pterm x ≡ 1 → μ (Mfix F x) (q x) ≡ f x.
End Fix_muF_Term.
End TransformFix.

Section LoopRule.
Variable q : A → B → U.
Variable stop : A → distr bool.
Variable step : A → distr A.
Variable a : U.

Definition Loop : MF A -m> MF A.
Defined.

Lemma Loop_eq :
  ∀ f x, Loop f x = μ (stop x) (fun b ⇒ if b then a else μ (step x) f).

Definition loop := mufix Loop.

Lemma Mfixvar :
  (∀ (f:A → distr B),
    okfun (fun x ⇒ Loop (fun y ⇒ μ (f y) (q y)) x) (fun x ⇒ F f x) q)
  → okfun loop (Mfix F) q.

Definition up_loop : MF A := nufix Loop.

Lemma Mfixvar_up :
  (∀ (f:A → distr B),
    upfun (fun x ⇒ Loop (fun y ⇒ μ (f y) (q y)) x) (fun x ⇒ F f x) q)
  → upfun up_loop (Mfix F) q.

End LoopRule.
End Fixrule.

```

9.4 Rules for intervals

Distributions operates on intervals

Definition Imu : ∀ A:Type, distr A → (A → IU) → IU.

Defined.

Lemma low_Imu : ∀ (A:Type) (e:distr A) (F: A → IU),
 low (Imu e F) = μ e (fun x ⇒ low (F x)).

Lemma up_Imu : ∀ (A:Type) (e:distr A) (F: A → IU),
 up (Imu e F) = μ e (fun x ⇒ up (F x)).

Lemma Imu_monotonic : ∀ (A:Type) (e:distr A) (F G : A → IU),
 (forall x, Incl (F x) (G x)) → Incl (Imu e F) (Imu e G).

Lemma Imu_stable_eq : ∀ (A:Type) (e:distr A) (F G : A → IU),

$(\forall x, Ieq(F x) (G x)) \rightarrow Ieq(Imu e F) (Imu e G).$

Hint Resolve *Imu-monotonic Imu-stable_eq*.

Lemma *Imu-singl* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $Ieq(Imu e (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow singl(f x))) (singl(\mu e f)).$

Lemma *Imu-inf* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $Ieq(Imu e (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow inf(f x))) (inf(\mu e f)).$

Lemma *Imu-sup* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $Incl(Imu e (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow sup(f x))) (sup(\mu e f)).$

Lemma *In-mu-Imu* :
 $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F:A \rightarrow IU) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, In(f x) (F x)) \rightarrow In(\mu e f) (Imu e F).$

Hint Resolve *In-mu-Imu*.

Definition *Iok* ($A:\text{Type}$) ($I:IU$) ($e:\text{distr } A$) ($F:A \rightarrow IU$) := *Incl* ($Imu e F$) $I.$

Definition *Iokfun* ($A B:\text{Type}$) ($I: A \rightarrow IU$) ($e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B$) ($F:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow IU$)
 $:= \forall x, Iok(I x) (e x) (F x).$

Lemma *In-mu-Iok* :
 $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (I:IU) (e:\text{distr } A) (F:A \rightarrow IU) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, In(f x) (F x)) \rightarrow Iok I e F \rightarrow In(\mu e f) I.$

9.4.1 Stability

Lemma *Iok-le-compat* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (I J:IU) (e:\text{distr } A) (F G:A \rightarrow IU),$
 $Incl I J \rightarrow (\forall x, Incl(G x) (F x)) \rightarrow Iok I e F \rightarrow Iok J e G.$

Lemma *Iokfun-le-compat* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (I J:A \rightarrow IU) (e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (F G:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow IU),$
 $(\forall x, Incl(I x) (J x)) \rightarrow (\forall x y, Incl(G x y) (F x y)) \rightarrow Iokfun I e F \rightarrow Iokfun J e G.$

9.4.2 Rule for values

Lemma *Iunit_eq* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (a:A) (F:A \rightarrow IU), Ieq(Imu(Munit a) F) (F a).$

9.4.3 Rule for application

Lemma *Ilet_eq* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (a:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (I:IU) (G:B \rightarrow IU),$
 $Ieq(Imu(Mlet a f) G) (Imu a (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Imu(f x) G)).$

Hint Resolve *Ilet_eq*.

Lemma *Iapply_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (a:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (I:IU) (F:A \rightarrow IU) (G:B \rightarrow IU),$
 $Iok I a F \rightarrow Iokfun F f (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow G) \rightarrow Iok I (Mlet a f) G.$

9.4.4 Rule for abstraction

Lemma *Ilambda_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (I:IU) (G:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow IU),$
 $(\forall x:A, Iok(F x) (f x) (G x)) \rightarrow Iokfun F f G.$

9.4.5 Rule for conditional

Lemma *Imu-Mif_eq* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (b:\text{distr bool}) (f1 f2:\text{distr } A) (F:A \rightarrow IU),$
 $Ieq(Imu(Mif b f1 f2) F) (Iplus(Imultk(\mu b B2U) (Imu f1 F)) (Imultk(\mu b NB2U) (Imu f2 F))).$

Lemma *Iifrule* :

$\forall (A:\text{Type}) (b:(\text{distr bool})) (f1 f2:\text{distr } A) (I1 I2:IU) (F:A \rightarrow IU),$
 $Iok I1 f1 F \rightarrow Iok I2 f2 F$
 $\rightarrow Iok(Iplus(Imultk(\mu b B2U) I1) (Imultk(\mu b NB2U) I2)) (Mif b f1 f2) F.$

9.4.6 Rule for fixpoints

with $\phi x = F \phi x$, p a decreasing sequence of intervals functions ($p(i+1)x$ is a subset of $(p_i x)$ such that $(p_0 x)$ contains 0 for all x).

$\forall f i, (\forall x, iok(p_i x) f(q x)) \Rightarrow \forall x, iok(p_{(i+1)} x) (F f x) (q x)$ implies $\forall x, iok(\text{lub } p x) (\phi x) (q x)$

Section *IFixrule*.

Variables $A B : \text{Type}$.

Variable $F : (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \text{-m} > (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$.

Section *IRuleseq*.

Variable $Q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow IU$.

Variable $I : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \text{-m} > IU$.

Lemma *Ifixrule* :

$$\begin{aligned} & (\forall x:A, \text{In } 0 (I x O)) \rightarrow \\ & (\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B), \\ & \quad (Iokfun (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow I x i) f Q) \rightarrow Iokfun (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow I x (S i)) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F f x) Q) \\ & \rightarrow Iokfun (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Ilim(I x)) (Mfix F) Q. \end{aligned}$$

End *IRuleseq*.

Section *ITransformFix*.

Section *IFix_muF*.

Variable $Q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow IU$.

Variable $ImuF : (A \rightarrow IU) \text{-m} > (A \rightarrow IU)$.

Lemma *ImuF_stable* : $\forall I J, I \equiv J \rightarrow ImuF I \equiv ImuF J$.

Section *IF_muF_results*.

Hypothesis *Iincl_F_ImuF* :

$$\forall f x, f \leq Mfix F \rightarrow Iincl (Imu (F f x) (Q x)) (ImuF (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow Imu (f y) (Q y)) x).$$

Lemma *Iincl_fix_ifix* : $\forall x, Iincl (Imu (Mfix F x) (Q x)) (\text{fixp } (D := A \rightarrow IU) ImuF x)$.

Hint Resolve *Iincl_fix_ifix*.

End *IF_muF_results*.

End *IFix_muF*.

End *ITransformFix*.

End *IFixrule*.

9.5 Rules for *Flip*

Lemma *Flip_true* : $\mu \text{Flip } B2U \equiv \frac{1}{2}$.

Lemma *Flip_false* : $\mu \text{Flip } NB2U \equiv \frac{1}{2}$.

Lemma *ok_Flip* : $\forall q : \text{bool} \rightarrow U, \text{ok} ([1/2] \times q \text{ true} + \frac{1}{2} \times q \text{ false}) \text{Flip } q$.

Lemma *okup_Flip* : $\forall q : \text{bool} \rightarrow U, \text{okup} ([1/2] \times q \text{ true} + \frac{1}{2} \times q \text{ false}) \text{Flip } q$.

Hint Resolve *ok_Flip* *okup_Flip* *Flip_true* *Flip_false*.

Lemma *Flip_eq* : $\forall q : \text{bool} \rightarrow U, \mu \text{Flip } q \equiv \frac{1}{2} \times q \text{ true} + \frac{1}{2} \times q \text{ false}$.

Hint Resolve *Flip_eq*.

Lemma *Iflip_eq* : $\forall Q : \text{bool} \rightarrow IU, \text{Ieq} (Imu \text{Flip } Q) (Iplus (Imultk \frac{1}{2} (Q \text{ true})) (Imultk \frac{1}{2} (Q \text{ false})))$.

Hint Resolve *Iflip_eq*.

9.6 Rules for total (well-founded) fixpoints

Section *Wellfounded*.

Variables $A B : \text{Type}$.

```

Variable R : A → A → Prop.
Hypothesis Rwf : well_founded R.
Variable F : ∀ x, (∀ y, R y x → distr B) → distr B.
Definition WfFix : A → distr B := Fix Rwf (fun _ => distr B) F.
Hypothesis Fext : ∀ x f g, (∀ y (p:R y x), f y p ≡ g y p) → F f ≡ F g.
Lemma Acc_iter_distr :
  ∀ x, ∀ r s : Acc R x, Acc_iter (fun _ => distr B) F r ≡ Acc_iter (fun _ => distr B) F s.
Lemma WfFix_eq : ∀ x, WfFix x ≡ F (fun (y:A) (p:R y x) => WfFix y).
Variable P : distr B → Prop.
Hypothesis Pext : ∀ m1 m2, m1 ≡ m2 → P m1 → P m2.
Lemma WfFix_ind :
  (∀ x f, (∀ y (p:R y x), P (f y p)) → P (F f))
  → ∀ x, P (WfFix x).
End Wellfounded.

Ltac distrsimpl := match goal with
  | ⊢ (Ole (fmont (μ ?d1) ?f) (fmont (μ ?d2) ?g)) ⇒ apply (mu_le_compat (m1:=d1) (m2:=d2) (Ole_refl d1)
    (f:=f) (g:=g)); intro
  | ⊢ (Oeq (fmont (μ ?d1) ?f) (fmont (μ ?d2) ?g)) ⇒ apply (mu_eq_compat (m1:=d1) (m2:=d2) (Oeq_refl
    d1) (f:=f) (g:=g)); intro
  | ⊢ (Oeq (Munit ?x) (Munit ?y)) ⇒ apply (Munit_eq_compat x y)
  | ⊢ (Oeq (Mlet ?x1 ?f) (Mlet ?x2 ?g))
    ⇒ apply (Mlet_eq_compat (m1:=x1) (m2:=x2) (M1:=f) (M2:=g) (Oeq_refl x1)); intro
  | ⊢ (Ole (Mlet ?x1 ?f) (Mlet ?x2 ?g))
    ⇒ apply (Mlet_le_compat (m1:=x1) (m2:=x2) (M1:=f) (M2:=g) (Ole_refl x1)); intro
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ (Mlet ?m ?M)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Mlet_simpl m f)
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ (Munit ?x)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Munit_simpl f x)
  | ⊢ context [(Mlet (Mlet ?m ?M) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Mlet_assoc m M f)
  | ⊢ context [(Mlet (Munit ?x) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Mlet_unit x f)
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ Flip) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Flip_simpl f)
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ (Discrete ?d)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Discrete_simpl d);
    rewrite (discrete_simpl (coeff d) (points d) f)
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ (Random ?n)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Random_simpl n);
    rewrite (random_simpl n f)
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ (Mif ?b ?f ?g)) ?h)] ⇒ unfold Mif
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ (Mchoice ?p ?m1 ?m2)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Mchoice_simpl p m1 m2 f)
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ (im_distr ?f ?m)) ?h)] ⇒ rewrite (im_distr_simpl f m h)
  | ⊢ context [(fmont (μ (prod_distr ?m1 ?m2)) ?h)] ⇒ unfold prod_distr
  | ⊢ context [((mon ?f (fmonotonic:=?mf)) ?x)] ⇒ rewrite (mon_simpl f (mf:=mf) x)
end.

Require Export Setoid.
Require Omega.

```

10 Sets.v: Definition of sets as predicates over a type A

```

Section sets.
Variable A : Type.
Variable decA : ∀ x y :A, {x=y}+{x≠y}.
Definition set := A → Prop.
Definition full : set := fun (x:A) => True.

```

```

Definition empty : set := fun (x:A) => False.
Definition add (a:A) (P:set) : set := fun (x:A) => x=a ∨ (P x).
Definition singl (a:A) :set := fun (x:A) => x=a.
Definition union (P Q:set) :set := fun (x:A) => (P x) ∨ (Q x).
Definition compl (P:set) :set := fun (x:A) => ¬P x.
Definition inter (P Q:set) :set := fun (x:A) => (P x) ∧ (Q x).
Definition rem (a:A) (P:set) :set := fun (x:A) => x≠a ∧ (P x).

```

10.1 Equivalence

```

Definition eqset (P Q:set) := ∀ (x:A), P x ↔ Q x.
Implicit Arguments full [].
Implicit Arguments empty [].
Lemma eqset_refl : ∀ P:set, eqset P P.
Lemma eqset_sym : ∀ P Q:set, eqset P Q → eqset Q P.
Lemma eqset_trans : ∀ P Q R:set,
  eqset P Q → eqset Q R → eqset P R.
Hint Resolve eqset_refl.
Hint Immediate eqset_sym.

```

10.2 Setoid structure

```

Lemma set_setoid : Setoid_Theory.set eqset.
Add Setoid.set eqset set_setoid as Set_setoid.
Add Morphism.add : eqset.add.
Save.
Add Morphism.rem : eqset.rem.
Save.
Hint Resolve eqset.add eqset.rem.
Add Morphism.union : eqset.union.
Save.
Hint Immediate eqset.union.
Lemma eqset_union_left :
  ∀ P1 Q P2,
  eqset P1 P2 → eqset (union P1 Q) (union P2 Q).
Lemma eqset_union_right :
  ∀ P Q1 Q2 ,
  eqset Q1 Q2 → eqset (union P Q1) (union P Q2).
Hint Resolve eqset_union_left eqset_union_right.
Add Morphism.inter : eqset.inter.
Save.
Hint Immediate eqset.inter.
Add Morphism.compl : eqset.compl.
Save.
Hint Resolve eqset.compl.
Lemma eqset_add_empty : ∀ (a:A) (P:set), ¬eqset (add a P) empty.

```

10.3 Finite sets given as an enumeration of elements

```
Inductive finite (P: set) : Type :=
```

```

fin_eq_empty : eqset P empty → finite P
| fin_eq_add : ∀ (x:A)(Q:set),
  ¬ Q x → finite Q → eqset P (add x Q) → finite P.

```

Hint Constructors finite.

Lemma fin_empty : (finite empty).

Lemma fin_add : ∀ (x:A)(P:set),
 ¬ P x → finite P → finite (add x P).

Lemma fin_eqset: ∀ (P Q : set), (eqset P Q)->(finite P)->(finite Q).

Hint Resolve fin_empty fin_add.

10.3.1 Emptiness is decidable for finite sets

Definition isempty (P:set) := eqset P empty.

Definition notempty (P:set) := not (eqset P empty).

Lemma isempty_dec : ∀ P, finite P → {isempty P}+{notempty P}.

10.3.2 Size of a finite set

```

Fixpoint size (P:set) (f:finite P) {struct f}: nat :=
  match f with
    fin_eq_empty _ ⇒ 0%nat
  | fin_eq_add _ Q _ f' _ ⇒ S (size f')
  end.

```

Lemma size_eqset : ∀ P Q (f:finite P) (e:eqset P Q),
 (size (fin_eqset e f)) = (size f).

10.4 Inclusion

Definition incl (P Q:set) := ∀ x, P x → Q x.

Lemma incl_refl : ∀ (P:set), incl P P.

Lemma incl_trans : ∀ (P Q R:set),
 incl P Q → incl Q R → incl P R.

Lemma eqset_incl : ∀ (P Q : set), eqset P Q → incl P Q.

Lemma eqset_incl_sym : ∀ (P Q : set), eqset P Q → incl Q P.

Lemma eqset_incl_intro :

∀ (P Q : set), incl P Q → incl Q P → eqset P Q.

Hint Resolve incl_refl incl_trans eqset_incl_intro.

Hint Immediate eqset_incl eqset_incl_sym.

10.5 Properties of operations on sets

Lemma incl_empty : ∀ P, incl empty P.

Lemma incl_empty_false : ∀ P a, incl P empty → ¬ P a.

Lemma incl_add_empty : ∀ (a:A) (P:set), ¬ incl (add a P) empty.

Lemma eqset_empty_false : ∀ P a, eqset P empty → P a → False.

Hint Immediate incl_empty_false eqset_empty_false incl_add_empty.

Lemma incl_rem_stable : ∀ a P Q, incl P Q → incl (rem a P) (rem a Q).

Lemma incl_add_stable : ∀ a P Q, incl P Q → incl (add a P) (add a Q).

Lemma incl_rem_add_iff :

∀ a P Q, incl (rem a P) Q ↔ incl P (add a Q).

Lemma *incl_rem_add*:
 $\forall (a:A) (P Q:\text{set}),$
 $(P a) \rightarrow \text{incl } Q (\text{rem } a P) \rightarrow \text{incl } (\text{add } a Q) P.$

Lemma *incl_add_rem* :
 $\forall (a:A) (P Q:\text{set}),$
 $\neg Q a \rightarrow \text{incl } (\text{add } a Q) P \rightarrow \text{incl } Q (\text{rem } a P).$

Hint Immediate *incl_rem_add incl_add_rem*.

Lemma *eqset_rem_add* :
 $\forall (a:A) (P Q:\text{set}),$
 $(P a) \rightarrow \text{eqset } Q (\text{rem } a P) \rightarrow \text{eqset } (\text{add } a Q) P.$

Lemma *eqset_add_rem* :
 $\forall (a:A) (P Q:\text{set}),$
 $\neg Q a \rightarrow \text{eqset } (\text{add } a Q) P \rightarrow \text{eqset } Q (\text{rem } a P).$

Hint Immediate *eqset_rem_add eqset_add_rem*.

Lemma *add_rem_eq_eqset* :
 $\forall x (P:\text{set}), \text{eqset } (\text{add } x (\text{rem } x P)) (\text{add } x P).$

Lemma *add_rem_diff_eqset* :
 $\forall x y (P:\text{set}),$
 $x \neq y \rightarrow \text{eqset } (\text{add } x (\text{rem } y P)) (\text{rem } y (\text{add } x P)).$

Lemma *add_eqset_in* :
 $\forall x (P:\text{set}), P x \rightarrow \text{eqset } (\text{add } x P) P.$

Hint Resolve *add_rem_eq_eqset add_rem_diff_eqset add_eqset_in*.

Lemma *add_rem_eqset_in* :
 $\forall x (P:\text{set}), P x \rightarrow \text{eqset } (\text{add } x (\text{rem } x P)) P.$

Hint Resolve *add_rem_eqset_in*.

Lemma *rem_add_eq_eqset* :
 $\forall x (P:\text{set}), \text{eqset } (\text{rem } x (\text{add } x P)) (\text{rem } x P).$

Lemma *rem_add_diff_eqset* :
 $\forall x y (P:\text{set}),$
 $x \neq y \rightarrow \text{eqset } (\text{rem } x (\text{add } y P)) (\text{add } y (\text{rem } x P)).$

Lemma *rem_eqset_notin* :
 $\forall x (P:\text{set}), \neg P x \rightarrow \text{eqset } (\text{rem } x P) P.$

Hint Resolve *rem_add_eq_eqset rem_add_diff_eqset rem_eqset_notin*.

Lemma *rem_add_eqset_notin* :
 $\forall x (P:\text{set}), \neg P x \rightarrow \text{eqset } (\text{rem } x (\text{add } x P)) P.$

Hint Resolve *rem_add_eqset_notin*.

Lemma *rem_not_in* : $\forall x (P:\text{set}), \neg \text{rem } x P x.$

Lemma *add_in* : $\forall x (P:\text{set}), \text{add } x P x.$

Lemma *add_in_eq* : $\forall x y P, x = y \rightarrow \text{add } x P y.$

Lemma *add_intro* : $\forall x (P:\text{set}) y, P y \rightarrow \text{add } x P y.$

Lemma *add_incl* : $\forall x (P:\text{set}), \text{incl } P (\text{add } x P).$

Lemma *add_incl_intro* : $\forall x (P Q:\text{set}), (Q x) \rightarrow (\text{incl } P Q) \rightarrow (\text{incl } (\text{add } x P) Q).$

Lemma *rem_incl* : $\forall x (P:\text{set}), \text{incl } (\text{rem } x P) P.$

Hint Resolve *rem_not_in add_in rem_incl add_incl*.

Lemma *union_sym* : $\forall P Q : \text{set},$
 $\text{eqset } (\text{union } P Q) (\text{union } Q P).$

```

Lemma union_empty_left : ∀ P : set,
  eqset P (union P empty).

Lemma union_empty_right : ∀ P : set,
  eqset P (union empty P).

Lemma union_add_left : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  eqset (add a (union P Q)) (union P (add a Q)).

Lemma union_add_right : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  eqset (add a (union P Q)) (union (add a P) Q).

Hint Resolve union_sym union_empty_left union_empty_right
union_add_left union_add_right.

Lemma union_incl_left : ∀ P Q, incl P (union P Q).

Lemma union_incl_right : ∀ P Q, incl Q (union P Q).

Lemma union_incl_intro : ∀ P Q R, incl P R → incl Q R → incl (union P Q) R.

Hint Resolve union_incl_left union_incl_right union_incl_intro.

Lemma incl_union_stable : ∀ P1 P2 Q1 Q2,
  incl P1 P2 → incl Q1 Q2 → incl (union P1 Q1) (union P2 Q2).

Hint Immediate incl_union_stable.

Lemma inter_sym : ∀ P Q : set,
  eqset (inter P Q) (inter Q P).

Lemma inter_empty_left : ∀ P : set,
  eqset empty (inter P empty).

Lemma inter_empty_right : ∀ P : set,
  eqset empty (inter empty P).

Lemma inter_add_left_in : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  (P a) → eqset (add a (inter P Q)) (inter P (add a Q)).

Lemma inter_add_left_out : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  ¬ P a → eqset (inter P Q) (inter P (add a Q)).

Lemma inter_add_right_in : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  Q a → eqset (add a (inter P Q)) (inter (add a P) Q).

Lemma inter_add_right_out : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  ¬ Q a → eqset (inter P Q) (inter (add a P) Q).

Hint Resolve inter_sym inter_empty_left inter_empty_right
inter_add_left_in inter_add_left_out inter_add_right_in inter_add_right_out.

```

10.6 Generalized union

```

Definition gunion (I:Type)(F:I→set) : set := fun z ⇒ ∃ i, F i z.

Lemma gunion_intro : ∀ I (F:I→set) i, incl (F i) (gunion F).

Lemma gunion_elim : ∀ I (F:I→set) (P:set), (∀ i, incl (F i) P) → incl (gunion F) P.

Lemma gunion_monotonic : ∀ I (F G : I → set),
  (∀ i, incl (F i) (G i))-> incl (gunion F) (gunion G).

```

10.7 Decidable sets

```

Definition dec (P:set) := ∀ x, {P x}+{¬ P x}.

Definition dec2bool (P:set) : dec P → A → bool :=
  fun p x ⇒ if p x then true else false.

Lemma compl_dec : ∀ P, dec P → dec (compl P).

```

```

Lemma inter_dec : ∀ P Q, dec P → dec Q → dec (inter P Q).
Lemma union_dec : ∀ P Q, dec P → dec Q → dec (union P Q).
Hint Resolve compl_dec inter_dec union_dec.

```

10.8 Removing an element from a finite set

```

Lemma finite_rem : ∀ (P:set) (a:A),
finite P → finite (rem a P).

Lemma size_finite_rem:
  ∀ (P:set) (a:A) (f:finite P),
  (P a) → size f = S (size (finite_rem a f)).

Require Import Arith.

Lemma size_incl :
  ∀ (P:set)(f:finite P) (Q:set)(g:finite Q),
  (incl P Q)-> size f ≤ size g.

Lemma size_unique :
  ∀ (P:set)(f:finite P) (Q:set)(g:finite Q),
  (eqset P Q)-> size f = size g.

Lemma finite_incl : ∀ P:set,
finite P → ∀ Q:set, dec Q → incl Q P → finite Q.

Lemma finite_dec : ∀ P:set, finite P → dec P.

Lemma fin_add_in : ∀ (a:A) (P:set), finite P → finite (add a P).

Lemma finite_union :
  ∀ P Q, finite P → finite Q → finite (union P Q).

Lemma finite_full_dec : ∀ P:set, finite full → dec P → finite P.

Require Import Lt.

```

10.8.1 Filter operation

```

Lemma finite_inter : ∀ P Q, dec P → finite Q → finite (inter P Q).

Lemma size_inter_empty : ∀ P Q (decP:dec P) (e:eqset Q empty),
size (finite_inter decP (fin_eq_empty e))=O.

Lemma size_inter_add_in :
  ∀ P Q R (decP:dec P)(x:A)(nq:~ Q x)(FQ:finite Q)(e:eqset R (add x Q)),
  P x → size (finite_inter decP (fin_eq_add nq FQ e))=S (size (finite_inter decP FQ)).

Lemma size_inter_add_notin :
  ∀ P Q R (decP:dec P)(x:A)(nq:~ Q x)(FQ:finite Q)(e:eqset R (add x Q)),
  ~ P x → size (finite_inter decP (fin_eq_add nq FQ e))=size (finite_inter decP FQ).

Lemma size_inter_incl : ∀ P Q (decP:dec P)(FP:finite P)(FQ:finite Q),
(incl P Q) → size (finite_inter decP FQ)=size FP.

```

10.8.2 Selecting elements in a finite set

```

Fixpoint nth_finite (P:set) (k:nat) (PF : finite P) {struct PF}: (k < size PF) → A :=
match PF as F return (k < size F) → A with
  fin_eq_empty H ⇒ (fun (e : k<0) ⇒ match lt_n_O k e with end)
  | fin_eq_add x Q nqx fq eqq ⇒
    match k as k0 return k0 < S (size fq)->A with
      O ⇒ fun e ⇒ x

```

```

| (S k1) ⇒ fun (e:S k1<S (size fq)) ⇒ nth_finite fq (lt_S_n k1 (size fq) e)
end.

A set with size > 1 contains at least 2 different elements

Lemma select_non_empty : ∀ (P:set), finite P → notempty P → sigT P.

Lemma select_diff : ∀ (P:set) (FP:finite P),
(1 < size FP)%nat → sigT (fun x ⇒ sigT (fun y ⇒ P x ∧ P y ∧ x≠y)).

End sets.

Hint Resolve eqset_refl.
Hint Resolve eqset_add eqset_rem.
Hint Immediate eqset_sym finite_dec finite_full_dec eqset_incl eqset_incl_sym eqset_incl_intro.
Hint Resolve incl_refl.
Hint Immediate incl_union_stable.
Hint Resolve union_incl_left union_incl_right union_incl_intro incl_empty rem_incl
incl_rem_stable incl_add_stable.
Hint Constructors finite.
Hint Resolve add_in add_in_eq add_intro add_incl add_incl_intro union_sym union_empty_left union_empty_right
union_add_left union_add_right finite_union eqset_union_left
eqset_union_right.
Implicit Arguments full [].
Implicit Arguments empty [].

Add Parametric Relation (A:Type) : (set A) (eqset (A:=A))
  reflexivity proved by (eqset_refl (A:=A))
  symmetry proved by (eqset_sym (A:=A))
  transitivity proved by (eqset_trans (A:=A))
as eqset_rel.

Add Parametric Relation (A:Type) : (set A) (incl (A:=A))
  reflexivity proved by (incl_refl (A:=A))
  transitivity proved by (incl_trans (A:=A))
as incl_rel.

```

11 Cover.v: Characteristic functions

Add Rec LoadPath ".\" as ALEA.

Require Export Prog.

Require Export Sets.

Require Export Arith.

Require Import Setoid.

Properties of zero_one functions

Definition zero_one (A:Type)(f:MF A) := ∀ x, orc (f x ≡ 0) (f x ≡ 1).

Hint Unfold zero_one.

Lemma zero_one_not_one :

∀ (A:Type)(f:MF A) x, zero_one f → ¬ 1 ≤ f x → f x ≡ 0.

Lemma zero_one_not_zero :

∀ (A:Type)(f:MF A) x, zero_one f → ¬ f x ≤ 0 → f x ≡ 1.

Hint Resolve zero_one_not_one zero_one_not_zero.

Lemma B2U_zero_one: zero_one B2U.

Lemma NB2U_zero_one: zero_one NB2U.

Lemma *B2U_zero_one2*: $\forall b:\text{bool}$,
 $\text{orc} ((\text{if } b \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0) \equiv 0) ((\text{if } b \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0) \equiv 1).$
 Lemma *NB2U_zero_one2*: $\forall b:\text{bool}$,
 $\text{orc} ((\text{if } b \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1) \equiv 0) ((\text{if } b \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1) \equiv 1).$
 Hint Immediate *B2U_zero_one* *NB2U_zero_one* *B2U_zero_one2* *NB2U_zero_one2*.
 Definition *fesp_zero_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f g:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{zero_one } f \rightarrow \text{zero_one } g \rightarrow \text{zero_one } (\text{fesp } f g).$
 Save.
 Lemma *fesp_conj_zero_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f g:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{zero_one } f \rightarrow \text{fesp } f g \equiv \text{fconj } f g.$
 Lemma *fconj_zero_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f g:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{zero_one } f \rightarrow \text{zero_one } g \rightarrow \text{zero_one } (\text{fconj } f g).$
 Lemma *fplus_zero_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f g:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{zero_one } f \rightarrow \text{zero_one } g \rightarrow \text{zero_one } (\text{fplus } f g).$
 Lemma *finv_zero_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f :\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{zero_one } f \rightarrow \text{zero_one } (\text{finv } f).$
 Lemma *fesp_zero_one_mult_left* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f:\text{MF } A)(p:U)$,
 $\text{zero_one } f \rightarrow \forall x, f x \& p \equiv f x \times p.$
 Lemma *fesp_zero_one_mult_right* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(p:U)(f:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{zero_one } f \rightarrow \forall x, p \& f x \equiv p \times f x.$
 Hint Resolve *fesp_zero_one_mult_left* *fesp_zero_one_mult_right*.

11.1 Covering functions

Definition *cover* ($A:\text{Type}$)($P:\text{set } A$)($f:\text{MF } A$) :=
 $\forall x, (P x \rightarrow 1 \leq f x) \wedge (\neg P x \rightarrow f x \leq 0).$
 Lemma *cover_eq_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A) (z:A)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow P z \rightarrow f z \equiv 1.$
 Lemma *cover_eq_zero* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A) (z:A)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \neg P z \rightarrow f z \equiv 0.$
 Lemma *cover_orc_0_1* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \forall x, \text{orc } (f x \equiv 0) (f x \equiv 1).$
 Lemma *cover_zero_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{zero_one } f.$
 Lemma *zero_one_cover* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(f:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{zero_one } f \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow 1 \leq f x) f.$
 Lemma *cover_esp_mult_left* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A)(p:U)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \forall x, f x \& p \equiv f x \times p.$
 Lemma *cover_esp_mult_right* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(p:U)(f:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \forall x, p \& f x \equiv p \times f x.$
 Hint Immediate *cover_esp_mult_left* *cover_esp_mult_right*.
 Lemma *cover_elim* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \forall x, \text{orc } (\neg P x \wedge f x \equiv 0) (P x \wedge f x \equiv 1).$
 Lemma *cover_eq_one_elim_class* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \forall z, f z \equiv 1 \rightarrow \text{class } (Q z) \rightarrow \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow Q z.$
 Lemma *cover_eq_one_elim* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A)$,
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \forall z, f z \equiv 1 \rightarrow \neg \neg P z.$
 Lemma *cover_eq_zero_elim* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A) (z:A)$,

$\text{cover } P f \rightarrow f z \equiv 0 \rightarrow \neg P z.$

Lemma $\text{cover_unit} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A)(a:A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow P a \rightarrow 1 \leq \mu (\text{Munit } a) f.$

Lemma $\text{cover_let} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(m1: \text{distr } A)(m2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (P:\text{set } A)(cP:\text{MF } A)(f:\text{MF } B)(p:U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow p \leq \mu (m2 x) f) \rightarrow (\mu m1 cP) \times p \leq \mu (\text{Mlet } m1 m2) f.$

Lemma $\text{cover_let_one} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(m1: \text{distr } A)(m2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (P:\text{set } A)(cP:\text{MF } A)(f:\text{MF } B)(p:U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow 1 \leq \mu m1 cP \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow p \leq \mu (m2 x) f) \rightarrow p \leq \mu (\text{Mlet } m1 m2) f.$

Lemma $\text{cover_incl_fle} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow f \leq g.$

Lemma $\text{cover_same_feq} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } P g \rightarrow f \equiv g.$

Lemma $\text{cover_incl_le} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A) x,$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow f x \leq g x.$

Lemma $\text{cover_same_eq} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A) x,$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } P g \rightarrow f x \equiv g x.$

Lemma $\text{cover_eqset_stable} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(EQ:\text{eqset } P Q)(f:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q f.$

Lemma $\text{cover_eq_stable} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{cover } P g.$

Lemma $\text{cover_eqset_eq_stable} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{eqset } P Q \rightarrow f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g.$

Add *Parametric Morphism* $(A:\text{Type}) : (\text{cover } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{eqset } (A:=A) \Rightarrow \text{Oeq} \Rightarrow \text{iff}$ as $\text{cover_eqset_compat}.$
Save.

Lemma $\text{cover_union} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{union } P Q) (\text{fplus } f g).$

Lemma $\text{cover_inter_esp} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{inter } P Q) (\text{fesp } f g).$

Lemma $\text{cover_inter_mult} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{inter } P Q) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x \times g x).$

Lemma $\text{cover_compl} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{compl } P) (\text{finv } f).$

Lemma $\text{cover_empty} : \forall (A:\text{Type}), \text{cover } (\text{empty } A) (\text{fzero } A).$

Lemma $\text{cover_full} : \forall (A:\text{Type}), \text{cover } (\text{full } A) (\text{fone } A).$

Lemma $\text{cover_comp} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(h:A \rightarrow B)(P:\text{set } B)(f:\text{MF } B),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{fun } a \Rightarrow P (h a)) (\text{fun } a \Rightarrow f (h a)).$

Covering and image This direction requires a covering function for the property **Lemma** $\text{im_range_elim } A$
 $B (f : A \rightarrow B) :$

$\forall (d : \text{distr } A) (P : B \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (cP : B \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow \text{range } P (\text{im_distr } f d) \rightarrow \text{range } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow P (f x)) d.$

Hint Resolve *im_range*.

11.2 Caracteristic functions for decidable predicates

Definition $\text{carac } (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(Pdec : \text{dec } P) : \text{MF } A$
 $\quad := \text{fun } z \Rightarrow \text{if } Pdec z \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0.$

Lemma $\text{carac_incl} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(Pdec: \text{dec } P)(Qdec: \text{dec } Q),$
 $\quad \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow \text{carac } Pdec \leq \text{carac } Qdec.$

Lemma *carac-monotonic* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(Q:B \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(Q\text{dec}: \text{dec } Q) x y,$
 $(P x \rightarrow Q y) \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec } x \leq \text{carac } Q\text{dec } y.$

Hint Resolve *carac-monotonic*.

Lemma *carac-eq-compat* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(Q:B \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(Q\text{dec}: \text{dec } Q) x y,$
 $(P x \leftrightarrow Q y) \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec } x \equiv \text{carac } Q\text{dec } y.$

Hint Resolve *carac-eq-compat*.

Lemma *carac-one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(z:A),$
 $P z \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec } z \equiv 1.$

Lemma *carac-zero* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(z:A),$
 $\neg P z \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec } z \equiv 0.$

Hint Resolve *carac-zero carac-one*.

Lemma *carac-compl* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P),$
 $\text{carac } (\text{compl-dec } P\text{dec}) \equiv \text{finv } (\text{carac } P\text{dec}).$

Hint Resolve *carac-compl*.

Lemma *cover-dec* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P), \text{cover } P \text{ (carac } P\text{dec}).$

Hint Resolve *cover-dec*.

Lemma *carac-zero-one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P), \text{zero_one } (\text{carac } P\text{dec}).$

Hint Resolve *carac-zero-one*.

Lemma *cover-mult-fun* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(cP : MF A)(f g:A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, P x \rightarrow f x \equiv g x) \rightarrow \text{cover } P cP \rightarrow \forall x, cP x \times f x \equiv cP x \times g x.$

Lemma *cover-esp-fun* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(cP : MF A)(f g:A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, P x \rightarrow f x \equiv g x) \rightarrow \text{cover } P cP \rightarrow \forall x, cP x \& f x \equiv cP x \& g x.$

Lemma *cover-esp-fun-le* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(cP : MF A)(f g:A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, P x \rightarrow f x \leq g x) \rightarrow \text{cover } P cP \rightarrow \forall x, cP x \& f x \leq cP x \& g x.$

Hint Resolve *cover-esp-fun-le*.

Lemma *cover-ok* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g : MF A),$
 $(\forall x, P x \rightarrow \neg Q x) \rightarrow \text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow fplusok f g.$

Hint Resolve *cover-ok*.

11.3 Distribution by restriction

Assuming m is a distribution under assumption P and cP is 0 or 1, builds a distribution which is m if cP is 1 and 0 otherwise

Definition *Mrestr A (cp:U) (m:M A) : M A := UMult cp @ m.*

Lemma *Mrestr-simpl* : $\forall A cp (m:M A) f, Mrestr cp m f = cp \times (m f).$

Lemma *Mrestr0* : $\forall A cP (m:M A), cP \leq 0 \rightarrow \forall f, Mrestr cP m f \equiv 0.$

Lemma *Mrestr1* : $\forall A cP (m:M A), 1 \leq cP \rightarrow \forall f, Mrestr cP m f \equiv m f.$

Definition *distr-restr* : $\forall A (P:\text{Prop}) (cp:U) (m:M A),$
 $((P \rightarrow 1 \leq cp) \wedge (\neg P \rightarrow cp \leq 0)) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \text{stable_inv } m) \rightarrow$
 $(P \rightarrow \text{stable_plus } m) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \text{stable_mult } m) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \text{continuous } m)$
 $\rightarrow \text{distr } A.$

Defined.

Lemma *distr-restr-simpl* : $\forall A (P:\text{Prop}) (cp:U) (m:M A)$
 $(H_p: (P \rightarrow 1 \leq cp) \wedge (\neg P \rightarrow cp \leq 0)) (H_{inv}: P \rightarrow \text{stable_inv } m)$
 $(H_{plus}: P \rightarrow \text{stable_plus } m) (H_{mult}: P \rightarrow \text{stable_mult } m) (H_{cont}: P \rightarrow \text{continuous } m) f,$
 $\mu (\text{distr_restr } cp H_p H_{inv} H_{plus} H_{mult} H_{cont}) f = cp \times m f.$

Modular reasoning on programs

Lemma *range-cover* : $\forall A (P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) d \ cP, \text{range } P d \rightarrow \text{cover } P cP \rightarrow$

$$\forall f, \mu d f \equiv \mu d (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow cP x \times f x).$$

Lemma mu_cut : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(m:\text{distr } A)(P:\text{set } A)(cP f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow (\forall x, P x \rightarrow f x \equiv g x) \rightarrow 1 \leq \mu m cP$
 $\rightarrow \mu m f \equiv \mu m g.$

11.4 Uniform measure on finite sets

Section SigmaFinite.

Variable A:Type.

Variable decA : $\forall x y:A, \{ x=y \} + \{ \neg x=y \}.$

Section RandomFinite.

11.4.1 Distribution for random_fin P over {k:nat | k ≤ n}

The distribution associated to *random_fin* P is $f \rightarrow \text{sigma}(a \text{ in } P)[1/1+n(f a)]$ with $[n+1]$ the size of $[P]$ we cannot factorize $[1/1+n]$ because of possible overflow

Fixpoint sigma_fin ($f:A \rightarrow U$) ($P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}$) ($\text{FP:finite } P$) {struct FP} : $U :=$
match FP **with**
 $| (\text{fin_eq_empty } eq) \Rightarrow 0$
 $| (\text{fin_eq_add } x Q nQx FQ eq) \Rightarrow f x + \text{sigma_fin } f FQ$
end.

Definition retract_fin ($P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}$) ($f: A \rightarrow U$) :=
 $\forall Q (FQ: \text{finite } Q), \text{incl } Q P \rightarrow \forall x, \neg(Q x) \rightarrow P x$
 $\rightarrow f x \leq [1-](\text{sigma_fin } f FQ).$

Lemma retract_fin_inv :
 $\forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (f: A \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P f \rightarrow \forall Q (FQ: \text{finite } Q), \text{incl } Q P \rightarrow$
 $\forall x, \neg(Q x) \rightarrow P x \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f FQ \leq [1-]f x.$

Hint Immediate retract_fin_inv.

Lemma retract_fin_incl : $\forall P Q f, \text{retract_fin } P f \rightarrow \text{incl } Q P \rightarrow \text{retract_fin } Q f.$

Lemma sigma_fin_monotonic : $\forall (f g: A \rightarrow U)(P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP:finite } P),$
 $(\forall x, P x \rightarrow f x \leq g x) \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP} \leq \text{sigma_fin } g \text{ FP}.$

Lemma sigma_fin_eq_compat :
 $\forall (f g: A \rightarrow U)(P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP:finite } P),$
 $(\forall x, P x \rightarrow f x \equiv g x) \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP} \equiv \text{sigma_fin } g \text{ FP}.$

Instance sigma_fin_mon : $\forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP:finite } P),$
 $\text{monotonic } (\text{fun } (f: \text{MF } A) \Rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP}).$

Save.

Lemma retract_fin_le : $\forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (f g: A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, P x \rightarrow f x \leq g x) \rightarrow \text{retract_fin } P g \rightarrow \text{retract_fin } P f.$

Lemma sigma_fin_mult : $\forall (f: A \rightarrow U) c (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP:finite } P),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P f \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c \times f k) \text{ FP} \equiv c \times \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP}.$

Lemma sigma_fin_plus : $\forall (f g: A \rightarrow U) (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP:finite } P),$
 $\text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k + g k) \text{ FP} \equiv \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP} + \text{sigma_fin } g \text{ FP}.$

Lemma sigma_fin_prod_maj :
 $\forall (f g: A \rightarrow U)(P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP:finite } P),$
 $\text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k) \text{ FP} \leq \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP}.$

Lemma sigma_fin_prod_le :
 $\forall (f g: A \rightarrow U) (c: U), (\forall k, f k \leq c) \rightarrow \forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP:finite } P),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P g \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k) \text{ FP} \leq c \times \text{sigma_fin } g \text{ FP}.$

Lemma *sigma_fin_prod_ge* :
 $\forall (f g : A \rightarrow U) (c:U) , (\forall k, c \leq f k) \rightarrow$
 $\forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(FP: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P g \rightarrow c \times \text{sigma_fin } g \text{ FP} \leq \text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k) \text{ FP}.$
Hint Resolve *sigma_fin_prod_maj* *sigma_fin_prod_ge* *sigma_fin_prod_le*.
Lemma *sigma_fin_inv* : $\forall (f g : A \rightarrow U)(P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(FP:\text{finite } P),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P f \rightarrow$
 $[1\text{-}] \text{ sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k) \text{ FP} \equiv$
 $\text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times [1\text{-}] g k) \text{ FP} + [1\text{-}] \text{ sigma_fin } f \text{ FP}.$
Lemma *sigma_fin_eqset* : $\forall f P Q (FP:\text{finite } P) (e:\text{eqset } P Q),$
 $\text{sigma_fin } f \text{ (fin_eqset } e \text{ FP)} = \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP}.$
Lemma *sigma_fin_rem* : $\forall f P (FP:\text{finite } P) a,$
 $P a \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP} \equiv f a + \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ (finite_rem decA } a \text{ FP)}.$
Lemma *sigma_fin_incl* : $\forall f P (FP: \text{finite } P) Q (FQ: \text{finite } Q),$
 $\text{incl } P Q \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP} \leq \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FQ}.$
Lemma *sigma_fin_unique* : $\forall f P Q (FP: \text{finite } P) (FQ: \text{finite } Q),$
 $\text{eqset } P Q \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP} \equiv \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FQ}.$
Lemma *sigma_fin_cte* : $\forall c P (FP:\text{finite } P),$
 $\text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } _\rightarrow c) \text{ FP} \equiv (\text{size } FP) */ c.$
Definition *Sigma_fin* P ($FP:\text{finite } P$) := *mon* ($\text{fun } (f:\text{MF } A) \Rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP}$).
Lemma *Sigma_fin_simpl* : $\forall P (FP:\text{finite } P) f, \text{Sigma_fin } FP f = \text{sigma_fin } f \text{ FP}.$
Lemma *sigma_fin_continuous* : $\forall P (FP:\text{finite } P),$
 $\text{continuous } (\text{Sigma_fin } FP).$

11.4.2 Definition and Properties of *random_fin*

Variable $P : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}.$
Variable $FP : \text{finite } P.$
Let $s := (\text{size } FP - 1)\%nat.$
Lemma *pred_size_le* : $(\text{size } FP \leq S s)\%nat.$
Hint Resolve *pred_size_le*.
Lemma *pred_size_eq* : $\text{notempty } P \rightarrow \text{size } FP = S s.$
Instance *fmult_mon* : $\forall A k, \text{monotonic } (\text{fmult } (A:=A) k).$
Save.
Definition *random_fin* : $M A := \text{Sigma_fin } FP @ (\text{Fmult } A ([1/]1+s)).$
Lemma *random_fin_simpl* : $\forall (f:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{random_fin } f = \text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow ([1/]1+s) \times f x) \text{ FP}.$
Lemma *fnth_retract_fin*:
 $\forall n, (\text{size } FP \leq S n)\%nat \rightarrow \text{retract_fin } P (\text{fun } _\Rightarrow [1/]1+n).$
Lemma *random_fin_stable_inv* : $\text{stable_inv } \text{random_fin}.$
Lemma *random_fin_stable_plus* : $\text{stable_plus } \text{random_fin}.$
Lemma *random_fin_stable_mult* : $\text{stable_mult } \text{random_fin}.$
Lemma *random_fin_monotonic* : $\text{monotonic } \text{random_fin}.$
Lemma *random_fin_continuous* : $\text{continuous } \text{random_fin}.$
Definition *Random_fin* : *distr* $A.$
Defined.
Lemma *Random_fin_simpl* : $\mu \text{ Random_fin} = \text{random_fin}.$

```

Lemma random_fin_total : notempty P → μ Random-fin (fone A) ≡ 1.
End RandomFinite.

Lemma random_fin_cover :
  ∀ P Q (FP:finite P) (decQ:dec Q),
    μ (Random-fin FP) (carac decQ) ≡ size (finite_inter decQ FP) */ [1/]1+(size FP-1)%nat.

Lemma random_fin_P : ∀ P (FP:finite P) (decP:dec P),
  notempty P → μ (Random-fin FP) (carac decP) ≡ 1.

End SigmaFinite.

```

11.5 Properties of the Random distribution

Definition dec_le (n:nat) : dec (fun x ⇒ (x ≤ n)%nat).

Defined.

Definition dec_lt (n:nat) : dec (fun x ⇒ (x < n)%nat).

Defined.

Definition dec_gt : ∀ x, dec (lt x).

Defined.

Definition dec_ge : ∀ x, dec (le x).

Defined.

Definition carac_eq n := carac (eq_nat_dec n).

Definition carac_le n := carac (dec_le n).

Definition carac_lt n := carac (dec_lt n).

Definition carac_gt n := carac (dec_gt n).

Definition carac_ge n := carac (dec_ge n).

Definition is_eq (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ n = x) (carac_eq n) := cover_dec (eq_nat_dec n).

Definition is_le (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ (x ≤ n)%nat) (carac_le n) := cover_dec (dec_le n).

Definition is_lt (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ (x < n)%nat) (carac_lt n) := cover_dec (dec_lt n).

Definition is_gt (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ (n < x)%nat) (carac_gt n) := cover_dec (dec_gt n).

Definition is_ge (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ (n ≤ x)%nat) (carac_ge n) := cover_dec (dec_ge n).

Lemma carac_gt_S :

∀ x y, carac_gt (S y) (S x) ≡ carac_gt y x.

Lemma carac_lt_S : ∀ x y, carac_lt (S x) (S y) ≡ carac_lt x y.

Lemma carac_le_S : ∀ x y, carac_le (S x) (S y) ≡ carac_le x y.

Lemma carac_ge_S : ∀ x y, carac_ge (S x) (S y) ≡ carac_ge x y.

Lemma carac_eq_S : ∀ x y, carac_eq (S x) (S y) ≡ carac_eq x y.

Lemma carac_lt_0 : ∀ y, carac_lt 0 y ≡ 0.

Lemma carac_lt_zero : carac_lt 0 ≡ fzero _.

lifting "if then else". Lemma carac_if_compat : ∀ A (P:set A) (Pdec : dec P) (t:bool) u v,
 (carac Pdec (if t then u else v))
 ≡
 (if t
 then (carac Pdec u)
 else (carac Pdec v)).

Lemma carac_lt_if_compat : ∀ x (t:bool) u v,

(carac_lt x (if t then u else v))
 ≡
 (if t
 then (carac_lt x u)
 else (carac_lt x v)).

```
Hint Resolve carac_le_S carac_eq_S carac_lt_S carac_ge_S carac_gt_S carac_lt_0 carac_lt_zero.
```

```
Instance carac_ge_mon (n:nat) : monotonic (carac_ge n).
```

```
Save.
```

```
Definition Carac_ge (n:nat) : nat -m> U := mon (carac_ge n).
```

```
Lemma dec_inter :  $\forall A (P Q : \text{set } A), \text{dec } P \rightarrow \text{dec } Q \rightarrow \text{dec} (\text{inter } P Q)$ .
```

```
Lemma dec_union :  $\forall A (P Q : \text{set } A), \text{dec } P \rightarrow \text{dec } Q \rightarrow \text{dec} (\text{union } P Q)$ .
```

```
Lemma carac_conj :  $\forall A (P Q : \text{set } A) (dP:\text{dec } P) (dQ:\text{dec } Q),$   
 $\text{carac} (\text{dec\_inter } dP dQ) \equiv \text{fconj} (\text{carac } dP) (\text{carac } dQ)$ .
```

```
Lemma carac_plus :  $\forall A (P Q : \text{set } A) (dP:\text{dec } P) (dQ:\text{dec } Q),$   
 $\text{carac} (\text{dec\_union } dP dQ) \equiv \text{fplus} (\text{carac } dP) (\text{carac } dQ)$ .
```

Count the number of elements between 0 and n-1 which satisfy P

```
Fixpoint nb_elts (P:nat → Prop)(Pdec : dec P)(n:nat) {struct n} : nat :=
```

```
match n with
```

```
0 ⇒ 0%nat
```

```
| S n ⇒ if Pdec n then (S (nb_elts Pdec n)) else (nb_elts Pdec n)  
end.
```

```
Lemma nb_elts_true :  $\forall (P:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{Prop})(Pdec : \text{dec } P)(n:\text{nat}),$   
 $(\forall k, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow P k) \rightarrow \text{nb\_elts } Pdec n = n$ .
```

```
Hint Resolve nb_elts_true.
```

```
Lemma nb_elts_false :  $\forall P, \forall Pdec:\text{dec } P, \forall n,$   
 $(\forall x, (x < n)\%nat \rightarrow \neg P x) \rightarrow \text{nb\_elts } Pdec n = 0\%nat$ .
```

- the probability for a random number between 0 and n to satisfy P is equal to the number of elements below n which satisfy P divided by n+1

```
Lemma Random_carac :  $\forall (P:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{Prop})(Pdec : \text{dec } P)(n:\text{nat}),$   
 $\mu (\text{Random } n) (\text{carac } Pdec) \equiv (\text{nb\_elts } Pdec (S n)) */ [1/]1+n$ .
```

```
Lemma nb_elts_lt_le :  $\forall k n, (k \leq n)\%nat \rightarrow \text{nb\_elts } (\text{dec\_lt } k) n = k$ .
```

```
Lemma nb_elts_lt_ge :  $\forall k n, (n \leq k)\%nat \rightarrow \text{nb\_elts } (\text{dec\_lt } k) n = n$ .
```

```
Lemma nb_elts_eq_nat_ge :  
   $\forall n k,$   
   $(n \leq k)\%nat \rightarrow \text{nb\_elts } (\text{eq\_nat\_dec } k) n = 0\%nat$ .
```

```
Lemma beq_nat_neg :  $\forall x y : \text{nat}, x \neq y \rightarrow \text{false} = \text{beq\_nat } x y$ .
```

```
Lemma nb_elt_eq :  
   $\forall n k,$   
   $(k < n)\%nat \rightarrow \text{nb\_elts } (\text{eq\_nat\_dec } k) n = 1\%nat$ .
```

```
Hint Resolve nb_elts_lt_ge nb_elts_lt_le nb_elts_eq_nat_ge nb_elt_eq.
```

```
Lemma Random_lt :  $\forall n k, \mu (\text{Random } n) (\text{carac\_lt } k) \equiv k */ [1/]1+n$ .
```

```
Hint Resolve Random_lt.
```

```
Lemma Random_le :  $\forall n k, \mu (\text{Random } n) (\text{carac\_le } k) \equiv (S k) */ [1/]1+n$ .
```

```
Hint Resolve Random_le.
```

```
Lemma Random_eq :  $\forall n k, (k \leq n)\%nat \rightarrow \mu (\text{Random } n) (\text{carac\_eq } k) \equiv 1 */ [1/]1+n$ .
```

```
Hint Resolve Random_eq.
```

11.6 Properties of distributions and set

```
Section PickElems.
```

```
Variable A : Type.
```

```
Variable P : A → Prop.
```

```

Variable cP : A → U.
Hypothesis coverP : cover P cP.
Variable ceq : A → A → U.
Hypothesis covereq : ∀ x, cover (eq x) (ceq x).
Variable d : distr A.
Variable k : U.
Hypothesis deqP : ∀ x, P x → k ≤ μ d (ceq x).
Lemma d_coverP : ∀ x, P x → k ≤ μ d cP.
Lemma d_coverP_exists : (∃ x, P x) → k ≤ μ d cP.
Lemma d_coverP_not_empty : ¬ (∀ x, ¬ P x) → k ≤ μ d cP.
End PickElmets.

```

12 IsDiscrete.v: distributions over discrete domains

Contributed by David Baelde. This has been adapted from Certicrypt : Santiago Zanella and Benjamin Grégoire.

12.1 Definition of discrete domains and decidable equalities

```

Class Discrete_domain (A:Type) :=
{ points : nat → A ;
  points_surj : ∀ x, ∃ n, points n = x }.

Class DecideEq (A:Type) :=
{ eq_dec : ∀ x y : A, { x=y }+{ x≠y } }.

```

12.2 Useful functions on discrete domains

Section Discrete.

```

Variable A : Type.
Hypothesis A_discrete : Discrete_domain A.
Hypothesis A_decidable : DecideEq A.

Definition uequiv : A → MF A := fun a => carac (eq_dec a).

Lemma cover_uequiv : ∀ a, cover (eq a) (uequiv a).

not_first_repr k decide if points k is not the first point in is class, in that case points k is not the representant of the class

Definition not_first_repr k := sigma (fun i => uequiv (points k) (points i)) k.

Lemma cover_not_first_repr :
  cover (fun k => exc (fun k0 => (k0 < k)%nat ∧ (points k) = (points k0))) not_first_repr.

in_classes a decides if a is in relation with one element of points      Definition in_classes a := serie (fun
k => uequiv a (points k)).

Definition In_classes a := exc (fun k => a = (points k)).

Lemma cover_in_classes : cover In_classes in_classes.

in_class a k decides if a is in relation with points k and points k is the representant of it class      Definition
in_class a k := [1-] (not_first_repr k) × uequiv (points k) a.

Definition In_class a k :=
  (points k) = a ∧
  (∀ k0, (k0 < k)%nat → ¬ (points k = points k0)).

```

```

Lemma cover_in_class : ∀ a, cover (In_class a) (in_class a).
Lemma in_class_wretract : ∀ x, wretract (in_class x).
Lemma in_classes_refl : ∀ k, in_classes (points k) ≡ 1.
Lemma cover_serie_in_class : cover (fun a ⇒ exc (In_class a)) (fun a ⇒ serie (in_class a)).
Lemma in_classes_in_class : ∀ a, in_classes a ≡ serie (in_class a).

```

12.3 Any distribution on a discrete domain is discrete

```

Variable d : distr A.

Lemma range_in_classes : range In_classes d.

Definition coeff k := ([1-] (not_first_repr k)) × μ d (uequiv (points k)).

Lemma mu_discrete : μ d ≡ discrete coeff points.

Lemma coeff_retract : wretract coeff.

Theorem domain_is_discrete : is_discrete d.

End Discrete.

Implicit Arguments domain_is_discrete [[A] [A_discrete] [A_decidable]].

```

12.4 Instances for common discrete and decidable domains

```

Instance nat_discrete : Discrete_domain nat.

Instance nat_decid_eq : DecidEq nat := Build_DecidEq eq_nat_dec.

Definition bool_points := beq_nat 0.

Instance bool_discrete : Discrete_domain bool.

Require Import Bool.

Instance bool_decid_eq : DecidEq bool := Build_DecidEq bool_dec.

```

12.5 Building a bijection between *nat* and *nat* × *nat*

```

Require Import Even.
Require Import Div2.

Lemma bij_n_nxn_aux : ∀ k,
  (0 < k)%nat → sigT (fun (i:nat) ⇒ {j : nat | k = (exp2 i × (2 × j + 1))%nat}).

Definition bij_n_nxn k :=
  match @bij_n_nxn_aux (S k) (lt_O_Sn k) with
  | existT i (exists j) ⇒ (i, j)
  end.

Lemma mult_eq_reg_l : ∀ n m p,
  (0 < p → p × n = p × m → n = m)%nat.

Lemma even_exp2 : ∀ n, even (exp2 (S n)).

Lemma odd_2p1 : ∀ n, odd (2 × n + 1).

Lemma bij_surj : ∀ i j, ∃ k,
  bij_n_nxn k = (i, j).

```

12.6 The product of two discrete domains is discrete

```

Instance prod_discrete : ∀ A B,
  Discrete_domain A → Discrete_domain B → Discrete_domain (A × B).

```

13 BinCoeff.v: Binomial coefficients

Contributed by David Baelde, 2011

```
Require Import Arith.  
Require Import Omega.
```

13.1 Definition of binomial coefficients

```
Fixpoint comb (k n:nat) {struct n} : nat :=  
  match n with O => match k with O => (1%nat) | (S l) => O end  
  | (S m) => match k with O => (1%nat)  
               | (S l) => ((comb l m) + (comb k m))%nat  
               end  
  end.
```

13.2 Properties of binomial coefficients

Lemma $\text{comb_0_n} : \forall n, \text{comb } 0 \ n = 1\%nat$.

Lemma $\text{comb_not_le} : \forall n k, (S \ n \leq k)\%nat \rightarrow \text{comb } k \ n = 0\%nat$.

Lemma $\text{comb_Sn_n} : \forall n, \text{comb } (S \ n) \ n = 0\%nat$.

Lemma $\text{comb_n_n} : \forall n, \text{comb } n \ n = 1\%nat$.

Lemma $\text{comb_1_Sn} : \forall n, \text{comb } 1 \ (S \ n) = S \ n$.

Lemma $\text{comb_inv} : \forall n k, (k \leq n)\%nat \rightarrow \text{comb } k \ n = \text{comb } (n-k) \ n$.

Lemma $\text{comb_n_Sn} : \forall n, \text{comb } n \ (S \ n) = (S \ n)$.

Notation $H := (\text{fun } n k \Rightarrow \text{comb } (S \ k) \ (S \ n) \times (S \ k) = \text{comb } k \ (S \ n) \times (S \ n - k))$.

Notation $V := (\text{fun } n k \Rightarrow \text{comb } k \ (S \ n) \times (S \ n - k) = \text{comb } k \ n \times (S \ n))$.

Lemma $\text{comb_relations} : \forall n k, H \ n \ k \wedge V \ n \ k$.

Lemma $\text{comb_incr_n} : \forall n k, \text{comb } k \ (S \ n) \times (S \ n - k) = \text{comb } k \ n \times (S \ n)$.

Lemma $\text{comb_incr_k} : \forall n k, \text{comb } (S \ k) \ (S \ n) \times (S \ k) = \text{comb } k \ (S \ n) \times (S \ n - k)$.

Lemma $\text{comb_fact} : \forall n k, k \leq n \rightarrow \text{comb } k \ n \times \text{fact } k \times \text{fact } (n-k) = \text{fact } n$.

Lemma $\text{comb_le_0_lt} : \forall k \ n, k \leq n \rightarrow 0 < \text{comb } k \ n$.

Lemma $\text{mult_simpl_right} : \forall m \ n \ p, 0 < p \rightarrow m \times p = n \times p \rightarrow m = n$.

Corollary $\text{comb_symmetric} : \forall k \ n, k \leq n \rightarrow \text{comb } k \ n = \text{comb } (n-k) \ n$.

Lemma $\text{mult_lt_compat_l} : \forall n \ m \ p : \text{nat}, n < m \rightarrow 0 < p \rightarrow p \times n < p \times m$.

Lemma $\text{comb_monotonic_k} : \forall k \ n \ k', 0 < n \rightarrow k \leq k' \rightarrow 2 * k' \leq n \rightarrow \text{comb } k \ n \leq \text{comb } k' \ n$.

Lemma $\text{comb_monotonic_n} : \forall k \ n \ n', k \leq n \rightarrow n \leq n' \rightarrow \text{comb } k \ n \leq \text{comb } k \ n'$.

Lemma comb_monotonic :

$$\forall k \ n \ k' \ n', 0 < n \rightarrow k \leq n \rightarrow k \leq k' \rightarrow 2 * k' \leq n' \rightarrow n \leq n' \rightarrow \text{comb } k \ n \leq \text{comb } k' \ n'$$

Lemma $\text{comb_max_half} : \forall k \ n, \text{comb } k \ n \leq \text{comb } (\text{Div2.div2 } n) \ n$.

14 Bernoulli.v: Simulating Bernoulli and Binomial distributions

```
Require Export Cover.  
Require Export Misc.  
Require Export BinCoeff.
```

14.1 Program for computing a Bernoulli distribution

`bernoulli p` gives true with probability p and false with probability $(1-p)$

```
let rec bernoulli p =
  if flip
  then (if p < 1/2 then false else bernoulli (2 p - 1))
  else (if p < 1/2 then bernoulli (2 p) else true)
```

Hypothesis `dec_demi` : $\forall x : U, \{x < [1/2]\} + \{[1/2] \leq x\}$.

Instance `Fbern-mon` : *monotonic*
 $(\text{fun } (f:U \rightarrow \text{distr bool}) p \Rightarrow$
 $Mif \text{ Flip}$
 $(\text{if } dec_demi p \text{ then } Munit \text{ false} \text{ else } f(p \& p))$
 $(\text{if } dec_demi p \text{ then } f(p + p) \text{ else } Munit \text{ true}))$.

Save.

Definition `Fbern` : $(U \rightarrow \text{distr bool}) \multimap (U \rightarrow \text{distr bool})$
 $:= mon (\text{fun } f p \Rightarrow Mif \text{ Flip}$
 $(\text{if } dec_demi p \text{ then } Munit \text{ false} \text{ else } f(p \& p))$
 $(\text{if } dec_demi p \text{ then } f(p + p) \text{ else } Munit \text{ true}))$.

Definition `bernoulli` : $U \rightarrow \text{distr bool} := Mfix Fbern$.

14.2 $fc p n k$ is defined as $(C(k,n) p^k (1-p)^{n-k})$

Definition `fc` ($p:U)(n k:nat$) := $(\text{comb } k n) * / (p^k \times ([1-p]^n)$.

Lemma `fcp_0` : $\forall p n, fc p n O \equiv ([1-p])^n$.

Lemma `fcp_n` : $\forall p n, fc p n n \equiv p^n$.

Lemma `fcp_not_le` : $\forall p n k, (S n \leq k) \% nat \rightarrow fc p n k \equiv 0$.

Lemma `fc0` : $\forall n k, fc 0 n (S k) \equiv 0$.

Hint Resolve `fc0`.

Add Morphism `fc` with signature $Oeq \Rightarrow eq \Rightarrow eq \Rightarrow Oeq$
as `fc_eq_compat`.

Save.

Hint Resolve `fc_eq_compat`.

14.2.1 Sum of `fc` objects

Lemma `sigma_fc0` : $\forall n k, sigma (fc 0 n) (S k) \equiv 1$.

Intermediate results for inductive proof of $[1-p]^n \equiv sigma (fc p n) n$

Lemma `fcp_retract` :

$\forall p n, [1-p]^n \equiv sigma (fc p n) n \rightarrow retract (fc p n) (S n)$.

Hint Resolve `fcp_retract`.

Lemma `fc_Nmult_def` :

$\forall p n k, ([1-p]^n \equiv sigma (fc p n) n) \rightarrow$
 $Nmult_def (\text{comb } k n) (p^k \times ([1-p])^{n-k})$.

Hint Resolve `fc_Nmult_def`.

Lemma `fcp_S` :

$\forall p n k, ([1-p]^n \equiv sigma (fc p n) n)$
 $\rightarrow fc p (S n) (S k) \equiv p \times (fc p n k) + ([1-p]) \times (fc p n (S k))$.

Lemma `sigma_fc_1`

: $\forall p n, [1-p]^n \equiv \text{sigma} (\text{fc } p n) n \rightarrow 1 \equiv \text{sigma} (\text{fc } p n) (S n)$.
Hint Resolve *sigma-fc-1*.

Main result : $[1-p]^n \equiv \text{sigma} (k=0..(n-1)) C(k,n) p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$

Lemma *Uinv-exp* : $\forall p n, [1-p]^n \equiv \text{sigma} (\text{fc } p n) n$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv-exp*.

Lemma *Nmult-comb*

: $\forall p n k, \text{Nmult_def} (\text{comb } k n) (p^k \times ([1-p]^{n-k}))$.

Hint Resolve *Nmult-comb*.

14.3 Program for computing a binomial distribution

Recursive definition of binomial distribution using bernoulli (*binomial p n*) gives k with probability $C(k,n) p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$

```
Fixpoint binomial (p:U)(n:nat) {struct n}: distr nat :=
  match n with O => Munit O
  | S m => Mlet (binomial p m)
    (fun x => Mif (bernoulli p) (Munit (S x)) (Munit x))
  end.
```

14.4 Properties of the Bernoulli program

Lemma *Fbern-simpl* : $\forall f p, Fbern f p = Mif \text{Flip}$
 $(\text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then } Munit \text{false} \text{ else } f(p \& p))$
 $(\text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then } f(p + p) \text{ else } Munit \text{true})$.

14.4.1 Proofs using fixpoint rules

Instance *Mubern-mon* : $\forall (q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U),$
monotonic
 $(\text{fun } bern (p:U) \Rightarrow \text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then } [1/2]^*(q \text{ false}) + [1/2]^*(bern (p+p))$
 $\text{else } [1/2]^*(bern (p\&p)) + [1/2]^*(q \text{ true}))$.

Save.

Definition *Mubern* ($q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U$) : $MF U -m > MF U$
 $:= mon (\text{fun } bern (p:U) \Rightarrow \text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then } [1/2]^*(q \text{ false}) + [1/2]^*(bern (p+p))$
 $\text{else } [1/2]^*(bern (p\&p)) + [1/2]^*(q \text{ true}))$.

Lemma *Mubern-simpl* : $\forall (q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U) f p,$
 $Mubern q f p = \text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then } [1/2]^*(q \text{ false}) + [1/2]^*(f(p+p))$
 $\text{else } [1/2]^*(f(p\&p)) + [1/2]^*(q \text{ true})$.

Mubern commutes with the measure of Fbern

Lemma *Mubern-eq* : $\forall (q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U) (f:U \rightarrow \text{distr bool}) (p:U),$
 $\mu (Fbern f p) q \equiv Mubern q (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) q) p$.

Hint Resolve *Mubern-eq*.

Lemma *Bern-eq* :

$\forall q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U, \forall p, \mu (\text{bernoulli } p) q \equiv \text{mufix} (\text{Mubern } q) p$.

Hint Resolve *Bern-eq*.

Lemma *Bern-commute* : $\forall q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U,$
 $\mu (\text{mu_muF_commute_le } Fbern (\text{fun } (x:U) \Rightarrow q)) (\text{Mubern } q)$.

Hint Resolve *Bern-commute*.

bernoulli terminates with probability 1

Lemma *Bern_term* : $\forall p, \mu (\text{bernolli } p) (\text{fone bool}) \equiv 1.$

Hint Resolve *Bern_term*.

14.4.2 p is an invariant of Mubern qtrue

Lemma *MuBern_true* : $\forall p, \text{Mubern } B2U (\text{fun } q \Rightarrow q) p \equiv p.$

Hint Resolve *MuBern_true*.

Lemma *MuBern_false* : $\forall p, \text{Mubern } (\text{finv } B2U) (\text{finv } (\text{fun } q \Rightarrow q)) p \equiv [1-p].$

Hint Resolve *MuBern_false*.

Lemma *Mubern_inv* : $\forall (q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U) (f: U \rightarrow U) (p: U),$
 $\text{Mubern } (\text{finv } q) (\text{finv } f) p \equiv [1-] \text{Mubern } q f p.$

$$\text{prob}(\text{bernolli} = \text{true}) = p$$

Lemma *Bern_true* : $\forall p, \mu (\text{bernolli } p) B2U \equiv p.$

$$\text{prob}(\text{bernolli} = \text{false}) = 1-p$$

Lemma *Bern_false* : $\forall p, \mu (\text{bernolli } p) NB2U \equiv [1-]p.$

14.4.3 Direct proofs using lubs

Invariant p_{min} p with $p_{min} p n = p - \frac{1}{2} \wedge n$

Property : $\forall p, \text{ok } p (\text{bernolli } p) \chi (. = \text{true})$

Definition *qtrue* ($p: U$) := $B2U.$

Definition *qfalse* ($p: U$) := $NB2U.$

Lemma *bernolli_true* : $\text{okfun } (\text{fun } p \Rightarrow p) \text{ berneulli } qtrue.$

Property : $\forall p, \text{ok } (1-p) (\text{bernolli } p) (\chi (. = \text{false}))$

Lemma *bernolli_false* : $\text{okfun } (\text{fun } p \Rightarrow [1-] p) \text{ berneulli } qfalse.$

Probability for the result of $(\text{bernolli } p)$ to be true is exactly p

Lemma *qtrue_qfalse_inv* : $\forall (b: \text{bool}) (x: U), \text{qtrue } x b \equiv [1-] (\text{qfalse } x b).$

Lemma *bernolli_eq_true* : $\forall p, \mu (\text{bernolli } p) (\text{qtrue } p) \equiv p.$

Lemma *bernolli_eq_false* : $\forall p, \mu (\text{bernolli } p) (\text{qfalse } p) \equiv [1-]p.$

Lemma *bernolli_eq* : $\forall p f,$
 $\mu (\text{bernolli } p) f \equiv p \times f \text{ true} + ([1-]p) \times f \text{ false}.$

Lemma *bernolli_total* : $\forall p, \mu (\text{bernolli } p) (\text{fone bool}) \equiv 1.$

14.5 Properties of Binomial distribution

$\text{prob}(\text{binomial } p n = k) = C(k, n) p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$

Lemma *binomial_eq_k* :

$\forall p n k, \mu (\text{binomial } p n) (\text{carac_eq } k) \equiv \text{fc } p n k.$

$\text{prob}(\text{binomial } p n \leq n) = 1$

Lemma *binomial_le_n* :

$\forall p n, 1 \leq \mu (\text{binomial } p n) (\text{carac_le } n).$

$\text{prob}(\text{binomial } p (S n) \leq S k) = p \text{ prob}(\text{binomial } p n \leq k) + (1-p) \text{ prob}(\text{binomial } p n \leq S k)$

Lemma *binomial_le_S* : $\forall p n k,$

$\mu (\text{binomial } p (S n)) (\text{carac_le } (S k)) \equiv$
 $p \times (\mu (\text{binomial } p n) (\text{carac_le } k)) + ([1-]p) \times (\mu (\text{binomial } p n) (\text{carac_le } (S k))).$

$\text{prob}(\text{binomial } p (S n) < S k) = p \text{ prob}(\text{binomial } p n < k) + (1-p) \text{ prob}(\text{binomial } p n < S k)$

Lemma *binomial_lt_S* : $\forall p n k,$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu (\text{binomial } p (S n)) (\text{carac_lt } (S k)) \equiv \\ p \times (\mu (\text{binomial } p n) (\text{carac_lt } k)) + ([1-p] \times (\mu (\text{binomial } p n) (\text{carac_lt } (S k))). \end{aligned}$$

15 DistrTactic.v: tactics for reasoning on distributions.

Contributed by Pierre Courtieu CNAM

The tactics to use are

- *simplmu* for one step simplification,
- *rsimplmu* for repeated simplifications.
- These two tactics can be cloned and extended using *simplmu_arg*.

Hint Extern 2 \Rightarrow *Usimpl*.

```
Ltac simpl_mu_rewrite tacsubgoals := first [
progress setoid_rewrite Umult_sym_cst|rewrite Umult_sym_cst|
progress setoid_rewrite Mif_eq2|rewrite Mif_eq2|
progress setoid_rewrite Bern_true|rewrite Bern_true|
progress setoid_rewrite Bern_false|rewrite Bern_false|
progress setoid_rewrite Mlet_simpl|rewrite Mlet_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Munit_simpl|rewrite Munit_simpl|

progress setoid_rewrite bary_refl_eq; [| complete auto] | rewrite bary_refl_eq; [| complete auto] |

progress setoid_rewrite Uinv_inv|rewrite Uinv_inv|
progress setoid_rewrite bernoulli_eq|rewrite bernoulli_eq|
progress setoid_rewrite binomial_lt_S|rewrite binomial_lt_S|
progress setoid_rewrite carac_lt_S|rewrite carac_lt_S|


progress setoid_rewrite mu_stable_mult2|rewrite mu_stable_mult2|
progress setoid_rewrite mon_simpl|rewrite mon_simpl|


progress setoid_rewrite im_distr_simpl|rewrite im_distr_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Mchoice_simpl|rewrite Mchoice_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Random_total|rewrite Random_total|
progress setoid_rewrite discrete_simpl|rewrite discrete_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Discrete_simpl|rewrite Discrete_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Flip_simpl|rewrite Flip_simpl|


progress setoid_rewrite (@mu_fzero_eq _ _) | rewrite (@mu_fzero_eq _ _) |
progress setoid_rewrite mu_fzero_eq | rewrite mu_fzero_eq |
progress setoid_rewrite Mlet_unit|rewrite Mlet_unit|
progress setoid_rewrite Mlet_assoc|rewrite Mlet_assoc|


progress setoid_rewrite mu_stable_plus2; [| complete tacsubgoals ] | rewrite mu_stable_plus2; [| complete tacsubgoals ] |


progress setoid_rewrite carac_lt_if_compat | rewrite carac_lt_if_compat |.
```

Try simplification of Oeq and Ole at top level. Ltac *simplmu_aux* :=
 match goal with

```

| ⊢ (Ole (fmont (μ ?d1) ?f) (fmont (μ ?d2) ?g)) ⇒ apply (mu_le_compat (m1:=d1) (m2:=d2) (Ole_refl
d1) (f:=f) (g:=g)); intro
| ⊢ (Oeq (fmont (μ ?d1) ?f) (fmont (μ ?d2) ?g)) ⇒ apply (mu_eq_compat (m1:=d1) (m2:=d2) (Oeq_refl
d1) (f:=f) (g:=g)); unfold Oeq;intro
| ⊢ (Oeq (Munit ?x) (Munit ?y)) ⇒ apply (Munit_eq_compat x y)
| ⊢ (Oeq (Mlet ?x1 ?f) (Mlet ?x2 ?g))
  ⇒ apply (Mlet_eq_compat (m1:=x1) (m2:=x2) (M1:=f) (M2:=g) (Oeq_refl x1)); intro
| ⊢ (Ole (Mlet ?x1 ?f) (Mlet ?x2 ?g))
  ⇒ apply (Mlet_le_compat (m1:=x1) (m2:=x2) (M1:=f) (M2:=g) (Ole_refl x1)); intro
end.

Ltac simplmu_arg tacsidecond :=
  Usimpl || simplmu_aux || simpl_mu_rewrite ltac:tacsidecond.
Ltac simplmu := simplmu_arg idtac.
Ltac rsimplmu := (repeat progress (simplmu;simpl)).

```

16 IterFlip.v: An example of probabilistic termination

Add Rec LoadPath ".\" as ALEA.

Require Export Prog.

16.1 Definition of a random walk

We interpret the probabilistic program

```

let rec iter x = if flip() then iter (x+1) else x

Require Import ZArith.

Instance Fiter_mon :
  monotonic (fun (f:Z → distr Z) (x:Z) ⇒ Mif Flip (f (Zsucc x)) (Munit x)).
Save.

Definition Fiter : (Z → distr Z) -m> (Z → distr Z)
:= mon (fun f (x:Z) ⇒ Mif Flip (f (Zsucc x)) (Munit x)).

Lemma Fiter_simpl : ∀ f x, Fiter f x = Mif Flip (f (Zsucc x)) (Munit x).

Definition iterflip : Z → distr Z := Mfix Fiter.

```

16.2 Main result

Probability for *iter* to terminate is 1

16.2.1 Auxiliary function *p*

```

Definition p_n = 1 - ½ ^ n
Fixpoint p_ (n : nat) : U := match n with O ⇒ 0 | (S n) ⇒ ½ × p_ n + ½ end.

Lemma p_incr : ∀ n, p_ n ≤ p_ (S n).
Hint Resolve p_incr.

Definition p : nat -m> U := fnatO_intro p_ p_incr.

Lemma pS_simpl : ∀ n, p (S n) = ½ × p n + ½.
Lemma p_eq : ∀ n:nat, p n ≡ [1-]([1/2]^n).
Hint Resolve p_eq.

Lemma p_le : ∀ n:nat, [1-]([1/]1+n) ≤ p n.

```

Hint Resolve *p_le*.

Lemma *lim_p_one* : $1 \leq \text{lub } p$.

Hint Resolve *lim_p_one*.

16.2.2 Proof of probabilistic termination

Definition *q1* (*z1 z2:Z*) := 1.

Lemma *iterflip_term* : *okfun* (*fun k => 1*) *iterflip q1*.

17 Choice.v: An example of probabilistic choice

Require Export *Prog*.

17.1 Definition of a probabilistic choice

We interpret the probabilistic program *p* which executes two probabilistic programs *p1* and *p2* and then make a choice between the two computed results.

```
let rec p () = let x = p1 () in let y = p2 () in choice x y
```

Section *CHOICE*.

Variable *A* : Type.

Variables *p1 p2* : *distr A*.

Variable *choice* : *A → A → A*.

Definition *p* : *distr A* := *Mlet p1 (fun x => Mlet p2 (fun y => Munit (choice x y)))*.

17.2 Main result

We estimate the probability for *p* to satisfy *Q* given estimations for both *p1* and *p2*.

17.2.1 Assumptions

We need extra properties on *p1*, *p2* and *choice*.

- *p1* and *p2* terminate with probability 1
- *Q* value on *choice* is not less than the sum of values of *Q* on separate elements.

If *Q* is a boolean function it means than if one of *x* or *y* satisfies *Q* then (*choice*-*x*-*y*) will also satisfy *Q*

Hypothesis *p1_terminates* : $(\mu p1 (\text{fone } A)) == 1$.

Hypothesis *p2_terminates* : $(\mu p2 (\text{fone } A)) == 1$.

Variable *Q* : *MF A*.

Hypothesis *choiceok* : $\forall x y, Q x + Q y \leq Q (\text{choice } x y)$.

17.2.2 Proof of estimation:

ok k1 p1 Q and *ok k2 p2 Q* implies *ok (k1(1-k2)+k2) p Q*

Lemma *choicerule* : $\forall k1 k2,$

$$k1 \leq \mu p1 Q \rightarrow k2 \leq \mu p2 Q \rightarrow (k1 \times ([1] k2) + k2) \leq \mu p Q.$$

End *CHOICE*.

18 RandomList.v : pick uniformely an element in a list

Contributed by David Baelde, 2011

```
Fixpoint choose A (l : list A) : distr A :=
  match l with
  | nil => distr_null A
  | cons hd tl => Mchoice ([1/](length l)) (Munit hd) (choose tl)
  end.

Lemma choose_uniform : ∀ A (d : A) (l : list A) f,
  μ (choose l) f ≡ sigma (fun i => ([1/](length l)) × f (nth i l d)) (length l).

Lemma In_nth : ∀ A (x:A) l, In x l → ∃ i, (i < length l)%nat ∧ nth i l x = x.

Lemma choose_le_Nnth :
  ∀ A (l:list A) x f alpha,
  In x l →
  alpha ≤ f x →
  [1/](length l) × alpha ≤ μ (choose l) f.
```

18.1 List containing elements from 0 to n

```
Fixpoint lrange n := match n with
  | O => cons O nil
  | S m => cons (S m) (lrange m)
end.

Lemma range_len : ∀ n, length (lrange n) = S n.

Lemma leq_in_range : ∀ n x, (x≤n)%nat → In x (lrange n).

Require Export Arith.
Require Export Omega.
```

19 Markov rule

19.1 Decidable predicates on natural numbers

```
Definition dec (P:nat → Prop) := ∀ n, {P n} + {¬ P n}.

Record Dec : Type := mk-Dec {prop :> nat → Prop; is_dec : dec prop}.
```

19.2 Definition of a successor function on predicates

- PS P n = P (n+1)

```
Definition PS : Dec → Dec.
Defined.
```

19.3 Order on predicates

- P <= Q iff forall n, Q n -> exists m < n, P m

```
Definition ord (P Q:Dec) := ∀ n, Q n → ∃ m, m < n ∧ P m.
```

```
Lemma ord_eq_compat : ∀ (P1 P2 Q1 Q2:Dec),
  (∀ n, P1 n → P2 n) → (∀ n, Q2 n → Q1 n)
  → ord P1 Q1 → ord P2 Q2.
```

```
Lemma ord_not_0 : ∀ P Q : Dec, ord P Q → ¬ Q 0.
```

```
Lemma ord_0 : ∀ P Q : Dec, P 0 → ¬ Q 0 → ord P Q.
```

19.4 Chaining two predicates

- $\text{PP } P \ Q : \text{first elt of } P \text{ then } Q : \text{PP } P \ Q \ 0 = P \ 0, \text{PP } P \ Q \ (n+1) = Q \ n$

Definition $\text{PP} : \text{Dec} \rightarrow \text{Dec} \rightarrow \text{Dec}$.

Defined.

Lemma $\text{PP_PS} : \forall (P:\text{Dec}) \ n, \text{PP } P \ (\text{PS } P) \ n \leftrightarrow P \ n$.

Lemma $\text{PS_PP} : \forall (P \ Q:\text{Dec}) \ n, \text{PS } (\text{PP } P \ Q) \ n \leftrightarrow Q \ n$.

Lemma $\text{ord_PS} : \forall P : \text{Dec}, \neg P \ 0 \rightarrow \text{ord } (\text{PS } P) \ P$.

Lemma $\text{ord_PP} : \forall (P \ Q: \text{Dec}), \neg P \ 0 \rightarrow \text{ord } Q \ (\text{PP } P \ Q)$.

Lemma $\text{ord_PS_PS} : \forall P \ Q : \text{Dec}, \text{ord } P \ Q \rightarrow \neg P \ 0 \rightarrow \text{ord } (\text{PS } P) \ (\text{PS } Q)$.

19.5 Accessibility of the order relation

Lemma $\text{Acc_ord_equiv} : \forall P \ Q : \text{Dec}, (\forall n, P \ n \leftrightarrow Q \ n) \rightarrow \text{Acc ord } P \rightarrow \text{Acc ord } Q$.

Lemma $\text{Acc_ord_0} : \forall P : \text{Dec}, P \ 0 \rightarrow \text{Acc ord } P$.

Hint Immediate Acc_ord_0 .

Lemma $\text{Acc_ord_PP} : \forall (P \ Q:\text{Dec}), \text{Acc ord } Q \rightarrow \text{Acc ord } (\text{PP } P \ Q)$.

Lemma $\text{Acc_ord_PS} : \forall (P:\text{Dec}), \text{Acc ord } (\text{PS } P) \rightarrow \text{Acc ord } P$.

Lemma $\text{Acc_ord} : \forall (P:\text{Dec}), (\exists n, P \ n) \rightarrow \text{Acc ord } P$.

19.6 Definition of the *minimize* function

```
Fixpoint min_acc (P:Dec) (a:Acc ord P) {struct a} : nat :=
  match is_dec P 0 with
    left _ => 0 | right H => S (min_acc (Acc_inv a (PS P) (ord_PS P H)))
  end.
```

Definition $\text{minimize} (P:\text{Dec}) (e:\exists n, P \ n) : \text{nat} := \text{min_acc} (\text{Acc_ord } P \ e)$.

Lemma $\text{minimize_P} : \forall (P:\text{Dec}) (e:\exists n, P \ n), P \ (\text{minimize } P \ e)$.

Lemma $\text{minimize_min} : \forall (P:\text{Dec}) (e:\exists n, P \ n) (m:nat), m < \text{minimize } P \ e \rightarrow \neg P \ m$.

Lemma $\text{minimize_incr} : \forall (P \ Q:\text{Dec}) (e:\exists n, P \ n) (f:\exists n, Q \ n), (\forall n, P \ n \rightarrow Q \ n) \rightarrow \text{minimize } Q \ f \leq \text{minimize } P \ e$.

20 Rplus.v: Definition of \mathbf{R}^+

Add Rec LoadPath ".\" as ALEA.

Require Export Uprop.

Open Local Scope U_scope.

Require Export Omega.

Require Export Arith.

20.1 Extra axiom on U : test of order

Variable isle : $U \rightarrow U \rightarrow \text{bool}$.

Hypothesis $\text{isle_true_eq} : \forall x \ y, x \leq y \leftrightarrow \text{isle } x \ y = \text{true}$.

Lemma $\text{isle_true} : \forall x \ y, x \leq y \rightarrow \text{isle } x \ y = \text{true}$.

Lemma $\text{isle_false_iff} : \forall x \ y, \neg (x \leq y) \leftrightarrow \text{isle } x \ y = \text{false}$.

Lemma $\text{isle_false_nle} : \forall x \ y, \neg (x \leq y) \rightarrow \text{isle } x \ y = \text{false}$.

```

Lemma isle_false : ∀ x y, y < x → isle x y = false.
Hint Resolve isle_true_eq isle_false_iff.
Hint Immediate isle_true isle_false isle_false_nle.
Lemma isle_rec : ∀ (x y:U) (P : bool → Type),
  (x ≤ y → P true)
  → (y < x → P false)
  → P (isle x y).

Lemma isle_lt_dec : ∀ x y : U, {x ≤ y} + {y < x}.

Lemma isle_dec : ∀ x y : U, {x ≤ y} + {¬ x ≤ y}.

Lemma iseq_dec : ∀ x y : U, {x ≡ y} + {¬ x ≡ y}.
Hint Resolve isle_dec iseq_dec.

Add Morphism isle with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> eq as isle_eq_compat.
Save.

Definition is0 (x:U) := isle x 0.
Definition is1 (x:U) := isle 1 x.

```

20.2 Definition of Rp with integer part and fractional part in U

```

Record Rp := mkRp { int:nat; frac:U }.

Delimit Scope Rp_scope with Rp.
Open Local Scope Rp_scope.

Lemma int_simpl : ∀ n x, int (mkRp n x) = n.

Lemma frac_simpl : ∀ n x, frac (mkRp n x) = x.

Lemma mkRp_eta : ∀ r, r = mkRp (int r) (frac r).
Hint Resolve mkRp_eta.

Morphism with Leibniz equality on the argument (we shall define a floor function later)

Add Morphism frac with signature eq ==> Oeq as frac_eq_compat.
Save.

Add Morphism int with signature eq ==> eq as int_eq_compat.
Save.

```

20.3 From N and U to Rp

```

Definition N2Rp n := mkRp n 0.
Definition U2Rp x := mkRp 0 x.

Coercion U2Rp : U >-> Rp.
Coercion N2Rp : nat >-> Rp.

Notation R0 := (N2Rp 0).
Notation R1 := (N2Rp 1).

Definition norm r1 r2 := int r2 = S (int r1) ∧ frac r1 ≡ 1 ∧ frac r2 ≡ 0.

Lemma intR0 : int R0 = 0.
Hint Resolve intR0.

Lemma fracR0 : frac R0 = 0.
Hint Resolve fracR0.

Lemma intN2Rp : ∀ n:nat, int n = n.
Lemma fracN2Rp : ∀ n:nat, frac n = 0.

```

Hint Resolve *intN2Rp* *fracN2Rp*.

Lemma *intU2Rp* : $\forall x:U, \text{int } x = O$.

Lemma *fracU2Rp* : $\forall x:U, \text{frac } x = x$.

Hint Resolve *intU2Rp* *fracU2Rp*.

20.4 Order structure on Rp

Definition *Rpeq r1 r2* := $\text{int } r1 = \text{int } r2 \wedge \text{frac } r1 \equiv \text{frac } r2$
 $\vee \text{norm } r1 r2 \vee \text{norm } r2 r1$.

Definition *Rple r1 r2*
:= $(\text{int } r1 < \text{int } r2) \% \text{nat} \vee (\text{int } r1 = \text{int } r2 \wedge \text{frac } r1 \leq \text{frac } r2) \vee \text{norm } r2 r1$.

Lemma *Rple_le_int_norm*

: $\forall r1 r2, Rple r1 r2 \rightarrow (\text{int } r1 \leq \text{int } r2) \% \text{nat} \vee \text{norm } r2 r1$.

Instance *Rpord* : *ord Rp* := {*Oeq* := *Rpeq*; *Ole* := *Rple*}.

Defined.

Lemma *Rpeq_simpl*

: $\forall x y : Rp, (x \equiv y) = (\text{int } x = \text{int } y \wedge \text{frac } x \equiv \text{frac } y$
 $\vee \text{norm } x y \vee \text{norm } y x)$.

Lemma *Rpeq_intro*

: $\forall x y : Rp, \text{int } x = \text{int } y \rightarrow \text{frac } x \equiv \text{frac } y \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Lemma *Rpeq_intro_norm1*

: $\forall x y : Rp, \text{norm } x y \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Lemma *Rpeq_intro_norm2*

: $\forall x y : Rp, \text{norm } y x \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Lemma *Rple_simpl* : $\forall x y : Rp,$

$(x \leq y) = ((\text{int } x < \text{int } y) \% \text{nat} \vee \text{int } x = \text{int } y \wedge \text{frac } x \leq \text{frac } y \vee \text{norm } y x)$.

Lemma *Rple_intro_lt* : $\forall x y : Rp,$

$(\text{int } x < \text{int } y) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma *Rple_intro_eq* : $\forall x y : Rp,$

$\text{int } x = \text{int } y \rightarrow \text{frac } x \leq \text{frac } y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma *Rple_intro_norm* : $\forall x y : Rp,$

$\text{norm } y x \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hint Resolve *Rpeq_intro* *Rple_intro_lt* *Rple_intro_eq*.

Hint Immediate *Rple_intro_norm* *Rpeq_intro_norm1* *Rpeq_intro_norm2*.

Lemma *Rple_intro_le_int_fra* : $\forall x y : Rp,$

$(\text{int } x \leq \text{int } y) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{frac } x \leq \text{frac } y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hint Immediate *Rple_intro_le_int_fra*.

Add Morphism *mkRp* with signature *eq* ==> *Oeq* ==> *Oeq*
as *mkRp_eq_compat*.

Save.

Add Morphism *mkRp* with signature *le* ==> *Ole* ==> *Ole*
as *mkRp_le_compat*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *mkRp_eq_compat* *mkRp_le_compat*.

Lemma *frac_0* : $\forall x, x \equiv R0 \rightarrow \text{frac } x \equiv 0$.

Lemma *int_0* : $\forall x, x \equiv R0 \rightarrow \text{int } x = O$.

Hint Immediate *frac_0* *int_0*.

Add Morphism $U2Rp$ with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq$
as $U2Rp_eq_compat$.
Save.

Add Morphism $U2Rp$ with signature $Ole \implies Ole$
as $U2Rp_le_compat$.
Save.

Hint Resolve $U2Rp_eq_compat$ $U2Rp_le_compat$.

Lemma $U2Rp_le_simpl : \forall x y : U, U2Rp x \leq U2Rp y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma $U2Rp_eq_simpl : \forall x y : U, U2Rp x \equiv U2Rp y \rightarrow x \equiv y$.

Hint Immediate $U2Rp_le_simpl$ $U2Rp_eq_simpl$.

Add Morphism $U2Rp$ with signature $Olt \implies Olt$
as $U2Rp_lt_compat$.
Save.

Hint Resolve $U2Rp_lt_compat$.

Lemma $U2Rp_lt_simpl : \forall x y : U, U2Rp x < U2Rp y \rightarrow x < y$.

Hint Immediate $U2Rp_lt_simpl$.

Lemma $U2Rp_eq_rewrite : \forall x y : U, (x \equiv y) \leftrightarrow U2Rp x \equiv U2Rp y$.

Lemma $U2Rp_le_rewrite : \forall x y : U, (x \leq y) \leftrightarrow U2Rp x \leq U2Rp y$.

Lemma $U2Rp_lt_rewrite : \forall x y : U, (x < y) \leftrightarrow U2Rp x < U2Rp y$.

Add Morphism $N2Rp$ with signature $le \implies Ole$
as $N2Rp_le_compat$.
Save.

Hint Resolve $N2Rp_le_compat$.

Add Morphism $N2Rp$ with signature $eq \implies Oeq$
as $N2Rp_eq_compat$.
Save.

Hint Resolve $N2Rp_eq_compat$.

Lemma $N2Rp_eq_simpl : \forall a b, N2Rp a \equiv N2Rp b \rightarrow a = b$.

Hint Immediate $N2Rp_eq_simpl$.

Lemma $N2Rp_eq_rewrite : \forall a b, a = b \leftrightarrow N2Rp a \equiv N2Rp b$.

Add Morphism $N2Rp$ with signature $lt \implies Olt$
as $N2Rp_lt_compat$.
Save.

Hint Resolve $N2Rp_lt_compat$.

Lemma $N2Rp_le_simpl : \forall (x y : nat), N2Rp x \leq N2Rp y \rightarrow (x \leq y) \% nat$.

Hint Immediate $N2Rp_le_simpl$.

Lemma $N2Rp_le_rewrite : \forall (x y : nat), (x \leq y) \% nat \leftrightarrow N2Rp x \leq N2Rp y$.

Lemma $N2Rp_lt_simpl : \forall (x y : nat), N2Rp x < N2Rp y \rightarrow (x < y) \% nat$.

Hint Immediate $N2Rp_lt_simpl$.

Lemma $N2Rp_lt_rewrite : \forall (x y : nat), (x < y) \% nat \leftrightarrow N2Rp x < N2Rp y$.

Lemma $Rple_lt_int_eq : \forall r1 r2, r1 \leq r2 \rightarrow (\text{int } r2 < \text{int } r1) \% nat \rightarrow r1 \equiv r2$.

Hint Immediate $Rple_lt_int_eq$.

Lemma $Rple_eq_int_le_frac$
 $\quad : \forall r1 r2, r1 \leq r2 \rightarrow (\text{int } r2 = \text{int } r1) \rightarrow \text{frac } r1 \leq \text{frac } r2$.

Hint Immediate $Rple_eq_int_le_frac$.

Lemma $U2Rp_le_R1 : \forall x : U, U2Rp x \leq R1$.

Hint Resolve $U2Rp_le_R1$.

Lemma $U2Rp1_R1 : U2Rp\ 1 \equiv R1$.

Hint Resolve $U2Rp1_R1$.

20.5 Basic relations are classical

Lemma $le_class : \forall x y:nat, class (x \leq y)\%nat$.

Lemma $eq_nat_class : \forall x y:nat, class (x = y)$.

Hint Resolve le_class eq_nat_class .

Lemma $Rple_class : \forall x y: Rp, class (x \leq y)$.

Hint Resolve $Rple_class$.

Lemma $Rple_total : \forall x y : Rp, orc (x \leq y) (y \leq x)$.

Hint Resolve $Rple_total$.

Lemma $Rpeq_class : \forall x y: Rp, class (x \equiv y)$.

Hint Resolve $Rpeq_class$.

Lemma $Rple_zero : \forall (x: Rp), R0 \leq x$.

Hint Resolve $Rple_zero$.

Lemma $norm_dec : \forall x y: Rp, \{norm\ x\ y\} + \{\sim norm\ x\ y\}$.

Lemma $Rple_dec : \forall x y: Rp, \{x \leq y\} + \{\sim x \leq y\}$.

Lemma $Rpeq_dec : \forall x y: Rp, \{x \equiv y\} + \{\sim x \equiv y\}$.

Lemma $Rple_lt_eq_dec : \forall x y: Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow \{x < y\} + \{x \equiv y\}$.

Lemma $Rple_lt_dec : \forall x y: Rp, \{x \leq y\} + \{y < x\}$.

Hint Resolve $norm_dec$ $Rple_dec$ $Rpeq_dec$ $Rple_lt_eq_dec$ $Rple_lt_dec$.

Lemma $Rplt_neq_zero: \forall x : Rp, \neg R0 \equiv x \rightarrow R0 < x$.

Lemma $Rplt_nat_int : \forall (x : Rp) (n:nat), x < n \rightarrow (int\ x < n)\%nat$.

Hint Resolve $Rplt_nat_int$.

Lemma $Rplt1_int : \forall x: Rp, x < R1 \rightarrow int\ x = O$.

Lemma $Rplt1_frac : \forall x: Rp, x < R1 \rightarrow x \equiv frac\ x$.

Hint Resolve $Rplt1_int$.

Hint Resolve $Rplt1_frac$.

Lemma $Rple_int_intro : \forall (x y: Rp), \neg (norm\ y\ x) \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow (int\ x \leq int\ y)\%nat$.

Hint Resolve $Rple_int_intro$.

Lemma $Rple_int_lt : \forall (x y: Rp), x < y \rightarrow (int\ x \leq int\ y)\%nat$.

Hint Resolve $Rple_int_lt$.

Lemma $Rplt_nat_int_le : \forall (x : Rp) (n:nat), N2Rp\ n < x \rightarrow (n \leq int\ x)\%nat$.

Hint Resolve $Rplt_nat_int_le$.

Lemma $Rplt_nat_int_lt : \forall (x : Rp) (n:nat), N2Rp\ (S\ n) < x \rightarrow (n < int\ x)\%nat$.

Hint Resolve $Rplt_nat_int_lt$.

20.6 Addition

20.6.1 Definition and basic properties

Definition $Rpplus\ r1\ r2 :=$

```
if isle (frac r1) ([1-](frac r2)) then mkRp (int r1 + int r2)%nat (frac r1 + frac r2)
else mkRp (S (int r1 + int r2)) (frac r1 & frac r2).
```

Infix "+" := $Rpplus : Rp_scope$.

Lemma $Rpplus_simpl : \forall r1\ r2 : Rp,$

```

r1 + r2 =
if isle (frac r1) ([1-](frac r2)) then mkRp (int r1 + int r2)%nat (frac r1 + frac r2)%U
else mkRp (S (int r1 + int r2)) (frac r1 & frac r2).

Lemma Rpplus_rec : ∀ (r1 r2:Rp) (P : Rp → Type),
(frac r1 ≤ [1-]frac r2 → P (mkRp (int r1 + int r2) (frac r1 + frac r2)))
→ ([1-]frac r2 < frac r1 → P (mkRp (S (int r1 + int r2)) (frac r1 & frac r2)))
→ P (r1 + r2).

Lemma Rpplus_simpl_le : ∀ (r1 r2:Rp),
frac r1 ≤ [1-]frac r2 → r1 + r2 = mkRp (int r1 + int r2) (frac r1 + frac r2).

Lemma Rpplus_simpl_lt : ∀ (r1 r2:Rp),
[1-]frac r2 < frac r1 → r1 + r2 = mkRp (1 + (int r1 + int r2)) (frac r1 & frac r2).

Lemma Rpplus_simpl_lt2 : ∀ (r1 r2:Rp),
[1-]frac r2 ≤ frac r1 → r1 + r2 ≡ mkRp (1 + (int r1 + int r2)) (frac r1 & frac r2).

```

20.6.2 Properties of addition

```

Lemma Rpdiff_0_1 : ⊥ (R0 ≡ R1).
Hint Resolve Rpdiff_0_1.

Lemma Rpplus_sym : ∀ r1 r2 : Rp, r1 + r2 ≡ r2 + r1.
Hint Resolve Rpplus_sym.

Lemma Rpplus_zero_left : ∀ r : Rp, R0 + r ≡ r.
Hint Resolve Rpplus_zero_left.

Lemma Rpplus_zero_right : ∀ r : Rp, r + R0 ≡ r.
Hint Resolve Rpplus_zero_right.

Lemma Rpplus_assoc : ∀ r1 r2 r3 : Rp, r1 + (r2 + r3) ≡ (r1 + r2) + r3.
Hint Resolve Rpplus_assoc.

```

20.6.3 Link with operations on *nat* and *U*

```

Lemma N2Rp_plus : ∀ n m : nat, N2Rp n + N2Rp m ≡ N2Rp (n+m)%nat.

Lemma N2Rp_S_plus_1 : ∀ n, N2Rp (S n) ≡ R1 + n.
Hint Resolve N2Rp_plus N2Rp_S_plus_1.

Lemma N2Rp_plus_left : ∀ (n:nat) (r:Rp), N2Rp n + r ≡ mkRp (n + int r)%nat (frac r).

Lemma U2Rp_plus_le : ∀ x y : U, x ≤ [1-]y →
U2Rp x + U2Rp y ≡ U2Rp (x+y).

Lemma U2Rp_plus_ge : ∀ x y : U, [1-]y ≤ x →
U2Rp x + U2Rp y ≡ mkRp 1%nat (x&y).

Lemma Rpplus_int_frac : ∀ r:Rp, r ≡ N2Rp (int r) + U2Rp (frac r).

Lemma Rpplus_NU2Rp : ∀ n x, N2Rp n + U2Rp x ≡ mkRp n x.
Hint Resolve N2Rp_plus N2Rp_plus_left U2Rp_plus_le U2Rp_plus_ge Rpplus_int_frac Rpplus_NU2Rp.

Lemma U2Rp_ge_R1 : ∀ x y:U, [1-]x ≤ y → R1 ≤ U2Rp x + U2Rp y.
Hint Resolve U2Rp_ge_R1.

Lemma Rple1_U2Rp : ∀ x:Rp, x ≤ R1 → {y : U | x ≡ U2Rp y}.

Lemma U2Rp_plus : ∀ x y, U2Rp (x+y) ≤ x+y.

Lemma Rple_S_int : ∀ x : Rp, x ≤ N2Rp (S (int x)).

Lemma Rple_int : ∀ x : Rp, N2Rp (int x) ≤ x.
Hint Resolve Rple_S_int Rple_int.

```

20.6.4 Monotonicity ans stability

Instance $Rpplus_mon_right : \forall r, \text{monotonic} (Rpplus\ r).$

Save.

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_mon_right$.

Instance $Rpplus_monotonic2 : \text{monotonic2} Rpplus.$

Save.

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_monotonic2$.

Add Morphism $Rpplus$ with signature $Oeq \Rightarrow Oeq \Rightarrow Oeq$
as $Rpplus_eq_compat$.

Save.

Add Morphism $Rpplus$ with signature $Ole \Rightarrow Ole \Rightarrow Ole$
as $Rpplus_le_compat$.

Save.

Hint Immediate $Rpplus_eq_compat Rpplus_le_compat$.

Lemma $Rpplus_le_compat_left$

: $\forall x y z : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow x + z \leq y + z.$

Lemma $Rpplus_le_compat_right$

: $\forall x y z : Rp, y \leq z \rightarrow x + y \leq x + z.$

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_le_compat_left Rpplus_le_compat_right$.

Lemma $Rpplus_eq_compat_left$

: $\forall x y z : Rp, x \equiv y \rightarrow x + z \equiv y + z.$

Lemma $Rpplus_eq_compat_right$

: $\forall x y z : Rp, y \equiv z \rightarrow x + y \equiv x + z.$

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_eq_compat_left Rpplus_eq_compat_right$.

Instance $Rpplus_mon2 : \text{monotonic2} Rpplus.$

Save.

Definition $RpPlus : Rp \multimap Rp \multimap Rp := \text{mon2} Rpplus.$

Lemma $Rple_plus_right : \forall r1 r2, r1 \leq r1 + r2.$

Hint Resolve $Rple_plus_right$.

Lemma $Rple_plus_left : \forall r1 r2, r2 \leq r1 + r2.$

Hint Resolve $Rple_plus_left$.

Lemma $Rpplus_perm3 : \forall x y z : Rp, x + (y + z) \equiv z + (x + y).$

Lemma $Rpplus_perm2 : \forall x y z : Rp, x + (y + z) \equiv y + (x + z).$

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_perm2 Rpplus_perm3$.

20.7 Substraction $Rpminus$

20.7.1 Definition and basic properties

Definition $Rpminus r1 r2 :=$

```

match nat_compare (int r1) (int r2) with
  Lt  $\Rightarrow R0$ 
  | Eq  $\Rightarrow \text{mkRp } 0 (\frac{r1}{r2})$ 
  | Gt  $\Rightarrow \text{if isle } (\frac{r1}{r2}) (\frac{r2}{r1}) \text{ then } \text{mkRp } (\text{int } r1 - \text{int } r2) (\frac{r1}{r2})$ 
    else  $\text{mkRp } (\text{pred } (\text{int } r1 - \text{int } r2)) (\frac{r1}{r2})$ 
end.
```

Infix " $-$ " := $Rpminus : Rp_scope.$

Lemma $Rpminus_rec : \forall (r1 r2 : Rp) (P : Rp \rightarrow \text{Type}),$

($\text{int } r1 < \text{int } r2 \Rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow P R0$)

```

→ ( int r1 = int r2 → P (mkRp 0 (frac r1 - frac r2)))
→ ( (int r2 < int r1)%nat → frac r2 ≤ frac r1
    → P (mkRp (int r1 - int r2) (frac r1 - frac r2)))
→ ( (int r2 < int r1)%nat → frac r1 < frac r2
    → P (mkRp (pred (int r1 - int r2)) (frac r1 + [1]-frac r2)))
→ P (r1 - r2).

```

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_lt* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $(int\ r1 < int\ r2)%nat \rightarrow r1 - r2 = R0.$

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_eq* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $int\ r1 = int\ r2 \rightarrow r1 - r2 = mkRp\ 0\ (frac\ r1 - frac\ r2).$

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_gt* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $frac\ r2 \leq frac\ r1 \rightarrow (int\ r2 < int\ r1)%nat \rightarrow$
 $r1 - r2 = mkRp\ (int\ r1 - int\ r2)\ (frac\ r1 - frac\ r2).$

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_gtc* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $frac\ r1 < frac\ r2 \rightarrow (int\ r2 < int\ r1)%nat \rightarrow$
 $r1 - r2 = mkRp\ (pred\ (int\ r1 - int\ r2))\ (frac\ r1 + [1]-frac\ r2).$

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_gtc2* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $frac\ r1 \leq frac\ r2 \rightarrow (int\ r2 < int\ r1)%nat \rightarrow$
 $r1 - r2 \equiv mkRp\ (pred\ (int\ r1 - int\ r2))\ (frac\ r1 + [1]-frac\ r2).$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_simpl_lt* *Rpminus_simpl_eq* *Rpminus_simpl_gt* *Rpminus_simpl_gtc* *Rpminus_simpl_gtc2*.

20.7.2 Algebraic properties of *Rpminus*

Lemma *Rpminus_le_zero*: $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp, r1 \leq r2 \rightarrow (r1 - r2) \equiv R0.$

Lemma *Rpminus_zero_right*: $\forall x : Rp, x - R0 \equiv x.$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_zero_right* *Rpminus_le_zero*.

20.7.3 Monotonicity

Lemma *Rpminus_norm_eq_left* : $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, norm\ x\ y \rightarrow x - z \equiv y - z.$

Lemma *Rpminus_norm_eq_right* : $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, norm\ y\ z \rightarrow x - y \equiv x - z.$

Lemma *Rpminus_le_compat_left*: $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow (x - z) \leq (y - z).$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_le_compat_left*.

Lemma *Rpminus_eq_compat_left*:

$\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, x \equiv y \rightarrow (x - z) \equiv (y - z).$

Lemma *Rpminus_le_compat_right*: $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, y \leq z \rightarrow (x - z) \leq (x - y).$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_le_compat_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_eq_compat_right*:

$\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, y \equiv z \rightarrow (x - y) \equiv (x - z).$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_eq_compat_left* *Rpminus_eq_compat_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_eq_compat*:

$\forall x\ y\ z\ t : Rp, x \equiv y \rightarrow z \equiv t \rightarrow (x - z) \equiv (y - t).$

Lemma *Rpminus_le_compat*:

$\forall x\ y\ z\ t : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow t \leq z \rightarrow (x - z) \leq (y - t).$

Hint Immediate *Rpminus_eq_compat* *Rpminus_le_compat*.

Add Morphism *Rpminus* with signature *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq* \Rightarrow *Oeq*

as *Rpminus_eq_morphism*.

Save.

Add Morphism *Rpminus* with signature *Ole* \Rightarrow *Ole* \Rightarrow *Ole*

as $Rpminus_le_morphism$.

Save.

Instance $Rpminus_mon2 : monotonic2 (o2:=Iord Rp) Rpminus$.

Save.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_mon2$.

Definition $RpMinus : Rp -m> Rp -m> Rp := mon2 (o2:=Iord Rp) Rpminus$.

Lemma $U2Rp_minus : \forall x y:U, U2Rp x - U2Rp y \equiv U2Rp (x - y)$.

Lemma $N2Rp_minus : \forall x y:nat, N2Rp x - N2Rp y \equiv N2Rp (x - y)$.

20.7.4 More algebraic properties

Lemma $Rpminus_zero_left : \forall r : Rp, (R0 - r) \equiv R0$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_zero_left$.

Lemma $Rpminus_eq : \forall r : Rp, (r - r) \equiv R0$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_eq$.

Lemma $Rpplus_minus_simpl_right : \forall r1 r2 : Rp, (r1 + r2 - r2) \equiv r1$.

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_minus_simpl_right$.

Lemma $Rpplus_minus_simpl_left : \forall r1 r2 : Rp, (r1 + r2 - r1) \equiv r2$.

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_minus_simpl_left$.

Lemma $Rpminus_plus_simpl : \forall r1 r2 : Rp, r2 \leq r1 \rightarrow (r1 - r2 + r2) \equiv r1$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_plus_simpl$.

Lemma $Rpminus_plus_simpl_le : \forall r1 r2 : Rp, r1 \leq r1 - r2 + r2$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_plus_simpl_le$.

Lemma $Rpplus_le_simpl_right$:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, (x + z) \leq (y + z) \rightarrow x \leq y$$

Lemma $Rpplus_le_simpl_left$:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, (x + y) \leq (x + z) \rightarrow y \leq z$$

Lemma $Rpplus_eq_simpl_right$:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, (x + z) \equiv (y + z) \rightarrow x \equiv y$$

Lemma $Rpplus_eq_simpl_left$:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, (x + y) \equiv (x + z) \rightarrow y \equiv z$$

Lemma $Rpplus_eq_perm_left : \forall x y z : Rp, x \equiv y + z \rightarrow x - y \equiv z$.

Hint Immediate $Rpplus_eq_perm_left$.

Lemma $Rpplus_eq_perm_right : \forall x y z : Rp, x + z \equiv y \rightarrow x \equiv y - z$.

Hint Immediate $Rpplus_eq_perm_right$.

Lemma $Rpplus_le_perm_left : \forall x y z : Rp, x \leq y + z \rightarrow x - y \leq z$.

Hint Immediate $Rpplus_le_perm_left$.

Lemma $Rpplus_le_perm_right : \forall x y z : Rp, x + z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y - z$.

Hint Immediate $Rpplus_le_perm_right$.

Lemma $Rpminus_plus_perm_right$:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, y \leq x \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x - y + z \equiv x + (z - y)$$

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_plus_perm_right$.

Lemma $Rpminus_plus_perm : \forall x y z : Rp, y \leq x \rightarrow x - y + z \equiv (x + z) - y$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_plus_perm$.

Lemma $Rpminus_assoc_right : \forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow x - (y - z) \equiv x - y + z$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_assoc_right$.

Lemma $Rpplus_minus_assoc : \forall x y z, z \leq y \rightarrow x + y - z \equiv x + (y - z)$.

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_minus_assoc$.

Lemma *Rpminus_zero_le*: $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp, (r1 - r2) \equiv R0 \rightarrow r1 \leq r2$.

Hint Immediate *Rpminus_zero_le*.

Lemma *U2Rp_Uesp* : $\forall x\ y, [1-]x \leq y \rightarrow U2Rp (x \& y) \equiv U2Rp x + U2Rp y - R1$.

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_Uesp*.

Lemma *Rpminus_le_perm_right*:

$\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y - z \rightarrow x + z \leq y$.

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_le_perm_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_le_perm_left*:

$\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, x - y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z + y$.

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_le_perm_left*.

Lemma *Rpminus_eq_perm_right*:

$\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, z \leq y \rightarrow x \equiv y - z \rightarrow x + z \equiv y$.

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_eq_perm_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_eq_perm_left*:

$\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, y \leq x \rightarrow x - y \equiv z \rightarrow x \equiv z + y$.

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_eq_perm_left*.

Lemma *Rpplus_lt_compat_left* : $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, x < y \rightarrow x + z < y + z$.

Lemma *Rpplus_lt_compat_right* : $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, y < z \rightarrow x + y < x + z$.

Lemma *U2Rp_Uinv* : $\forall x, U2Rp ([1-]x) \equiv 1 - U2Rp x$.

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_Uinv*.

20.8 Multiplication

20.8.1 Multiplication by an integer

```
Fixpoint NRpmult p r {struct p} : Rp :=
  match p with O ⇒ R0
  | S n ⇒ r + (NRpmult n r)
  end.
```

Infix "*/" := *NRpmult* (at level 60) : Rp_scope.

Lemma *NRpmult_0* : $\forall r : Rp, 0 */ r = R0$.

Lemma *NRpmult_S* : $\forall (n:nat) (r : Rp), (S n) */ r = r + (n */ r)$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_0* *NRpmult_S*.

Lemma *NRpmult_zero* : $\forall n : nat, n */ R0 \equiv R0$.

Lemma *NRpmult_1* : $\forall x : Rp, (1 */ x) \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_1*.

Lemma *plus_NRpmult_distr*:

$\forall (n\ m : nat) (r : Rp), (n + m */ r) \equiv ((n */ r) + (m */ r))$.

Lemma *NRpmult_plus_distr*:

$\forall (n : nat) (r1\ r2 : Rp), (n */ r1 + r2) \equiv ((n */ r1) + (n */ r2))$.

Hint Resolve *plus_NRpmult_distr* *NRpmult_plus_distr*.

Lemma *NRpmult_le_compat_right*:

$\forall (n : nat) (r1\ r2 : Rp), r1 \leq r2 \rightarrow (n */ r1) \leq (n */ r2)$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_le_compat_right*.

Lemma *NRpmult_le_compat_left*:

$\forall (n\ m : nat) (r : Rp), (n \leq m) \%nat \rightarrow (n */ r) \leq (m */ r)$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_le_compat_left*.

Add Morphism *NRpmult* with signature *le* ==> *Ole* ==> *Ole*
as *NRpmult_le_compat*.

Save.

Hint Immediate NRpmult_le_compat .

Add Morphism NRpmult with signature $\text{eq} \Rightarrow \text{Oeq} \Rightarrow \text{Oeq}$
as NRpmult_eq_compat .

Save.

Hint Immediate NRpmult_eq_compat .

Lemma $\text{NRpmult_mult_assoc}$: $\forall (n m : \text{nat}) (r : \text{Rp}), n \times m */ r \equiv n */ (m */ r)$.

Hint Resolve $\text{NRpmult_mult_assoc}$.

Lemma NRpmult_N2Rp : $\forall n m, n */ \text{N2Rp } m \equiv \text{N2Rp } (n \times m)$.

Hint Resolve NRpmult_N2Rp .

Lemma NRpmult_int_frac : $\forall n (r : \text{Rp}), n */ r \equiv \text{N2Rp } (n \times \text{int } r) + (n */ \text{U2Rp } (\text{frac } r))$.

Hint Resolve NRpmult_int_frac .

Lemma $\text{NRpmult_minus_distr}$: $\forall n r1 r2, n */ (r1 - r2) \equiv (n */ r1) - (n */ r2)$.

Hint Resolve $\text{NRpmult_minus_distr}$.

Lemma NRpmult_R1 : $\forall n, n */ \text{R1} \equiv \text{N2Rp } n$.

Hint Resolve NRpmult_R1 .

20.8.2 Multiplication between positive reals

Definition $\text{Rpmult} (r1 r2 : \text{Rp}) : \text{Rp} :=$
 $(\text{int } r1 */ r2) + (\text{int } r2 */ \text{U2Rp } (\text{frac } r1)) + \text{U2Rp } (\text{frac } r1 \times \text{frac } r2) \% U$.

Infix " $*$ " := $\text{Rpmult} : \text{Rp_scope}$.

Lemma Rpmult_zero_left : $\forall r : \text{Rp}, R0 \times r \equiv R0$.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_zero_left .

Lemma Rpmult_sym : $\forall r1 r2 : \text{Rp}, r1 \times r2 \equiv r2 \times r1$.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_sym .

Lemma Rpmult_zero_right : $\forall r : \text{Rp}, r \times R0 \equiv R0$.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_zero_right .

Lemma NRpmult_mult : $\forall n r, \text{N2Rp } n \times r \equiv n */ r$.

Hint Resolve NRpmult_mult .

Lemma NRp_Nmult_eq : $\forall n (x : U), (n */ x < 1) \% U \rightarrow n */ (\text{U2Rp } x) \equiv \text{U2Rp } (n */ x) \% U$.

Hint Resolve NRp_Nmult_eq .

Lemma $\text{U2Rp_Nmult_NRpmult}$: $\forall n x, \text{U2Rp } (n */ x) \leq n */ x$.

Lemma U2Rp_Nmult_le : $\forall n x, \text{U2Rp } (n */ x) \leq n \times x$.

Hint Resolve $\text{U2Rp_Nmult_NRpmult}$ U2Rp_Nmult_le .

Lemma U2Rp_mult : $\forall x y, \text{U2Rp } (x \times y) \equiv \text{U2Rp } x \times \text{U2Rp } y$.

Hint Resolve U2Rp_mult .

Lemma N2Rp_mult : $\forall x y, \text{N2Rp } (x \times y) \equiv \text{N2Rp } x \times \text{N2Rp } y$.

Hint Resolve N2Rp_mult .

Lemma U2Rp_esp_mult

: $\forall x y z, [1]x \leq y \rightarrow \text{U2Rp } ((x \& y) \times z) \equiv \text{U2Rp } (x \times z) + \text{U2Rp } (y \times z) - \text{U2Rp } z$.

Hint Resolve U2Rp_esp_mult .

Instance Rpmult_mon_right : $\forall x, \text{monotonic } (\text{Rpmult } x)$.

Save.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_mon_right .

Instance Rpmult_monotonic2 : $\text{monotonic2 } \text{Rpmult}$.

Save.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_monotonic2 .

```

Instance Rpmult_stable2 : stable2 Rpmult.
Save.
Hint Resolve Rpmult_stable2.

Add Morphism Rpmult with signature Ole ==>Ole ==>Ole
as Rpmult_le_compat.
Save.
Hint Immediate Rpmult_le_compat.

Add Morphism Rpmult with signature Oeq ==>Oeq ==>Oeq
as Rpmult_eq_compat.
Save.
Hint Immediate Rpmult_eq_compat.

Lemma Rpmult_le_compat_left :  $\forall x y z : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow x \times z \leq y \times z$ .
Lemma Rpmult_le_compat_right :  $\forall x y z : Rp, y \leq z \rightarrow x \times y \leq x \times z$ .
Lemma Rpmult_eq_compat_left :  $\forall x y z : Rp, x \equiv y \rightarrow x \times z \equiv y \times z$ .
Lemma Rpmult_eq_compat_right :  $\forall x y z : Rp, y \equiv z \rightarrow x \times y \equiv x \times z$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_le_compat_left Rpmult_le_compat_right Rpmult_eq_compat_left Rpmult_eq_compat_right.

Instance Rpmult_mon2 : monotonic2 Rpmult.
Save.

Definition RpMult : Rp -m> Rp -m> Rp := mon2 Rpmult.

Lemma Rpdistr_plus_right
:  $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp, (r1 + r2) \times r3 \equiv r1 \times r3 + r2 \times r3$ .
Lemma Rpdistr_plus_left :  $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp, r1 \times (r2 + r3) \equiv r1 \times r2 + r1 \times r3$ .
Hint Resolve Rpdistr_plus_right Rpdistr_plus_left.

Lemma Rpmult_NRpmult_perm :  $\forall n x y, x \times (n * / y) \equiv n * / (x \times y)$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_NRpmult_perm.

Lemma Rpmult_decomp :  $\forall r1 r2 : Rp,$ 
 $r1 \times r2 \equiv (N2Rp (\text{int } r1 \times \text{int } r2))$ 
 $+ (\text{int } r1 * / U2Rp (\text{frac } r2)) + (\text{int } r2 * / U2Rp (\text{frac } r1))$ 
 $+ U2Rp (\text{frac } r1 \times \text{frac } r2)$ .

Lemma Rpmult2_decomp :  $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp,$ 
 $r1 \times (r2 \times r3) \equiv (N2Rp (\text{int } r1 \times \text{int } r2 \times \text{int } r3))$ 
 $+ ((\text{int } r1 \times \text{int } r2) * / U2Rp (\text{frac } r3))$ 
 $+ ((\text{int } r1 \times \text{int } r3) * / U2Rp (\text{frac } r2))$ 
 $+ ((\text{int } r2 \times \text{int } r3) * / U2Rp (\text{frac } r1))$ 
 $+ (\text{int } r1 * / U2Rp (\text{frac } r2 \times \text{frac } r3))$ 
 $+ (\text{int } r2 * / U2Rp (\text{frac } r1 \times \text{frac } r3))$ 
 $+ (\text{int } r3 * / U2Rp (\text{frac } r1 \times \text{frac } r2))$ 
 $+ U2Rp (\text{frac } r1 \times \text{frac } r2 \times \text{frac } r3)$ .

Lemma Rpmult_assoc :  $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp, r1 \times (r2 \times r3) \equiv r1 \times r2 \times r3$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_assoc.

Lemma Rpmult_one_left :  $\forall x : Rp, (R1 \times x) \equiv x$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_one_left.

Lemma Rpmult_one_right :  $\forall x : Rp, (x \times R1) \equiv x$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_one_right.

Lemma Rpmult_not0_left :  $\forall x y : Rp, \neg R0 \equiv x \times y \rightarrow \neg R0 \equiv x$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_not0_left.

Lemma Rpmult_not0_right :  $\forall x y : Rp, \neg R0 \equiv x \times y \rightarrow \neg R0 \equiv y$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_not0_right.

```

Lemma $U2Rp_0_simpl : \forall x : U, R0 \equiv U2Rp\ x \rightarrow 0 \equiv x.$
 Hint Immediate $U2Rp_0_simpl.$
 Lemma $Rpplus_0_simpl_left : \forall x\ y : Rp, R0 \equiv x + y \rightarrow R0 \equiv x.$
 Lemma $Rpplus_0_simpl_right : \forall x\ y : Rp, R0 \equiv x + y \rightarrow R0 \equiv y.$
 Lemma $Rpplus_0_simpl : \forall x\ y : Rp, R0 \equiv x + y \rightarrow R0 \equiv x \wedge R0 \equiv y.$
 Lemma $NRpmult_0_simpl : \forall (n:nat) (x : Rp), R0 \equiv n */ x \rightarrow n = O \vee R0 \equiv x.$
 Lemma $Rpmult_0_simpl : \forall x\ y : Rp, R0 \equiv x \times y \rightarrow R0 \equiv x \vee R0 \equiv y.$
 Lemma $Rpmult_not_0 : \forall x\ y : Rp, \neg R0 \equiv x \rightarrow \neg R0 \equiv y \rightarrow \neg R0 \equiv x \times y.$
 Hint Resolve $Rpmult_not_0.$
 Lemma $Rpdistr_minus_right : \forall r1\ r2\ r3 : Rp, (r1 - r2) \times r3 \equiv r1 \times r3 - r2 \times r3.$
 Hint Resolve $Rpdistr_minus_right.$
 Lemma $Rpdistr_minus_left : \forall r1\ r2\ r3 : Rp, r1 \times (r2 - r3) \equiv r1 \times r2 - r1 \times r3.$
 Hint Resolve $Rpdistr_minus_left.$

20.9 Division

20.9.1 Inverse of elements of U

we need a stronger hypothesis to be able to compute n Hypothesis $archimedian2 : \forall x : U, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow \exists n : nat, [1/]1+n \leq x.$

Require Export Markov.

Definition $1/x$ for x in U Section $U1div_def.$
 Variable $x : U.$
 Hypothesis $x_not0 : \neg 0 \equiv x.$
 Definition $P (n:nat) := 1 \leq ((S\ n) */ x) \% U.$
 Lemma $Pdec : dec P.$
 Definition $DP : Dec := mk_Dec\ Pdec.$
 Lemma $Pacc : \exists n : nat, P\ n.$
 Let $n := \text{minimize } DP\ Pacc.$
 Lemma $Nmult_nx_1 : (n */ x) \% U < 1.$
 Hint Resolve $Nmult_nx_1.$
 Lemma $Ole_Uinv_Nmult_nx_1 : [1-](n */ x) \leq x.$
 Hint Resolve $Ole_Uinv_Nmult_nx_1.$
 Definition $U1div0 : Rp := mkRp\ n\ ([1-](n */ x)) / x.$
 Lemma $U1div0_left : U2Rp\ x \times U1div0 \equiv R1.$
 Lemma $U1div0_right : U1div0 \times U2Rp\ x \equiv R1.$
 End $U1div_def.$
 Hint Resolve $U1div0_right\ U1div0_left.$
 Definition $U1div (x:U) := \text{match } iseq_dec\ 0\ x \text{ with}$
 $\text{left } _ \Rightarrow R0 \mid \text{right } H \Rightarrow U1div0\ x\ H \text{ end.}$
 Lemma $U1div_left : \forall x, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow U2Rp\ x \times U1div\ x \equiv R1.$
 Hint Resolve $U1div_left.$
 Lemma $U1div_right : \forall x, \neg 0 \equiv x \rightarrow U1div\ x \times U2Rp\ x \equiv R1.$
 Hint Resolve $U1div_right.$
 Lemma $U1div_zero : \forall x, 0 \equiv x \rightarrow U1div\ x \equiv R0.$
 Hint Resolve $U1div_zero.$

Lemma *Unth_mult_le1* : $\forall x:Rp, U2Rp ([1/]1+(int x)) \times x \leq R1.$

Hint Resolve *Unth_mult_le1*.

Lemma *U2Rp_not_0* : $\forall x : U, \neg R0 \equiv x \rightarrow \neg 0 \equiv x.$

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_not_0*.

Lemma *U2Rp_not_0_equiv* : $\forall x : U, \neg R0 \equiv x \leftrightarrow \neg 0 \equiv x.$

Lemma *U2Rp_lt_0* : $\forall x:U, R0 < x \rightarrow 0 < x.$

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_lt_0*.

Lemma *U2Rp_0_lt* : $\forall x:U, 0 < x \rightarrow R0 < x.$

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_0_lt*.

Lemma *Rpminus_lt_compat_right*:

$\forall x y z : Rp, z \leq x \rightarrow y < z \rightarrow x - z < x - y.$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_lt_compat_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_lt_compat_left*: $\forall x y z : Rp, z \leq x \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow x - z < y - z.$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_lt_compat_left*.

Lemma *Rpminus_lt_0* : $\forall x y : Rp, x < y \rightarrow R0 < y - x.$

Hint Immediate *Rpminus_lt_0*.

Lemma *Rpminus_Sn_R1* : $\forall (n:nat), N2Rp (S n) - R1 \equiv n.$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_Sn_R1*.

Lemma *Rpminus_Sn_1* : $\forall (n:nat), N2Rp (S n) - 1\%U \equiv n.$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_Sn_1*.

Lemma *Rpminus_assoc_left* : $\forall x y z : Rp, x - y - z \equiv x - (y + z).$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_assoc_left*.

Lemma *Rpminus_perm* : $\forall x y z : Rp, x - y - z \equiv x - z - y.$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_perm*.

20.10 Non-zero elements

Class *notz* ($x:Rp$) := *notz_def* : $\neg R0 \equiv x.$

Lemma *notz_le_compat* : $\forall x y, \text{notz } x \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow \text{notz } y.$

Add Morphism *notz* with signature *Ole* ++> *Basics.impl* as *notz_le_compat_morph*.

Save.

Lemma *notz_eq_compat* : $\forall x y, \text{notz } x \rightarrow x \equiv y \rightarrow \text{notz } y.$

Add Morphism *notz* with signature *Oeq* ==> *Basics.impl* as *notz_eq_compat_morph*.

Save.

Instance *notz_mult* : $\forall x y, \text{notz } x \rightarrow \text{notz } y \rightarrow \text{notz } (x \times y).$

Save.

Hint Resolve *notz_mult*.

Instance *notz_plus_left* : $\forall x y, \text{notz } x \rightarrow \text{notz } (x + y).$

Save.

Hint Immediate *notz_plus_left*.

Instance *notz_plus_right* : $\forall x y, \text{notz } y \rightarrow \text{notz } (x + y).$

Save.

Hint Immediate *notz_plus_right*.

Lemma *notz_mult_inv_left* : $\forall x y, \text{notz } (x \times y) \rightarrow \text{notz } x.$

Lemma *notz_mult_inv_right* : $\forall x y, \text{notz } (x \times y) \rightarrow \text{notz } y.$

Instance *notz_1* : *notz R1*.

Save.

```

Hint Resolve notz_1.

Section Rp1div_def.
Variable x : Rp.

Let a := U2Rp ([1/]1+(int x)) × x.

Lemma a_le_1 : a ≤ R1.

Lemma a_not_0 : notz x → notz a.

Lemma a_is_0 : R0 ≡ x → R0 ≡ a.

Lemma U2Rp_eq_not_0 : notz x → ∀ y, a ≡ U2Rp y → ¬ 0 ≡ y.

Lemma U2Rp_eq_is_0 : R0 ≡ x → ∀ y, a ≡ U2Rp y → 0 ≡ y.

Definition Rp1div : Rp :=
  let (y,H) := Rple1_U2Rp a a_le_1 in U2Rp ([1/]1+(int x)) × U1div y.

Lemma Rp1div_left : notz x → x × Rp1div ≡ R1.

Hint Resolve Rp1div_left.

Lemma Rp1div_right : notz x → Rp1div × x ≡ R1.

Hint Resolve Rp1div_right.

Lemma Rp1div_zero : R0 ≡ x → Rp1div ≡ R0.

End Rp1div_def.

Notation "[1/] x" := (Rp1div x) (at level 35, right associativity) : Rp_scope.

Hint Resolve Rp1div_left Rp1div_right Rp1div_zero.

Lemma Rp1div_0 : [1/]R0 ≡ R0.

Hint Resolve Rp1div_0.

Instance notz_1div : ∀ x {nx:notz x}, notz ([1/]x).

Save.

Hint Resolve notz_1div.

Lemma notz_dec : ∀ x, {notz x} + {R0 ≡ x}.

Lemma Rpmult_le_simpl_left : ∀ (x y z : Rp) {nx : notz x},
  x × y ≤ x × z → y ≤ z.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_le_simpl_left.

Lemma Rpmult_le_simpl_right : ∀ (x y z : Rp) {nz : notz z},
  x × z ≤ y × z → x ≤ y.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_le_simpl_right.

Lemma Rpmult_eq_simpl_left : ∀ (x y z : Rp) {nx : notz x},
  x × y ≡ x × z → y ≡ z.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_eq_simpl_left.

Lemma Rpmult_eq_simpl_right : ∀ (x y z : Rp) {nz : notz z},
  x × z ≡ y × z → x ≡ y.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_eq_simpl_right.

Lemma Rpmult_le_perm_right :
  ∀ (x y z : Rp) {nz: notz z}, x × z ≤ y → x ≤ y × [1/]z.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_le_perm_right.

Lemma Rpmult_eq_perm_right :
  ∀ (x y z : Rp) {nz: notz z}, x × z ≡ y → x ≡ y × [1/]z.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_eq_perm_right.

Lemma Rpmult_le_perm_left :
  ∀ (x y z : Rp), x ≤ y × z → x × [1/]y ≤ z.

Hint Resolve Rpmult_le_perm_left.

Lemma Rpmult_eq_perm_left :

```

$\forall (x y z : Rp) \{ny: notz y\}, x \equiv y \times z \rightarrow x \times [1/]y \equiv z.$
 Hint Resolve *Rpmult_eq_perm_left*.
 Lemma *Rpmult_lt_zero*: $\forall x y : Rp, R0 < x \rightarrow R0 < y \rightarrow R0 < x \times y.$
 Hint Resolve *Rpmult_lt_zero*.
 Lemma *Rp1div_le_perm_left* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{ny: notz y\}, x \times [1/]y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z \times y.$
 Hint Resolve *Rp1div_le_perm_left*.
 Lemma *Rp1div_eq_perm_left* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{ny: notz y\}, x \times [1/]y \equiv z \rightarrow x \equiv z \times y.$
 Hint Resolve *Rp1div_eq_perm_left*.
 Lemma *Rp1div_le_perm_right* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{nz: notz z\}, x \leq y \times [1/]z \rightarrow x \times z \leq y.$
 Hint Resolve *Rp1div_le_perm_right*.
 Lemma *Rp1div_eq_perm_right* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{nz: notz z\}, x \equiv y \times [1/]z \rightarrow x \times z \equiv y.$
 Hint Resolve *Rp1div_eq_perm_right*.
 Lemma *Rp1div_le_compat* : $\forall (x y : Rp) \{nx: notz x\}, x \leq y \rightarrow ([1/]y) \leq ([1/]x).$
 Hint Resolve *Rp1div_le_compat*.
 Add Morphism *Rp1div* with signature *Oeq* $\Rightarrow Oeq$
 as *Rp1div_eq_compat*.
 Save.
 Hint Resolve *Rp1div_eq_compat*.
 Lemma *is_Rp1div* : $\forall x y, x \times y \equiv R1 \rightarrow x \equiv [1/]y.$
 Lemma *Rp1div_1* : $[1/]R1 \equiv R1.$
 Hint Resolve *Rp1div_1*.
 Lemma *Rp1div_Rp1div* : $\forall r, [1/][1/]r \equiv r.$
 Lemma *Rp1div_le_simpl* : $\forall x y : Rp, notz y \rightarrow [1/]y \leq [1/]x \rightarrow x \leq y.$
 Hint Immediate *Rp1div_le_simpl*.
 Lemma *Rp1div_eq_simpl* : $\forall x y : Rp, [1/]y \equiv [1/]x \rightarrow x \equiv y.$
 Hint Immediate *Rp1div_eq_simpl*.
 Lemma *Rp1div_lt_compat* : $\forall x y : Rp, notz x \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow [1/]y < [1/]x.$
 Hint Resolve *Rp1div_lt_compat*.
 Lemma *Rpmult_Rp1div* : $\forall r1 r2, [1/](r1 \times r2) \equiv ([1/]r1)^*([1/]r2).$

20.11 Definition of division

Definition *Rpdiv r1 r2* := $r1 \times [1/] r2.$
 Notation " x / y " := (*Rpdiv x y*) : *Rp_scope*.
 Add Morphism *Rpdiv* with signature *Oeq* $\Rightarrow Oeq \Rightarrow Oeq$
 as *Rpdiv_eq_compat*.
 Save.
 Lemma *Rpdiv_le_compat* : $\forall x y x' y',$
 $notz y' \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow y' \leq x' \rightarrow x/x' \leq y/y'.$
 Lemma *Rpdiv_Rp1div* : $\forall r1 r2, [1/](r1/r2) \equiv r2/r1.$
 Hint Resolve *Rpdiv_Rp1div*.

20.12 Exponential function

Fixpoint *Rpexp x (n:nat) {struct n}* : *Rp* :=

```

match n with O ⇒ R1 | S p ⇒ x × Rpexp x p end.

Infix "^\n" := Rpexp : Rp_scope.

Lemma Rpexp_simpl : ∀ x n, x ^ n = match n with O ⇒ R1 | S p ⇒ x × (x ^ p) end.

Lemma U2Rp_exp : ∀ (x:U) n, U2Rp (x ^ n) ≡ (U2Rp x) ^ n.

Lemma Rpexp_le1_mon : ∀ x n, x ≤ R1 → x ^ (S n) ≤ x ^ n.

Hint Resolve Rpexp_le1_mon.

Lemma Rpexp_le1 : ∀ x n, x ≤ R1 → x ^ n ≤ R1.

Hint Resolve Rpexp_le1.

Lemma Rpexp_le_compat : ∀ x y n, x ≤ y → x ^ n ≤ y ^ n.

Hint Resolve Rpexp_le_compat.

Lemma Rpexp_ge1_mon : ∀ x n, R1 ≤ x → x ^ n ≤ x ^ (S n).

Hint Resolve Rpexp_ge1_mon.

Add Morphism Rpexp with signature Oeq ==> eq ==> Oeq as Rpexp_eq_compat.

Save.

Hint Immediate Rpexp_eq_compat.

Instance Rpexp_mon : ∀ x, x ≤ R1 → monotonic (o2:=Iord Rp) (Rpexp x).

Save.

Lemma Rpexp_0 : ∀ x, x ^ O ≡ R1.

Lemma Rpexp_1 : ∀ x, x ^ (S O) ≡ x.

Hint Resolve Rpexp_0 Rpexp_1.

Lemma Rpexp_zero : ∀ n, (0 < n)%nat → R0 ^ n ≡ R0.

Lemma Rpexp_one : ∀ n, R1 ^ n ≡ R1.

Lemma Rpexp_Rp1div_right
  : ∀ r n, notz r → ([1/]r) ^ n × r ^ n ≡ R1.

Hint Resolve Rpexp_Rp1div_right.

Lemma Rpexp_Rp1div_left
  : ∀ r n, notz r → r ^ n × ([1/]r) ^ n ≡ R1.

Hint Resolve Rpexp_Rp1div_left.

Lemma Rpexp_Rp1div : ∀ r n, ([1/]r)^n ≡ [1/](r^n).

Hint Resolve Rpexp_Rp1div.

Lemma Rpexp_Rpmult : ∀ r m n, r ^ m × r ^ n ≡ r ^ (m+n).

```

20.13 Compatibility of lubs and operations

```

Lemma islub_Rpplus : ∀ (f g:nat → Rp) {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g} lf lg,
  islub f lf → islub g lg → islub (fun n ⇒ f n + g n) (lf + lg).

Lemma islub_Rpminus : ∀ (f g:nat → Rp) {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic (o2:=Iord Rp) g} lf lg,
  islub f lf → isglb g lg → islub (fun n ⇒ f n - g n) (lf - lg).

Lemma islub_cte : ∀ c : Rp, islub (fun n:nat ⇒ c) c.

Lemma islub_fcte : ∀ f (c:Rp), (∀ n:nat, f n ≡ c) → islub f c.

Lemma islub_zero : ∀ (f:nat → Rp), islub f R0 → ∀ n, f n ≡ R0.

Lemma islub_Rpmult : ∀ (f g:nat → Rp) {mf: monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g} lf lg,
  islub f lf → islub g lg → islub (fun n ⇒ f n × g n) (lf × lg).

Lemma islub_lub_U : ∀ (f:nat -m> U), islub (fun n ⇒ U2Rp (f n)) (U2Rp (lub f)).

Lemma isglb_glb_U : ∀ (f:nat -m→ U), isglb (fun n ⇒ U2Rp (f n)) (U2Rp (glb f)).

```

20.14 Sum of first n values of a function

Instance $Rpcompplus_mon (a:\text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) : \text{monotonic} (\text{compn} Rpplus R0 a)$.
Save.

Definition $Rpsigma (a: \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) : \text{nat} \multimap Rp := \text{mon} (\text{compn} Rpplus R0 a)$.

Lemma $Rpsigma_0 : \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp, Rpsigma f O \equiv R0$.

Lemma $Rpsigma_S$:

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}), Rpsigma f (S n) = f n + Rpsigma f n.$$

Lemma $Rpsigma_1 : \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp, Rpsigma f 1\%nat \equiv f O$.

Lemma $Rpsigma_incr$:

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n m : \text{nat}), n \leq m \rightarrow (Rpsigma f) n \leq (Rpsigma f) m.$$

Lemma $Rpsigma_eq_compat$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}), \\ & (\forall k : \text{nat}, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow f k \equiv g k) \rightarrow (Rpsigma f) n \equiv (Rpsigma g) n. \end{aligned}$$

Lemma $Rpsigma_le_compat$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}), \\ & (\forall k : \text{nat}, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow f k \leq g k) \rightarrow Rpsigma f n \leq Rpsigma g n. \end{aligned}$$

Lemma $Rpsigma_S_lift$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}), \\ & Rpsigma f (S n) \equiv f O + Rpsigma (\text{fun } k : \text{nat} \Rightarrow f (S k)) n. \end{aligned}$$

Lemma $Rpsigma_plus_lift$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n m : \text{nat}), \\ & (Rpsigma f) (n + m)\%nat \equiv \\ & Rpsigma f n + Rpsigma (\text{fun } k : \text{nat} \Rightarrow f (n + k)\%nat) m. \end{aligned}$$

Lemma $Rpsigma_zero : \forall f n,$

$$(\forall k, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow f k \equiv R0) \rightarrow Rpsigma f n \equiv R0.$$

Lemma $Rpsigma_le : \forall f n k, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow f k \leq Rpsigma f n$.

Hint Resolve $Rpsigma_le$.

Lemma $Rpsigma_not_zero : \forall f n k, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow R0 < f k \rightarrow R0 < Rpsigma f n$.

Lemma $Rpsigma_zero_elim : \forall f n,$

$$Rpsigma f n \equiv R0 \rightarrow \forall k, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow f k \equiv R0.$$

Hint Resolve $Rpsigma_eq_compat Rpsigma_le_compat Rpsigma_zero$.

Lemma $Rpsigma_minus_decr : \forall f n, (\forall k, f (S k) \leq f k) \rightarrow$
 $Rpsigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k - f (S k)) n \equiv f O - f n$.

Lemma $Rpsigma_minus_incr : \forall f n, (\forall k, f k \leq f (S k)) \rightarrow$
 $Rpsigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (S k) - f k) n \equiv f n - f O$.

Instance $Rpsigma_mon$: monotonic $Rpsigma$.

Save.

Lemma $Rpsigma_plus$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}), \\ & Rpsigma (\text{fun } k : \text{nat} \Rightarrow f k + g k) n \equiv Rpsigma f n + Rpsigma g n. \end{aligned}$$

Lemma $Rpsigma_mult$:

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}) (c : Rp), \\ & Rpsigma (\text{fun } k : \text{nat} \Rightarrow c \times f k) n \equiv c \times Rpsigma f n. \end{aligned}$$

20.14.1 Geometrical sum : sigma_0^n x^i

Section $GeometricalSum$.

```

Variable x : Rp.
Hypothesis xone : x < R1.
Lemma xfrac : x ≡ U2Rp (frac x).
Hint Resolve xfrac.

Lemma fraczone : frac x < 1.
Hint Resolve fraczone.

Definition sumg (n:nat) : Rp := Rpsigma (Rpexp x) n.

Lemma sumg_0 : sumg 0 = R0.

Lemma sumg_S : ∀ n, sumg (S n) = (x ^ n) + sumg n.

Instance invx_not0 : notz (R1 - x).
Save.

Hint Resolve invx_not0.

Lemma sumg_eq : ∀ n, sumg n ≡ [1/](R1 - x) × (R1 - x ^ n).

Lemma glb_exp_0 : isglb (fun n ⇒ x ^ n) R0.

Instance mon_Rpexp_lt : monotonic (o2:=Iord Rp) (Rpexp x).
Save.

Definition RpExp : nat -m→ Rp := mon (o2:=Iord Rp) (Rpexp x).

Lemma sumg_lim : islub sumg ([1/](R1 - x)).

End GeometricalSum.

```

20.15 Miscelaneous lemmas

```

Lemma Rphalf_plus: ([1/2] + [1/2])%Rp ≡ R1.
Hint Resolve Rphalf_plus.

Lemma Rphalf_refl: ∀ t : Rp, ([1/2] × t + ½ × t)%Rp ≡ t.
Hint Resolve Rphalf_refl.

Lemma Rple_lt_eps
  : ∀ x y:Rp, (∀ eps:Rp, R0 < eps → x ≤ y + eps) → x ≤ y.

```

20.16 Min Max

```

Definition Rpmin r1 r2 :=
  match lt_eq_lt_dec (int r1) (int r2) with
    | inleft (left _) ⇒ r1
    | inleft (right _) ⇒ mkRp (int r1) (min (frac r1) (frac r2))
    | inright _ ⇒ r2
  end.

Lemma Rpmin_le_right: ∀ x y : Rp, Rpmin x y ≤ x.

Lemma Rpmin_le_left: ∀ x y : Rp, Rpmin x y ≤ y.
Hint Resolve Rpmin_le_right Rpmin_le_left.

Lemma Rpmin_le: ∀ x y z : Rp, z ≤ x → z ≤ y → z ≤ Rpmin x y.
Hint Immediate Rpmin_le.

Lemma Rpmin_le_sym : ∀ x y, Rpmin x y ≤ Rpmin y x.
Hint Resolve Rpmin_le_sym.

Lemma Rpmin_sym : ∀ x y, Rpmin x y ≡ Rpmin y x.
Hint Resolve Rpmin_sym.

Lemma Rpmin_le_compat_left : ∀ x y z, x ≤ y → Rpmin x z ≤ Rpmin y z.
Hint Resolve Rpmin_le_compat_left.

```

Lemma $Rpmin_le_compat_right : \forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow Rpmin x y \leq Rpmin x z$.
 Hint Resolve $Rpmin_le_compat_right$.

Add Morphism $Rpmin$ with signature $Ole \Rightarrow Ole \Rightarrow Ole$ as $Rpmin_le_compat$.
 Save.

Hint Immediate $Rpmin_le_compat$.

Add Morphism $Rpmin$ with signature $Oeq \Rightarrow Oeq \Rightarrow Oeq$ as $Rpmin_eq_compat$.
 Save.

Hint Immediate $Rpmin_eq_compat$.

Lemma $Rpmin_idem : \forall x : Rp, Rpmin x x \equiv x$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmin_idem$.

Lemma $Rpmin_eq_right : \forall x y : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow Rpmin x y \equiv x$

Lemma $Rpmin_eq_left : \forall x y : Rp, y \leq x \rightarrow Rpmin x y \equiv y$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmin_eq_right$ $Rpmin_eq_left$.

20.17 A simplification tactic

```
Ltac Rpsimpl := match goal with
  | ⊢ context [(Rpplus R0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpplus_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Rpplus ?x R0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpplus_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(U2Rp U1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite U2Rp1-R1
  | ⊢ context [(U2Rp ?x)] ⇒ Usimpl
  | ⊢ context [(Rpmult R0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpmult_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Rpmult ?x R0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpmult_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Rpmult R1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpmult_one_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Rpmult ?x R1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpmult_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Rpminus 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpminus_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Rpminus ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpminus_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Rpmult ?x (Rp1div ?x))] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rp1div_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Rpmult (Rp1div ?x) ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rp1div_left x)

  | ⊢ context [?x^O] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpexp_0 x)
  | ⊢ context [?x^(S O)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpexp_-1 x)
  | ⊢ context [0^(?n)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Rpexp_zero; [idtac|omega]
  | ⊢ context [R1^(?n)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Rpexp_one
  | ⊢ context [(NRpmult 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite NRpmult_0
  | ⊢ context [(NRpmult 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite NRpmult_-1
  | ⊢ context [(NRpmult ?n 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite NRpmult_zero
  | ⊢ context [(Rpsigma ?f O)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Rpsigma_0
  | ⊢ context [(Rpsigma ?f (S O))] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Rpsigma_-1
  | ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?y) (Rpplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpplus_le_compat_right
  | ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?z) (Rpplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpplus_le_compat_left
  | ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?z) (Rpplus ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpplus_sym z y);
    apply Rpplus_le_compat_left
  | ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?y) (Rpplus ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpplus_sym x y);
    apply Rpplus_le_compat_left
  | ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?y) (Rpplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpminus_le_compat_right
  | ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?z) (Rpplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpminus_le_compat_left
  | ⊢ ((Rpplus ?x ?y) ≡ (Rpplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpplus_eq_compat_right
  | ⊢ ((Rpplus ?x ?z) ≡ (Rpplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpplus_eq_compat_left
  | ⊢ ((Rpplus ?x ?z) ≡ (Rpplus ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpplus_sym z y);
    apply Rpplus_eq_compat_left
  | ⊢ ((Rpplus ?x ?y) ≡ (Rpplus ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpplus_sym x y);
```

```

apply Rpplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpmminus ?x ?y) ≡ (Rpmminus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmminus_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Rpmminus ?x ?z) ≡ (Rpmminus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmminus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpmult ?x ?y) (Rpmult ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmult_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpmult ?x ?z) (Rpmult ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpmult ?x ?z) (Rpmult ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpmult_sym z y);
    apply Rpmult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpmult ?x ?y) (Rpmult ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpmult_sym x y);
    apply Rpmult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpmult ?x ?y) ≡ (Rpmult ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmult_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Rpmult ?x ?z) ≡ (Rpmult ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmult_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpmult ?x ?z) ≡ (Rpmult ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpmult_sym z y);
    apply Rpmult_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpmult ?x ?y) ≡ (Rpmult ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Rpmult_sym x y);
    apply Rpmult_eq_compat_left
end.

```

20.18 More lemmas on *notz*

Instance *notz_S* : $\forall k, \text{notz} (\text{N2Rp} (S k))$.

Hint Resolve *notz_S*.

Instance *notz_Rpexp* : $\forall r n, \text{notz } r \rightarrow \text{notz} (r^n)$.

Hint Resolve *notz_Rpexp*.

Instance *notz_square* : $\forall r, \text{notz } r \rightarrow \text{notz} (r^2)$.

Hint Resolve *notz_square*.

Lemma *norm_from_O_false* : $\forall x : \text{Rp}, \text{norm } R0 x \rightarrow \text{False}$.

Lemma *norm_to_O_false* : $\forall x : \text{Rp}, \text{norm } x R0 \rightarrow \text{False}$.

Lemma *notz_Unth* : $\forall n, \text{notz} ([1/]1+n)\%U$.

Hint Resolve *notz_Unth*.

Lemma *notz_lt_0* : $\forall x, R0 < x \rightarrow \text{notz } x$.

Hint Resolve *notz_lt_0*.

Lemma *notz_lt* : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \text{notz } y$.

Lemma *notz_lt_minus* : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \text{notz} (y-x)$.

Hint Resolve *notz_lt_minus*.

Lemma *notz_N2Rp_lt_0* : $\forall n:\text{nat}, (0 < n)\%nat \rightarrow \text{notz } n$.

Hint Resolve *notz_N2Rp_lt_0*.

Lemma *notz_Rpdiv* : $\forall x y, \text{notz } x \rightarrow \text{notz } y \rightarrow \text{notz} (x / y)$.

Hint Resolve *notz_Rpdiv*.

20.19 Compatibility of operations on *U* and *R+*

Lemma *U2Rp_Nmult_eq* : $\forall (n:\text{nat}) (u:U), n \times u \leq R1 \rightarrow$

$U2Rp (n * u) \equiv N2Rp n \times U2Rp u$.

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_Nmult_eq*.

Lemma *Nmult_def_Rp* : $\forall n x, \text{Nmult_def } n x \rightarrow n \times x \leq R1$.

Lemma *U2Rp_Nmult_Nmult_def* : $\forall n x, \text{Nmult_def } n x \rightarrow$
 $U2Rp (\text{Nmult } n x) \equiv n \times x$.

Lemma *U2Rp_Unth* : $\forall n, U2Rp (\text{Unth } n) \equiv \text{Rp1div} (\text{N2Rp} (S n))$.

Lemma *Rpexp_Rpmult_distr* :

$\forall r1 r2 k, (r1 \times r2)^k \equiv r1^k \times r2^k$.

Hint Resolve *Rpexp_Rpmult_distr*.

21 Rplus.v: Ring and Field tactics for *Rplus*

Contributed by David Baelde, 2011

```
Require Import Uprop.
Require Import Rplus.
Open Scope Rp_scope.
Require Export Ring.

Lemma RplusSRth : semi_ring_theory R0 R1 Rplus Rpmult (@Oeq (A:=Rp)).
```

21.1 Power theory and how to recognize constant in powers

```
Require Import NAirth.
Lemma RplusSRpowertheory :
  power_theory R1 Rpmult (@Oeq Rp Rpord)
  Nnat.nat_of_N Rpexp.
```

21.2 Morphism for coefficients in *nat*

```
Lemma RplusSRmorph :
  semi_morph R0 R1 Rplus Rpmult (@Oeq Rp Rpord)
  0%nat 1%nat plus mult beq_nat
  N2Rp.
```

```
Ltac is_nat_cst n :=
  match n with
  | minus ?x ?y =>
    match (is_nat_cst x) with
    | true =>
      match (is_nat_cst y) with
      | true => constr:true
      | false => constr:false
      end
    | false => constr:false
    end
  | S ?p => is_nat_cst p
  | O => constr:true
  | _ => constr:false
  end.
```

```
Ltac nat_cst t :=
  match is_nat_cst t with
  | true => constr:(N_of_nat t)
  | false => constr:NotConstant
  end.
```

```
Ltac coeff_nat t :=
  match t with
  | N2Rp ?n =>
    match is_nat_cst n with
    | true => n | _ => constr:NotConstant
    end
  | _ => constr:NotConstant
  end.
```

```
Add Ring Rp_ring : RplusSRth (morphism RplusSRmorph,
  constants [coeff_nat],
```

```
power_tac RplusSRpowertheory [nat_cst]).
```

21.3 Tests

```
Goal  $\forall x y, x \times 2 \times x + y \times x \equiv x \times y + 2 \times x \times x.$ 
```

```
Goal  $\forall x y, x \times y \times x \equiv y \times x^2.$ 
```

21.4 Field

```
Require Export Field.
```

```
Lemma RplusSFth :
```

```
semi_field_theory R0 R1 Rplus Rpmult Rpdiv Rp1div (Oeq (A:=Rp)).
```

```
Ltac remove_Sx x := match goal with
|  $\vdash \text{context}[(S x)] \Rightarrow \text{change } (S x) \text{ with } (1+x)\%nat$ 
end.
```

```
Ltac remove_S := match goal with
|  $x:\text{nat} \vdash \_ \Rightarrow \text{remove\_Sx } x$ 
end.
```

```
Ltac field_pre :=
try apply Ole_refl_eq;
repeat remove_S;
repeat first [
  rewrite U2Rp_Unth
```

```
| rewrite  $\leftarrow \text{plus\_Sn\_m}$ 
| rewrite  $\leftarrow \text{N2Rp\_plus}$ 
| rewrite N2Rp_mult ].
```

```
Add Field Rp_field : RplusSFth (morphism RplusSRmorph,
constants [coeff_nat],
power_tac RplusSRpowertheory [nat_cst],
preprocess [field_pre],
postprocess [auto]).
```

Trick to kill subgoals of fields Lemma post_field_notz : $\forall x, \text{notz } (\text{N2Rp } x) \rightarrow \neg (\text{mkRp } x 0 \equiv R0).$
Hint Resolve post_field_notz.

Section Test.

```
Variable x y z : Rp.
```

```
Variable n : nat.
```

```
Goal  $(1 / 2 \times x + 1 / 2 \times x \equiv x).$ 
```

```
Goal  $(x / 2 + x) \times x \equiv x^2 \times 3 / 2.$ 
```

```
Goal  $3 \times x \equiv 6 \times x \times \frac{1}{2}.$ 
```

```
Goal  $([1/2] \times x + x) \times x \leq x^2 \times 3 / 2.$ 
```

```
Goal N2Rp (2-1)%nat  $\equiv R1.$ 
```

```
Goal  $x^{(2-1)} \equiv x^1.$ 
```

```
Goal  $(S(S n)) \times x \equiv (S n) \times x + x.$ 
```

End Test.

22 Definition of the floor function

Contributed by David Baelde, 2011

```
Require Import Rplus.
Require Import RpRing.
Require Import Uprop.
Require Import Setoid.

Open Scope Rp_scope.

Definition floor : Rp → nat := fun r =>
  if isle_dec U1 (frac r) then S (int r) else int r.

Lemma floor_int : ∀ x, frac x < 1%U → floor x = int x.
Hint Resolve floor_int.

Lemma floor_int_equiv : ∀ x, frac x < 1%U ↔ floor x = int x.

Lemma floor_S_int : ∀ x, 1%U ≤ frac x → floor x = S (int x).
Hint Resolve floor_S_int.

Lemma floor_S_int_equiv : ∀ x, 1%U ≤ frac x ↔ floor x = S (int x).

Lemma floor_le_S_int : ∀ x, (floor x ≤ S (int x))%nat.

Lemma int_le_floor : ∀ x, (int x ≤ floor x)%nat.
Hint Resolve floor_le_S_int int_le_floor.

Lemma floor_le : ∀ x, N2Rp (floor x) ≤ x.
Hint Resolve floor_le.

Lemma floor_N2Rp : ∀ n, floor (N2Rp n) = n.
Hint Resolve floor_N2Rp.

Lemma floor_le_plus : ∀ x y, (floor x + floor y ≤ floor (x+y))%nat.

Add Morphism floor with signature Ole ==> le as floor_le_compat.
Qed.

Hint Immediate floor_le_compat.

Add Morphism floor with signature Oeq ==> eq as floor_eq_compat.
Save.

Lemma floor_gt_S : ∀ x, x < S (floor x).
Hint Resolve floor_gt_S.

Lemma floor_gt : ∀ x, x < 1 + (floor x).
Hint Resolve floor_gt.

A weaker version useful for auto Lemma floor_ge : ∀ x, x ≤ 1 + (floor x).
Hint Resolve floor_ge.

Lemma floor_lt_simpl : ∀ x y, x + 1 ≤ y → x < floor y.
Hint Resolve floor_lt_simpl.

Lemma floor_le_simpl : ∀ x y, x + 1 ≤ y → x ≤ floor y.
Hint Resolve floor_le_simpl.
```