mixed reality & (tactile and) tangible interaction

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#### about me

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#### Research

- (very) large, (very) small and multiple displays
- (touch and) tangible interaction
- collaboration using the above
- information visualization in the above environments

#### www.lri.fr/~anab

class link from my webpage <u>www.lri.fr/~anab/teaching/M2R-TUI/</u> before email subject add [TUI], allow 24-48h

#### class housekeeping

- Polls Dig.Fabrication + Gest.Mobile Interaction
- Evaluation
  - group assignment combining both AR+TUI
    - 1 exam (presentation of your project)
    - presentation (ideally) during a public exhibition
  - class participation 1 paper summary + presentation (in pairs)
    - select a research article of your choice in the field of AR, TÙI, Touch, Fabrication for TUI or UbiComp (from provided list)
    - Email summary/critique on Sunday before presentation (1 page)
    - Short presentation and critique (10min + questions)
    - Volunteers for next week

### TUI & AR distinction?

tangible interaction

- input
- real objects a *medium* to interact with digital



[Bishop, 1992]

augmented reality

- output
- real-life *view* augmented with digital channels



### TUI & AR distinction?







"A tangible user interface TUI is a user interface where users interact with digital information through the physical environment. [...] The purpose of TUI developpement is to empower collaboration, learning and design by giving forms to digital information, thus taking advantage of human abilities to grasp and manipulate physical objects and material."

WIKIPEDIA (01/2015) & I. ISHI, TANGIBLE BITS: BEYOND PIXELS. IN PROC. OF TEI '08, 2008.





... the user moves the message

Figure 6.iii



The answering machine physically instantiated incoming voice messages with marbles, which can then be selected and played back in any order. To listen to a message the user picks up a marble and adds it to a special play indentation on the machine. To call back to the person that left the message, the user picks up the marble and places it in a call back indentation on an augmented telephone. Then, the message can be deleted or the user can also choose to store messages, outside of the machine in a receptacle. In this way the user can categorize or organize messages for various people.

## GUI vs. TUI [Ishii 2006]



Xerox Star

#### **Tangible User Interface**

- Tangible representation as interactive control to manipulate the information and computation
- Continuity between physical and digital representation in design





Sensetable

#### **Graphical User Interface**

- Intangible representation (pixels on a screen)
- Generic input devices as "remote-controllers"

## GUI vs. TUI [Ishii 2006]



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#### Sensetable

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## GUI vs. TUI [Ishii 2006]

#### characteristics

space-multiplexed input / output dedicated devices spatial awareness reconfigurability

#### advantages

direct physical manipulation two handed interaction + prehensile behavior parallel input + collaboration context sensitive input spatial reasoning one-to-one mapping between control and controllers

physical objects & physical space

#### physical objects & physical space touch screens





# physical objects & physical space tangible bits



Audiopad (James Patton)



Sensetable (James Patton)



#### physical objects & physical space digital paper and augment paper



#### physical objects & physical space on body



Sean Gustafson et al.

physical objects & physical space mobile and things (internet of things) everything (Ubicomp)



UFO (concept) [© Yankodesign, 12]

The MediaCup [Gellersen et al., 99] ABezerianos 0-Tangibles-Intro&TouchTec.key - 24 November 2019

NC 99

physical objects & physical space subtle and around us ambient



Ambient Orb

# physical objects & physical space fabrication



Yvonne Jansen et al.

### tangible interaction class goal overview of the field (we will try 🤤 ...) touch, tangibles, fab, ambient displays, UbiComp technology + interaction design challenges





# mixed reality & (tactile and) tangible interaction



#### touch interfaces

technology and frameworks touch & multi-touch design tables, walls, mobiles



#### touch interfaces

technology and frameworks touch & multi-touch design tables, walls, mobiles



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### early times

#### 1965 - Touch Screen Technology

[E.A. Johnson, Royal Radar Establishment, UK] : capacitive

#### **1972 - PLATO IV Touch Screen Terminal**

[CERL, University of Illinois, USA] : IR beams

#### **1982 - Flexible Machine Interface**

[N. Mehta, University of Toronto] : 1st multi-touch system (optical)

#### 1984 - Multi-Touch Screen

[B. Boie, Bell Labs, USA] : 1st multi-touch screen (capacitive, excellent response time)

#### 1985 - Multi-Touch Tablet

[Input Research Group, University of Toronto] 1st multi-touch tablet (capacitive, arbitrary number of simultaneous touches with location and degree of touch for each)

... and other early prototypes...









### the revolution (1)

Known and Loved' and adapted slides from Stephane Huot

1991 - Digital Desk [P.Wellner, Xerox EuroPARC, UK]
1st AR system with hands, fingers and objects sensing, and advanced direct manipulation techniques (e.g. pinch)

1992 - Simon [IBM & Bell South]

1st 'Smartphone', with a touch screen (single-touch)

1995 - Graspable/Tangibles Interactions [University of Toronto] concept and implementation of sensing physical objects [Fitzmaurice, G.W., Ishii, H. & Buxton,W. (1995)]

1998 - FingerWorks [Elias & Westerman, FingerWorks, USA] commercial multi-touch tablets and pads, with a library of gestures (acquired by Apple in 2005)







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### the revolution (2)

Known and Loved' and adapted slides from Stephane Huot

- 2001 **Diamond Touch** [Mitsubishi Research Labs, Cambridge, USA] multi-touch table with user identification and library of touch interactions
- 2002 SmartSkin & Augmented Surfaces [J. Rekimoto, Sony CSL, Japan] collaborative AR surfaces that can sense hand and finger gestures
- 2003 Lemur & MT displays [JazzMutant/Stantum, Bordeaux, France] 1st commercially available multi-touch transparent display







### touch everywhere (1)

2004 - **TouchLight** [A.Wilson, Microsoft Research] rear-projection and digital image processing for multi-touch input

2005 - FTIR [J. Hann, ...] introduce FTIR technology for touch sensing, found Perceptive Pixel (acquired by Microsoft)

2005 to now - Research on multi-touch interaction [Wilson, Moscovitch, Benko, ...] design, evaluation, etc. to address usability, performance, precision, ...

2007 - **iPhone** [Apple, USA] 1st mainstream well-designed multi-touch device, with a whole 'ecosystem'...

2007 - **MS Surface I** [Microsoft, USA] 1st MT table to transition from research to commercial application









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### touch everywhere (2)

2010 - **iPad** [Apple, USA] 1st mainstream MT tablet, success story similar to iPhone...

#### ~2010 - 3M and many commercial MT displays

commercial touch displays and overlays were already mainstream (e.g. Elo) but 3M introduced the 1st high-end, robust and affordable MT displays

#### ~2010 - PQLabs

1st commercial high-end IR based multi-touch overlays (small to large sizes)

... to be continued...







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