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TP 2 - Datatypes and Induction in Isabelle/HOL Semaine du 25 septembre 2018

Exercice 1 (Simple Logical Backward - Proofs)

State the following properties as lemma and prove them :

- 1. $A \wedge B \wedge C \rightarrow B \wedge A$
- 2. $((A \to B) \to A) \to A$ (Pierce Law)
- 3. $(\forall x.A \rightarrow B(x)) = (A \rightarrow (\forall x.B(x)))$

Objective : try to solve these proofs with elementary Isabelle proof methods, i.e. rule, rule_tac, erule, erule_tac before applying more advanced automated procedures like simp and auto. Hint : search for basic logical rules from the HOL theory involving the logical connec-

tives/quantifiers.

Exercice 2 (Simple Induction Proofs)

- Define an own inductive datatype for lists (called 'a seq) with the variants Empty and Seq
- 2. Define a function revert and prove the property : revert(revert s) = s by induction.
- 3. Define a function conc (concatenate) and prove the properties : conc xs Empty = xs and conc (conc xs ys) zs = conc xs (conc ys zs) (associativity) by induction.
- 4. Define an own inductive datatype for trees 'a tree (with labelled Nodes and anonymous Leaf's).
- 5. Define an own inductive datatype for trees 'a tree (with labelled Nodes and anonymous Leaf's).
- 6. Define reflect 'a tree ⇒' a tree, replace nat list ⇒' a tree ⇒' a tree ⇒' a tree suitably (the index list should be a Dewey-position in the term to be replaced) and prove the lemmas : reflect(reflect t) = t and replace s t (replace s t t') = (replace s t t').
- 7. Define an abstract syntax tree for the IMP language involving SKIP, the assignment, the IF-THEN-ELSE and the WHILE loop.

Hints :

- 1. use the specification constructs datatype (for inductive datatype definitions) and fun for recursive function definitions.
- 2. apply it as suitably instantiated (substitution!) rule via the variant rule_tac
- 3. apply variant with the proof method : induct.

Exercice 3 (Modeling Exercise)

1. Define an abstract syntax tree for the IMP language involving SKIP, the assignment, the IF-THEN-ELSE and the WHILE loop.

Hints :

1. you may use the following type synonyms for the task :

```
type_synonym vname = string
type_synonym val = int
type_synonym state = "vname => val"
type_synonym aexp = "state => val"
type_synonym bexp = "state => bool"
```

2. You may define a concrete syntax via syntax-paraphrasings like ("IF _ THEN _ ELSE _" [65, 60, 61] 60) (compare with the 'a list definition from the HOL library.